Pabst, Johannes Gunther

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Pabst, Johannes Gunther.

Autograph Album, 1776-1781.

1 volume.

Student (?) at the University of

Jena, Germany.

Illustrated autograph or memory book of Pabst in which his friends (presumably students) at the University of Jena signed their names along with their favorite quotes or maxims. The quotes also have a corresponding inscription date. The volume also contains a last name index. Of particular interest is the autograph of Professor Johann Gottried Eichhorn (p. 47), a biblical scholar and orientalist at the Univer sity.

Unprocessed collection.
Cataloged fro m accession record.

10 MAY 95 32452474 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Pabst, Johannes Gunther.

Autograph Album, ... (Card 2)

* lbp

Written in Latin, Greek, and German.

1. Bichhorn, Johann Gottfried, 1752-1827. 2. University of Jena (Germany) —Students. 3. Genre: Autograph album. 4. Maxims. 5. Quotations.

10 MAY 95 32452474 NDHYme

Paca, William, 1740-1799.

Letters, 1782-1783.

4 items.

Governor of Maryland.

Collection consists of four letters addressed to Paca. Most are requests from various persons, e.g., a British prisoner asking for his freedom and permission to settle in Annapolis with his family, a Maryland Representative writing on behalf of a woman seeking restitution for personal losses to the British, and a Baltimore man seeking an official pass to visit New York City on business. Another letter inventories the losses in the 1783 fire at the Annapolis arm ory.

Unprocessed collection.

Cataloged fro m accession record.

10 MAY 95 32452492 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Paca, William, 1740-1799. Letters, ...

(Card 2)

1. Maryland--Politics and government -- 1775-1865. 2. Maryland--History-- Revolution, 1775-1783.



Stamps for special Tobacco Tax. 1873-1877
Raleigh, North Carolina

Section A June 14, 1939 7 pieces

Pace, William A.

Papers, 1862-1863

Lynchburg, Va.

Cab. 80

ll items

1946

GUIDE

Pace, William A. Papers, 1862-1863. Lynchburg, Va. 11 items. Sketch.

Letters from a Confederate soldier to his wife written from the hospital where he was recuperating. On Feb. 5, 1863 he suddenly became sicker and died. Included are three letters from officers at the hospital to his wife concerning Pace's death and the shipment of his effects.

F- 3242 Recon

Day Book, 1848-49

[Fayette County, Va.]

282 pp.

Calf

37 x 15 cm.

Merchant's day book.

AUG 22 '46

GUIDE

Page, Curtis Hidden

Papers, 1895-1929

Gilmanton, Belknap Co., N. H.

Section A

2-23-62.

5 items

1 item added, 6-21-67

1 item added, 2-1-73

Page, Curtis Hidden. Papers, 1895-1927. Gilmanton, Belknap Co., N. H.

Curtis Hidden Page (1870-1946) was a professor of French and English literature at several institutions, including Harvard University and Dartmouth College. The five letters in this collection are generally personal in nature, although one of Sept. 20, 1926, contains information about a forthcoming book by Eunice (Hammond) Tietjens Head who wrote to ask if she could quote extensively

Page, Curtis Hidden

from Page's book on Japanese poetry.

1 item added, 6-21-67: A letter of April 7, 1914, from Wilbur Lucius Cross to Page. Cross, then editor of the Yale Review, asked if he would like to submit a paper to be considered for publication in the Review.

1 item added, 2-1-73: A letter to Page from Robert Underwood Johnson who asked him to read his poem on Longfellow at a forthcoming program to be given by the Hall of Fame at New York

University (April 12, 1929).

Page, Elizabeth

Letters. 1803-1846

Shelley, Gloucester Co, Va.

Section A

34 pieces.

JAN 1 1 1941

PAGE, Elizabeth Letters 1803-1846 Shelley, Gloucester County, Virginia 34 pieces

This collection is made up of letters to Elizabeth Page (1770-?) of Shelley, Gloucester

County, Virginia from her family.

Elizabeth Page was the eldest daughter of Thomas Nelson(1738-1789) who had been a signer of the Declaration of Independence, a major-general in the Rveolutionary war, and governor of Virginia, in 1781. She married, in 1788, Mann Page, who was the eldest son of

Page, Elizabeth Letters --2-the revolutionary patriot John Page (1743-1808)
who also served as governor of Virginia, for
three terms beginning in 1802.

Elizabeth Page had a great many family relations which included brothers and sisters and, twenty years after her marriage, fifteen

children. The children were:

1. John, born 1789; 2. Lucy Mann (Nelson), born 1790; 3. Frances Burwell (Perin), born 1791; 4. Thomas Nelson, born 1792; 5. Mann, born 1794; 6. Eliza Nelson(Pollard), born 1795; 7. William Nelson, born 1797; 8. Mary Jane X (McGill), born 1798; 9. Warner Lewis, born

in 1800; 10. Sally Burwell, born 1802; 11. Ahn "Nancy" (Nelson), born 1803; 12. Phillip L.G., born 1805; 13. Robert Nelson, born 1806; 14. Thomas Jefferson, born 1808; 15. Comelia (Griffith born 1809. CORNELIA

The most prominent of her children was Thom as Jefferson Page who served as a United States naval explorer and later as a Confederate naval commander. There are six letters in this collection from him to his mother. Two of them (Nov.

7 and Dec 5, 1828) describe what was probably his first voyage as a midshipman on the Erie in the West Indies. One letter (Aug. 13,1837)

was written when he was engaged as a coastal surveyor on Long Island. And three letters (Jan. 8, 1838 and April 11 and Oct. 2, 1839) are from Washington, D. C. where he was still engaged in this work. Two of them contain within them, letters from his wife, Benjaminia. There is also a hymn, signed by Thomas J. Page. (For more on the Page family see his autobiographical manuscripts.)

The rest of the collection is concerned with widespread family matters. The Page family was deeply religious and bound together by strong

family ties.

Page, Elizabeth Letters ---5-These two points stand out in the letters.
The importance of this collection lies mostly in the light that it sheds on the prominent Virginia families of Page and Nelson.

JAN 1 1 1941

Page, James Jellis

Papers, 1843-1972

Cumberland County, Virginia

9-C

27 items & 1 vol.

10-20-73

Page, James Jellis

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Page, James Jellis. Papers. Cumberland County, Virginia

James Jellis Page, a member of the famous Page family of Virginia, was born at "Ça Ira", Cumberland County, Virginia, in 1822, and educated at the Theological Seminary, Fairfax County, Virginia, after which he entered the Episcopal ministry. His career was marked by much wandering, and there are some gaps in the record. His first church was in Brownsville, Pennsylvania. In 1860 he resigned from a

church in Pennsylvania because his sympathies for the Southern cause brought him into conflicts with the congregation. He had a church in Portsmouth, Ohio, in 1876, but soon after in 1877 or 1878, he accepted one in Tyler, Texas. Somewhat later he moved to a position at a church in Wickliffe Parish, Clarke County, Virginia, where he remained for several years. His last church was the Holy Trinity Church in Collington, Maryland. He died in Washington, D. C., in 1898.

The Page collection contains 15 letters, 10 clippings, one volume, and two miscellaneous items. There are eleven letters written between the years 1852 and 1925, most of them dealing with purely family matters. Three of them are of some interest. One is a copy of a letter of March 21, 1852, which was written by Eleanor (Nellie) Parke Lewis, the adopted daughter of George Washington, and it contains some observations and incidents concerning Washington and his family. There are also two

Page, James Jellis

letters (March 16 and 17, 1879) to Page from his cousin the Reverend Richard Channing Moore Page. The collection in addition has four letters written during 1972-73 by Page's granddaughter, Virginia N. Page, to the Manuscript Department. The letter of July 7, 1973, has attached to it a typescript of the above-mentioned letter of March 21, 1852, concerning the Washingtons. There is also a six-page typescript of recollections, mostly of a personal and family nature, by Page's daughter, entitled "Record of Mary

Wallace Page," and a statement from 1849 ordaining Page as a deacon in the Episcopal Church. The volume is R. C. M. Page's Genealogy of the Page Family of Virginia (1893), and it contains a note on page one signed by Thomas Nelson Page. The ten clippings concern family history, with emphasis on John Page, founder of the family, and including an account of Rosewell, the Page family home in Virginia.

Page, John

Letters and Papers. 1777-1806.

Rosewell, Gloucester County, Virginia

Section A		23	pieces	
	3-4-52	3	11	added
JAN 2.2 1937	8-30-57	1		

PAGE, John. Letters and Papers. 1777-1806. Rosewell, Gloucester Co. Va. Sketch. 27 pieces

John Page(1743 o.s.-1808), the son of Mann and Alice (Grymes) Page, was born at Rosewell, educated by tutors and at William and Mary, and spent much of his life in public service. He served in the colonial House of Burgesses, gave both financial and military aid to the Revolution, again sat in the Virginia Assembly, and in 1789 went to Congress where he served until 1797.

Page was a lifelong friend of Thomas Jefferson, as well as being closely associated with many other prominent Virginians of the time. He had many social and intellectual interests, particularly astronomy. The Pages were large landowners and John Page led the life of a gentleman farmer and large slaveholder, although his large family of twenty children and expensive estate drained his resources.

These letters range over a wide variety of

matters. Some deal with troop movements during the Revolution, and supplies for the Frence forces; others relate to legislation, while still others refer to personal matters, particularly Page's finances. Thirteen of the letters are en tirely personal, being addressed by Page to his young sons, while he was in New York to attend Washington's inauguration in 1789, and the First Congress. There is some description of New York at that time. As a whole, the letters are more valuable for their association with the Page family than for intrinsic worth and content.

On May 29, 1797, John Page outlined the career of John James Beckley, Clerk of the U. S. House of Representatives, 1789-1797; 1801-1807, and former clerk of the Virginia House of Delegates.

3 items added 3-4-52. These are letters from St. George Tucker to John Page. He criticizes the ability of an unnamed playwright and reveals to some degree his views on religion and morality.

l item added 8-30-57. This is a militia commission issued to Robert M. Campbell.

This item was ori- ginally a part of the Don Preston Peters Collection.

MSS. Sec. A

Page, P.A.

Letters, 1862-1863.

2 items.

Sergeant major in the 47th N.C. regiment from Raleigh, N.C. apparently well-educated. His wife was Emily Page and his mother was Mrs. P.A. Page, also from Raleigh, N.C.

Collection consists of two letters. Cataloged from manual record.

*lcs

1. Soldiers--Confederate States of America--Correspondence. 2. United States--History--Civil War, 1861-1865.
3. Confederate States of America. Army. North Carolina Infantry Regiment, 47th.
4. Raleigh (N.C.)--History--Civil War, 1861-186

Page, Richard Channing Moore

Papers, 1889

New York, N. Y.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Page, Richard Channing Moore. Papers, 1889. New York, N. Y. litem. Sketch.

Dr. Page, (1841-) physician, historian, and chief of artillery on Gen. J. C. Breckinrid-ge's staff, C. S. A. Army, was a professor of medicine at New York Polyclinic, when he wrote this note referring to Breckenridge autographs.

Page, Richard Lucian

Papers, 1857-1860

Norfolk, Va.

2-E

1 volume

12-29-77

Page, Richard Lucian. Papers. Norfolk, Va.

Richard Lucian Page (1807-1901), a cousin of Robert E. Lee, joined the U. S. Navy as a midshipman in 1824. He rose to the rank of commander, and served at various posts at sea and as an ordnance officer. He resigned his commission in 1861, and served the C.S.A. at the rank of commander in the C.S.A. Navy (1861-1864) and as a brigadier general in the Provisional Army (1864-1865). After the war he was active in business and civic work in Norfolk, Va. The volume is the log of the U.S.S.

Page, Richard Lucian

Germantown, a sloop-of-war assigned to the East Indies Squadron under the command of Page from 1857-1860. Leaving Norfolk in 1857, the ship arrived in Chinese waters in 1858 after stops at Madeira Island; Cape Town, South Africa; Ceylon; Bombay, India; and Malaya. While in the Far East the ship visited Hong Kong, Whampoa, Macao, Woosung, and Shanghai, China; Manila, Philippines; and Shimoda and Nagasaki, Japan. The ship returned to Norfolk from Hong Kong in 1859-1860 by way of Cape Town and St. Helena Island. The log records weather and navigational information,

Papers, 1892(1916-1920)1930
Montgomery Co.,
Biscoe, N. C. & Washington, D. C.

Cab. VII-A GUIDE11-11-52

(See also bound vol. cards)

5-27-77

3541 items and 1 vol. 778 items discarded Page, Robert Newton. Papers, 1892(1916-1920) 1930, Biscoe, N. C. & Washington, D. C. 3541 items and 1 vol. Sketch

Robert Newton Page (1859-1933) was born at Cary, N. C. on Oct. 26, 1859, son of Allison Francis and Kate (Raboteau) Page. He was educated at Cary High School and the Bingham (N. C.) School. On June 20, 1888 he married Flora Shaw. From 1880 to 1900 he was a lumberman, from 1890-1902 treasurer of the Aberdeen and Asheboro R. R. co., and he was also president of the Citizens Bank and Trust

Co. of Southern Pines, N. C., president of the Page Trust Co., and a Democratic member of Congress from the 7th N. C. Dist. from 1903 to 1917. He refused to seek re-election to his congressional seat because of his disagreement with Wilson's "war policy." In 1920 he ran unsuccessfully for the governorship of N. C. After that he became president of the Page Trust Co. He died in Oct. 1933.

The papers in this collection deal largely with Page's resignation from Congress and his gubernatorial race in 1920. Most of the

letters were written before his defeat in the first primary in 1920 by O. Max Gardner and Cameron Morrison. The clippings deal exclusively with that race. The printed material contains not only papers of a political nature but also literature of the first World War period urging the purchase of War Savings Stamps. The letterbook (1916) is comprised solely of telegrams and letters which both oppose and applaud Page's refusal to seek re-election to Congress because Wilson had asked Congress to make the decision as to

whether or not American citizens should be warned to stay off vessels of belligerent countries, which decision he thought Wilson should make himself.

In 1916 Page wrote to his constituents explaining his stand and stating that the large loan to England by American capitalists and the profits of munition makers had destroyed even the semblance of neutrality in the U.S. The letters from his constituents begin in 1904. In 1916 some of them wrote Page to oppose preparedness.

On July 22, 1914 Page's brother, Walter Hines, then ambassador to England, wrote from a country house out from London which they had rented for three months. He spoke of the beauty of the English countryside, the strenuous, both officially and socially, but interesting life of an ambassador to England, his approval of what that session of Congress had done, and his close relations with the British Foreign Office(said he had induced the British government to keep quiet about Mexico).

There is an invitation to a prohibition banquet in Dec. 1916; a report of 1916 on what had been accomplished among the natives of Alaska with the appropriations granted to the Bureau of Education by Congress; report of the N. C. Council of Defense to Gov. Thos. W. Bickett in May 1918 on its first year of war work; letter of praise from Wm. G. McAdoo in Nov. 1918 to R. N. Page for his accomplishments as chairman of the Fourth Liberty Loan Committee; letters in 1918 and 1919 from people pledging their support to Page as a

candidate for the governorship of N. C., letter of Robt. L. Doughton in Dec. 1918 commenting on conditions in the 66th Congress; letters of condolence to Page after the death of his brother Walter Hines; letter of Dec. 28, 1918 from H. E. C. Bryant in which the author freely expresses his opinion as to Cameron Morrison and the role he thinks Sen. F. M. Simmons and a number of other N. C. politicoes might play in the next gubernatorial election; letters attacking the political machine of Simmons, who supported

Morrison in the 1920 campaign, and accusing Sen. Lee S. Overman of taking orders from Simmons; letter of Jan. 21, 1919 from Rep. Doughton which mentions the eulogy delivered in the House be Rep. Clarence Benj. Miller on Walter Hines Page; copy of an address delivered by Page on Mar. 11, 1920 to the students at the Univ. of N. C.; campaign literature sent out by Charles Ross, State Mgr. of the Page Campaign; copy of Gardner for Governor Bulletin (Apr. 1920); and other letters attacking the Simmons machine.

The correspondents, other than those already mentioned in the sketch, include:

Banks, Howard A. Galliger, Jacob Harold Barnes, Albert S. Gardner, Oliver Max Barnhart, Henry A. Godwin, Hannibal (Betts, Albert Haines, Henry Cargill Branson, E. C. Jones, E. Lester ?Carver, Bruce aKitchin, Claude Clark, Champ Knight, Lucian Lamar Davis, Herbert L. Martin, William Jr. Doughton, Robert Lee McLean, Angus Wilton

Page, Robert Newton Miller, Clarence Benjamin & Stedman, Charles A Poverman, Lee Slater Parker, T. B. Vance, Florence S. Page, Robert Newton Van Noppen, Peale, William Walter Charles Leonard Pou, Edward Van Shaick, John, Jr. Rauch, George Washington Weaver, Zebulon Robinson, Leonidas Webb, Edward Yates Roper, Daniel Calhoun Wilson, Woodrow Ross, Charles Simmons, Furnifold McLendel Small, John Humphrey

778 items discarded,5-27-77: Duplicates of campaign literature from Page's 1920 gubernatorial campaign and of envelopes addressed to names on his mailing lists for that campaign. For samples see Political Material category of collection.

Page, Robert Newton

Letter Book, 1916

Washington, D. C.

151 pp.

Boards

34 x 27 1-4 cm.

9-28-54

GUIDE

PAGE, Thomas Jefferson

Done

Autobiographical manuscript. ca. 1875. Shelley, Glaucester County, Va.

Section A

17 items

MAY 3 0 1941

Thomas Jefferson Page (1808-1900) the son of two very prominent Virginia families, was the commander of a United States naval expedition to South America from 1853 to 1860; then a commander in the Confederate navy; and later a plantation owner in Argentina.

This autobiographical manuscript is divided into three parts. The first part gives an account of his family; of his early naval experiences, and of his expedition to South America. Part two tells of his experiences as commander of the Confederate cruiser "Stonewall" an

PAGE, Thomas Jefferson (autobiographical) ironclad built in France. Page brought the ship across the Atlantic but arrived in Havana, Cuba, after the war had ended. Interesting material on the Confederate havy is contained in this second part of the work. The third part describes his life as a rancher in Argentina after the war where he also served as an advisor for the Argentine navy.

The manuscript covers the first sixty years, and the most active portion of his life. He did

however, live to be ninety_two years old.

The Manuscript is written in Page's own hand and is accompanied by fourteen pictures, com-

(sketch. 2)

PAGE, Thomas Jefferson Sketch. 3
plementing the manuscript, that evidence a desire for publication. The work was perhaps published in part as "The Confederate Cruiser Stone wall" by the Southern Historical Society in 1879. And it is perhaps the manuscript of the autobiographical sketch that appeared in the Proceedings of the U.S. Naval Institute October, 1923.

The last twenty years of Page's life were spent in Italy. He died at Rome in 1900, leaving a wife and five children. (See D.A.B.)

For more manuscript material on Thomas Jefferson Page see the Elizabeth Page manuscript collections. Page, Thomas Nelson

Papers, 1739-1926 Richmond, Va., and Washington, D.C.

20-B

8-1-36 (See also bound vol. cards) (See Inventory File S forbox List)

9231 items & 2 vols. 2 items added, 10-2-41 10 items added, 8-20-48 1 item added, 11-30-49 30 items added, 7-26-50 1 item added, 5-5-52 1 item added, 1-18-58

Page, Thomas Nelson

Papers, 1739-1926

Richmond, Va. and Washington, D.C.

20-B Box list in Inventory File 1 item added, 7-8-68
1 item added, 1-15-71
7 items added, 12-13-77
1 item added, 7-6-84

Page, Thomas Nelson, Papers. Washington, D.C.

Thomas Nelson Page (Apr. 23, 1853-Nov. 1, 1922) was born at Oakland, the Page plantation in Hanover Co., Va., about forty miles from Richmond. He grew up there, with strong boyhood memories of the Civil War and Reconstruction periods, which were later utilized in his literary work. After education in local schools He attended Washington College (1869-1872), where he had some contact with Robert E. Lee. After teaching for a short time in Kentucky he studied (cont.)

Page, Thomas Nelson. Sketch (2)
law at the University of Virginia where he graduated in 1874.

Thereafter he settled in Richmond, Va., where during the next ten years, he was fairly success ful in establishing himself in the law, and participated prominently in the social life of the city. On July 28, 1886, he was married to Anne Seddon Bruce, daughter of Major John Bruce and Sarah Alexander Seddon, of Staunton Hill. Page and his bride spent the summer in Europe, and then settled down in Richmond, where Page, while retaining his legal practice, was turning more attention to literature. On Dec. 22, 1888, Anne Seddon (Bruce) Page died very

PAGE, Thomas Nelson. Sketch (3) suddenly. Though very youthful, she was apparently a woman of culture and charm, and had during her brief married life made a firm place for herself in Richmond society. The tragedy of her death naturally plunged Page into the deepest grief, which was further enhanced by his sensitive nature. Unfortunately, he made no attempt to recover from this blow; on the contrary he seemed to do all in his power to keep his grief fresh, a situation which continued for about two years. In the summer of 1889 Page and his younger brother, Rosewell, went abroad. On their return in Oct., Page lived in his Richmond

Page. Thomas Nelson. Sketch (4) residence with Ellen Bruce (his wife's sister) and her husband, James Bowen Baylor.

In 1880 Page had written his first ambitious short story, "Marse Chan, " which in 1884 was published in the Century Magazine, and immediately catapaulted him into prominence. By 1887 he had published "Unc' Edinburg's Drowndin' and "No Haid Pawn." These were sufficient to make a demand for his appearance on lyceum programs, where it was the fashion for authors to give readings from their own works. Between 1889 and 1893 Page engaged extensively in this activity which was quite reumunerative.

In the spring of 1893 Page was married to Florence (Lathrop) Field, widow of Henry Field. Florence Lathrop was of a Virginia family, and had much social grace and charm. Henry Field was a brother of Marshall Field; consequently his widow was possessed of a comfortable though not a large fortune. This fact probably changed considerably the future course of Page's life. Florence (Lathrop) Field had two daughters, Minna and Florence, who, at the time of her marriage to Page, were about eight and ten years old.

After his second marriage Page gave up his law practice and mov and to Washington. There

Page, Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (6) Mrs. Page erected an imposing residence (1759 R St., N.W.) of thirty-two rooms, which ultimately cost approximately \$100,000. She also owned a large summer estate at York Harbor, Maine, where the family spent most of their summers thenceforward. In this background of affluence, comfort, and social position, Page devoted himself to literature and to civic interests. By this time he was well established as a writer, and his income from his writing was quite sizeable.

For short stories he received \$1,000 each, and

for sketches and articles, \$600. In 1903 his

royalties for his novel, Gordon Keith, amounted

Page. Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (7)
to nearly \$29,000. He was also much in demand
as a speaker, but for the most part restricted
this activity to occasional addresses.

He gave his support to various reform movements and schemes for social betterment, and for the most part responded generously to requests for contributions from many sources. His chief form of giving, however, was the education of young and poor relatives, and the maintenance of his old home, Oakland.

In 1895 he headed the alumni campaign to raise funds for rebuilding the recently burned Rotunda of the University of Virginia. In 1900 Page was elected pre- sident of the Univer-

Page. Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (8) sity of Virginia Alumni, and for some years thereafter was quite active in promoting the wel fare of that institution and particularly in raising the Thomas Jefferson Memorial endowment. In this connection Mrs. Page contributed liberally, and also established the Barbour-Page Foundation which provided for the giving of three lectures each year at the University by prominent men.

As befitted their position, the Pages travelled from time to time as circumstances and inclination permitted. In 1894 they spend the summer in Europe; in 1900-1901 they spent the

Page, Thomas Nelson Sketch. (9)
winter in Egypt; in 1904 they went to California
and in 1905-1906 they went to Europe for the
winter.

Mrs. Page's daughters were educated at various schools in this country and Europe. The elder, Minna, was married (presumably without her parents' consent) on January 27,1900, to Preston Gibson, son of Senator Randall Lee Gibson. They had one son, Henry Field Gibson, born ca. 1903. Their marriage was later terminated, and on July 18, 1908, Minna was married to Algernon Edwyn Burnaby, an Englishman of wealth and position, and thereafter resided at Baggrave Hall, Leicester- shire.

Page. Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (10)

The younger daughter, Florence Field, made her debut in 1902, and in 1906 or prior thereto, was married to Thomas P. Lindsay, teacher and farmer, and lived at Southborough, Mass. They had three children, two, Minna and Florence, born prior to 1913, and one, John, born in December, 1916.

Page retained throughout his life his love for the old home, Oakland, which burned in Apr., 1899, and was immediately rebuilt by him. On Oct. 29, 1901, Page's father, Major John Page, died. His mother, Elizabeth Burwell (Nelson) Page, lived until Oct. 1, 1912. Page had two brothers, Frank and Rosewell. Frank Page,

Page, Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (Sept. 30, 1850-Apr. 19, 1918) figures slightly in the correspondence, so that not much can be learned of him. He was an Episcopalian minister and was stationed successively in Wacon Texas; Brooklyn, N.Y.; and Fairfax, Va. His first wife was named Tillie, and they had several children, including Tillie, Betsey, and John. Betsey married Norman Gaynor in 1914. Frank Page was married a second time on July 16,1913, to Willie Schooler, who survived him when he died of pneumonia in 1918.

Rosewell Page figures much more largely in the correspondence. He was educated in the law,

LETTIE

Page, Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (12) and practised with moderate success for many years in Richmond, commuting, much of the time, by local train, the forty miles between Oakland and Richmond. He was later a member of the House of Delegates, and Second Auditor of the State of Virginia, as well as an author in a small way. Rosewell Page was married, ca. 1898, to Ruth Nelson. They had three children: Anne (b.1899); Rosewell (b.Aug.9,1902), and Robert Nelson (b. Sept., 1905). Rosewell and his family lived at Oakland first to keep in operation the home of their parents. Thomas Nelson Page aided materially in financing the place, and over a long period of years Page sent his mother

Page, Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (13)

two hundred dollars a month. In later years he was equally generous with his brother, Rosewell.

Thomas Nelson Page had numerous farming interests near Oakland, where his lands were let out to tenants. Over a long period he sank two hundred dollars a month in these farms, but never made expenses, and kept them only as a matter of sentiment.

Page was, naturally, a staunch Democrat, and was always interested in politics, though he never participated much. He was, however, active in Woodrow Wilson's campaign in 1912, and in 1913 was chairman of the Reception Committee for Wilson's inauguration. There was much rumor

Page, Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (14) that Page would be appointed Ambassador to Great Britain, a post which he undoubtedly desired, but would not personally seek. In the end he was made (June 6,1913) ambassador to Italy. He and Mrs. Page sailed early in Sept., and after various stops reached Italy in late October, 1913. The outbreak of the World War the following year gave Page's ambassadorship a greater significance than it would otherwise have attained, and the additional work involved probably undermined his health. He remained staunchly loyal to Wood row Wilson, and was very successful in creating good will and friendship among the Italiams, both individually and afficially. In the

Page. Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (15)
spring and summer of 1916 he and Mrs. Page returned home on leave, but were very busy with the campaign (to which Page contributed as befitted his rank), personal business, visits to relatives, and the death of Mrs. Page's brother, Bryan Lathrop. They were back in Italy by the end of July, 1916. Page remained at his post throughout the peace negotiations, striving in vain to get recognition of Italy's most pressing demands.

On July 5,1919, the Pages sailed for home, and he resigned his post. They spent the summer and autumn at York Harbor and the winter in Santa Barbara, Calif., where Page returned to his literary labors, and wrote his volume on Italy

Page. Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (16) and the World War. He was also occupied with giving various addresses, and worked at both writing and speaking with a view to augmenting his income which had fallen off decidedly with the lapse of his literary work over a six year period. The winter of 1920-1921 the Pages spent on the French Riviera in consequence of Minna Burnaby's severe illness which had called them to England in Nov., 1920. In May, 1921, they returned to American, and on June 6, Mrs. Page died after a brief illness. During the following winter Page, with Florence (Field) Lindsay and her family, lived in the Washington residence, which since 1913 had been occupied by the

Page. Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (17)
Italian ambassador to the U.S. In 1922 Page
planned to live at Oakland, but on Nov.1,1922,
he died there suddenly.

Page's life typified what was considered to be the best in American civilization of the period preceding the World War. Throughout his life he kept close to his fundamental beliefs and principles in conduct, culture, and religion His home was a social and literary center, and his wife filled perfectly the place then held the ideal for American women.

The collection covers most aspects of Page's life in quite a detailed manner. While there is the inevitable por tion of trivial

Page. Thomas Nelson. Sketch. (18)
matter, yet there are many letters from persons
of prominence. Such things stand out as Page's
friendship for John Fox, Edwin A. Alderman, and
Charles Scribner. (Page's works were published
chiefly by Charles Scribner's Sons).

Among the papers there are various addresses and articles of Page, but none of his major literary works. This aspect of the collection is disappointing. Page's diplomatic dispatches

(These dispatches were opened upon receipt of a letter of Feb. 23, 1949 from G. Bernard Noble, Chief, Division of Historical Policy of Research Dept. of State.)

Memorandum relative to the work of the American Forestry Association for 1911, dated Jan. 27, 1911; a prospectus of the Intermational Association of Newspapers and Authors, undated.

- To Richard Watson Gilder ed. of Gentury Magazine (1881-1909) 1886, July 26; 1887, Mar. 2, Apr. 7, Dec. 3; 1888, Nov. 19; 1889, Apr. 30; 1897, Dec. 23.
- To Robert Underwood Johnson, ed. of Century Magazine (1909-1913): 1907, Mar4.

graph book.

30 items added 7-26-50. (1887-1921) 30 ALSsof Page to Robert Underwood Johnson ed. of Century Magazine discussing Page's work as lobbyist for the American Copyroght League, articles for the Century Magazine, and comments on the literary scene. A letter of Dec. 29, 1909 regards the

Rev. James Cannon, Jr.

Page, Thomas Nelson Sketch 21

l item added 5-5-52. ALS of Page to Alice Marland (Wellington) Rollins congratulating her on her story UNCLE TOM'S TENEMENT. 1888 Oct. 8

Minna Field Burnaby died in Miami, Fla. on or around May 20, 1952. See the obituary

notice in the Washington Star.

Material covering the period Apr.-Nov., 1922 in the general section of Page's papers had not been cataloged until 4-26-55. That material is described as follows: Twenty-seven letters from Page to various persons, chiefly his brother and sister-in-law, Rosewell and

Ruth Page; telegrams and letters to the Page family expressing sympathy on Page's death.

Diplomatic Division (now open for research)
This file contains the record of Page's official activities as American Ambassador to Italy, 1914-1919. The bulk of the papers are carbon copies of Page's reports to Woodrow Wilson, Edward Mandell House, William Jennings Bryan, and Robert Lansing. Other important items are the frequent intelligence reports of Gino Speranza, the Embassy's (see next card)

political analyst, the letters of James Rennett Rodd, the British Ambassador in Rome, and the communications of the Embassy's Charge d'Affairs and First Secretary to the Ambassador when the latter was absent from his post. The only significant material, which is not included in the file, are copies of the frequent cables exchanged by the Embassy and the State Department. In other respects the file appears to give a full account of Page's service.

These papers reflect the American government's increasing interest in world affairs during the Wilson administrations. When Page went to Rome, the Embassy staff was made up of less than six persons; by the time he resigned there were four times that many employed there. Scattered throughout the file are papers relating to the manifold problems of obtaining and managing this growing body of personnel. The amount of paper work grew with the Embassy staff. Nearly three quarter's of the material in this file relates to the years, 1917-19.

During 1914-15, the papers relate chiefly to developments in Italian politics but also

touch briefly upon such diverse subjects as America's intervention in Mexico and the establishment of laws of warfare. After Italy's entrance into the war there is less on politics and more on military campaigns in the Balkans and the Italian front. This subject is emphasized until the early part of 1917. With America's declaration of war Page turned his major attention to the support of the Italian war effort. He regretted the decision of the Allied military chiefs to regard the Italian front as being of secondary importance. His letters persistently urge greater economic

and military aid for Italy. These exertions proved to be largely futile. At the end of the war Page played an important role in the peace negotiations. Shortly after the Paris conference convened, he went to brief Wilson on the Italian situation. Later he sent voluminous reports to the American Peace Commission on the Fiume question. In addition to these matters there are many items through out the files relating to America's relations with the Vatican.

There are letters from the following

prominent persons in this file: Gordon Auchincloss, Newton Diehl Baker, Tasker Bliss, Stephen Bonsal, James Bryce, William Jennings Bryan, Jesse Benedict Carter, Lewis Crenshaw, Josephus Daniels, John William Davis, Allen Welsh Dulles, David Lloyd George, James Watson Gerard, Carter Glass, William Holland Wilmer, Edward Mandell House, David Franklin Houston, Peter Augustus Jay, Robert Underwood Johnson, Jefferson Randolph Kean, Fiorello H. LaGuardia, Robert Lansing, Guglielmo Marconi, Thomas S. Martin, Vitorio Emanuele Orlando, William Phillips, John Joseph Pershing, Walter Hines

Page, Hugh Richardson, Norval Richardson, James Rennett Rodd, William Graves Sharp, Sydney Sonnino, Henry White, Alexander Wilbourne Weddell, William Allen White, Thomas Woodrow Wilson, and Leonard Wood.

litem added 1-18-58: A letter of 1907 by

Page to Richard Underwood Johnson.

l item added, 7-18-68: A letter from Page to Elbridge Henry Goss, the author, concerning several publications (Jan. 10, 1896)

l item added, 10-10-69: A letter from Page

to a Miss Carson, September 21, 1909. He noted his reasons for declining to sit for a photograph.

l item added, 1-15-71: Xerox copy of a manuscript poem written in 1892 by Rosewell Page. He addressed the poem to two of his nieces, Evelyn and Annie Baylor, in presenting them with a book of fables he found among the law books in his office.

7 items added, 12-13-77: A letter dated Nov. 14, 1892 is written to T.M. Willey, fulfilling his request for Page's autograph,

A letter dated March 2, 1889 is addressed to the editors of The Century, requesting that they consider for publication Page's sonnet "Sleep," which is enclosed with the letter. The sonnet is dedicated to A.B.P., which is probably Anne Sheldon (Bruce) Page, his wife, who had died the previous December.

A letter dated June 22, 1896 is written to James M. Piper of Estes & Lauriat (booksellers) of Boston. Page is returning the "Shakespeare"

A letter dated Feb. 3, 1913 is written to Chester S. Lord of the Lotus Club, thanking him

for an invitation to the club.

Two letters, dated May 1, 1913 and Aug. 25, 1919, are written to Albert S. Crockett, a New York journalist. The first, written in Washington, D.C., concerns Crockett's investigation into the "Philippine matter," which will be reported in the New York Times. Page comments on the merits of investigation by commission ver-

l item added, 7-6-84: This item is the final paragraph and closing of a letter signed by Page. In it he recommends Mrs. Susan Pendleton

Page, Thomas Nelson
Lee's history of the U.S. (Box 37 - misc., n.d.)

PAGE, Thomas Nelson

Scrapbook: cards of distinguished people and envelopes with foreigh stamps etc.

34 pp Boards and Calf 27 x 34 cm.

MAR 17 1939

Page, Thomas Nelson

Scrapbook (Clippings), ca. 1889-1914

["ashington, D.C.]

69 pp. Boards and leather 40 x 29 cm.

Page, Walter Hines

Papers, 1889-1917

New York, N. Y.

Section A

Recataloged, 11-29-71

20 items

1 item added, 11-30-71

1 item added, 9-5-72 1 item added, 12-13-77

Page, Walter Hines. Papers. New York, N. Y.

Walter Hines Page was born in 1855 in Cary, N. C. He was educated at Trinity and Randolph-Macon colleges and at The Johns Hopkins University. He edited the Forum and the Atlantic Monthly, and after becoming a partner in the publishing firm of Doubleday, Page & Company, he founded The World's Work, which he edited until 1913 when he became Ambassador to Great Britain. He died in 1918 shortly after leaving his diplomatic post. Several letters in the collection relate to

the publication of articles in the various journals with which Page was associated. Three of them were written by James Whitcomb Riley. A portion of a poem is included in Riley's letter written on April 26, 1897.

Six of the items are copies of letters written to Page by John Spencer Bassett and Edwin Mims concerning the furor aroused by Basset's references to Booker T. Washington in an editorial in The South Atlantic Quarterly, Vol. II, No. 4 (1903). Bassett, a professor of history

at Trinity College (now Duke University), had become the center of a controversy about racial issues and academic freedom. The originals of these letters are in the possession of Harvard University.

When this collection was recataloged, letters written by Page to William Preston Few, Edwin Milton Fairchild, and Albert Bushnell Hart were transferred to the papers of these

three men.

1 item added, 11-30-71: A letter from Page

to Don Carlos Seitz concerning a proposed article for The World's Work (October 17, 1907).

l item added, 9-5-72: A letter from Page to Jane Addams asking for suggestions concerning an author to write an article on Chicago for The

Forum (October 27, 1892).

I item added, 12-13-77: A letter, dated Oct. 28, 1908 from Page to Franklin Matthews, who was at this time a correspondent for the New York Sun, assigned to the U. S. Atlantic Fleet on its cruise around the world (1907-1909). Page asks

Page, Walter Hines

if Matthews might contribute an article to The

World's Work as well (offering \$250) about the

cruise, concentrating on the reasons for it

(with particular emphasis on U. S. relations

with Japan).

Page, Yelverton Peyton

Papers, 1844 (1851-1906) 1920

Washington, D.C.

A-IIVX

6-11-56

GUIDE

161 items

12-19-57 1 item

Page, Yelverton Peyton. Papers, 1848-1920. Washington, D. C. 162 items. Sketch.

Correspondence of Yelverton Peyton Page, a clerk of the U.S. Senate until his death in 1863, and of two of his daughters. The earliest letter is one of the most valuable with comments upon the time Congress had spent on the Negro question, criticism of John Gorham Palfrey and Joshua Reed Giddings for their championing the Negro, discussion of the political situation from a Democratic point of view, and strong criticism of Van Buren and the Free Soil Party their Buffalo Convention.

Senators who wrote to Page in regard to his official duties, often to have newspapers forwarded, were Joseph K. Barnes, Asa Biggs, Solon Borland, Lawrence Brainerd, Jesse D. Bright, Richard Brodhead, Salmon P. Chase, Clement C. Clay, Alpheus Fitch, Geo. W. Jones, James J. Jones, James A. Pearce, Chas. E. Stuart, John S. Wells, and John Woodruff.

Senator Lyman Trumbull, on Apr. 27, 1857, asked Page to supply the opinion of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott Case and Page answered on May 20. Letters of Lewis Cass as a Senator

and as Secretary of State are included, but only the latter are more than routine. Two letters in May, 1857 and an undated letter show Cass wanting information on the interpretation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, especially in regard to the status of the Roatan and Balize Islands in the Bay of Honduras.

Several letters from James T. Huskill to Page from 1859 to 1863 deal with an invention to make coins entirely by machinery, the efforts of mint officials at Phila. to block a decision on the machine by the Secretary of Treasury,

Page, Yelverton Peyton

sponsorship by Senator Rob't. Toombs, and mention Dr. Rob't. Rogers as a member of the investigating commission. These letters also use some code references to the Masonic Order and imply that membership in this order might influence the decision of the Secretary.

A few letters refer to the Civil War. In 1862 the threat to Washington after Manassas is mentioned. The draft is described in Washington the following year. On May 24, 1865, a review of the Union Army passing through the streets of Washington for two days is described with spec-

Page, Yelverton Peyton

ial praise for Sherman's troops. The reaction of the people in Washington to Lincoln's death is given in the same letter.

Miscellaneous letters of 186% are mostly school girl letters written from Patapsco Institute by a daughter. Other letters in August complain of the Washington weather. John Cook Rives, philanthropist and founder of the Congressional Globe, gives information on the establishment of the Government Printing Office and his own philanthropy.

In 1874 Joseph K. Barnes, Surgeon-General of

the army, wrote a note concerning the admission of a cancer patient as a private case. Several letters describe the Mexican mines at Batopilas, Chihuahua, Mexico, the company of Alexander R. Shepherd. One of Page's daughters had married into this family.

The final group of letters was written by another daughter who married Gerrit S. Miller, Jr., then (1906) Assistant Curator of Mammals at the U.S. National Museum. She describes a collecting trip from southern France, through Spain, and to Tangier. She describes the

Page, Yelverton Peyton people, land, and countryside at L'Hospitalet, France; Santo Domingo de Silos, Castrillo, the area south of Madrid, Seville, and Cadiz in Spain; and Tangier in N. Africe. The party stayed at the Benedictine Monastery of Santo Domingo de Silos and attended mass there.

She had also gone to Europe in the spring of 1904 on the Canopic. There is a list of first class passengers aboard that boat, and on this list Mrs. Miller inserted comments on some of the passengers. For instance, she said that Bishop Elijah Embree Hoss of the Methodist

Page, Yelverton Peyton

Episcopal Church, South was a "gay old sinner."

l item added 12-19-57: Land indenture of
1844 by Y. P. Page to Daniel Page.

Paget, Sir Edward

Papers, 1826

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Hampshire, England

XVIII- E

l item

4-2-68

Paget, Sir Edward. Papers, 1826. Cowes, Isle of Wight, Hampshire, England

Sir Edward Paget (1775-1849), British general, served in the French wars and was Commander-in-Chief in India, 1822-1825. He was responsible for the campaigns of the Burmese War during 1824-1825. He was the probable addressee of a letter of April 13, 1826, from Lord Amherst, Governor General of India, who reported on the conclusion of the war in Burma.

Papers, 1830

London, England

Part of the William B. Hamilton Collection

34-C 59 items

10-11-73

Paget, Henry William, First Marquis of Anglesey. Papers. London, England

Henry William Paget, First Marquis of Anglesey (1768-1854), served in the British House of Commons during 1790-1810, and after 1812 in the House of Lords. He was an officer during the Napoleonic Wars, commanding the cavalry with distinction in Spain under Sir John Moore and the cavalry and horse artillery at Waterloo. Anglesey achieved considerable popularity in Ireland while he was lord lieutenant in 1828-1829. His administration

coincided with the crisis over Catholic emancipation, a reform that he supported. He was again appointed lord lieutenant in December, 1830, and held that office until September, 1833. His second administration was also marked by agitation, the movement led by Daniel O'Connell for repeal of the union with Britain.

These fifty-nine items all date during February to December, 1830, and are mainly letters written to Lord Anglesey. Most of them

are valuable for their content as well as for the persons who sent them. Irish politics is a frequent topic. Some letters also relate to English politics and foreign affairs. The more interesting letters are noted in the following paragraphs. Several letters are addressed to Sir William Gosset, Anglesey's private secretary, and to Lord Forbes, also a member of Anglesey's staff.

Edward John Littleton explained how the government handled patronage in the British

Post Office (Feb. 2 and 10) and how the 2nd Lord Wharncliffe came to accept the position of secretary to the Board of Control (Feb. 2).

The medical career of the fashionable London quack, John St. John Long, was discussed by Lord Sligo (March 26) and by Sir Francis Burdett (Nov. 3).

Lord Anglesey wrote to Peirce Mahony a favorable opinion of Richard Sheil's candidacy for Parliament (April 13).

Frederick W. Conway presented the complaint of himself and other Irish newspaper proprietors against the proposed stamp duties (May 3).

Anglesey replied on May 15.

John McClintock of County Louth explained his parliamentary candidacy against Sheil and Lord Bellew as well as Lord Roden's role in the situation (May 5).

Repeal of the coal duties was the subject of several letters of John M'Mullen of Dublin and Lord Downshire (April 28, May 6, 11).

John Lawless wrote of his parliamentary candidacy in County Meath (July 2, 9).

Edward Ayshford Sanford announced his parliamentary candidacy for Somersetshire (July 3).

William Huskisson acknowledged Anglesey's kindness to William Sturges-Bourne and discoursed on the need for parliamentary factions to pull together, the alternative being a weak government resulting in domestic and foreign troubles (July 10).

Lord Cloncurry reported on the terrible distress in Ireland and recommended various measures of political, educational, and ecclesiastical reform (July 11). Enclosed was a circular from the Royal Dublin Society on its plans to develop Irish agriculture.

Sir Joseph de Courcy Laffan discussed the French political situation and relations with France (July 11, Sept. 21). He also commented on William IV's manner of dispensing patronage

(July 11) and Anglesey's friendship with the late William Huskisson whose death removed Wellington's principal opposition (Sept. 21).

Lord Palmerston also noted the loss of Huskisson (Oct. 1) and ranged widely in his opinions on the state of British politics and foreign relations (Oct. 1, 3).

Lord Wellesley had a few sharp remarks about domestic and foreign affairs (Oct. 23).
On October 31 Peirce Mahony discussed (37pp):

Irish politics and his position relative to O'Connell, the Orangemen, and the Duke of Leinster; Catholic emancipation; repeal of the union; rumors of a reconciliation between Anglesey and Wellington; his support of Wellington's government; and a wide range of proposed reforms for Ireland.

Sir Harcourt Lees advised Anglesey about

his entrance into Dublin (Nov. 25).

Sir Charles Paget of the navy stated his reasons for wanting his brother, Lord Anglesey,

to be appointed either first lord of the Admiralty or lord lieutenant of Ireland (Nov. 30). Paget wanted changes in naval policy.

An anonymous writer advised Anglesey about personnel in his administration in Dublin

(Dec. 8).

The Rev. Samuel O'Sullivan welcomed Angleseys return to Ireland and the appointments to attorney general and solicitor general (Dec.11). O'Sullivan advised a quiet entrance into Dublin.

John Lawless criticized John Doherty's appointment as lord chief justice of the common pleas and its bad effect on Anglesey's new administration (Dec. 13).

Sir Harcourt Lees reported Catholic pressure

for a certain law appointment (Dec. 16).

Catherine Clarke, the mother-in-law of Sir Edward Smith Lees, wrote a letter (Dec. 18) and enclosed a pamphlet on the spicy scandals and litigation surrounding the relationships of Lees and the Second Viscount Annesley with Sophia (Kelly) Connor.

Chief Justice Bushe wrote from County Cork to Lord Plunket about the serious agitation there arising from the application of the Tithe Composition Act (Dec. 22 and 23).

Residents of St. Mary's Parish petitioned

for repeal of the union (Dec. 24).

Anonymous writers of Dec. 28 and 29 from Kingstown and Drogheda appealed for strong law enforcement.

Lord Eldon assured Anglesey that their

differences in the last session of Parliament had had no effect on their personal relations (1830?).

Lord Westmeath reported that conditions were so bad in County Westmeath that a rising might occur (Dec.).

Paget, Sir James.

Papers, 1880-1908

London, Middlesex Co., England

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the 4 items. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Paget, Sir J ames. Papers, 1880-1908. London, England. 4 items. Sketch.

Sir James Paget (1814-1899), Surgical pathologist, author, and president of the Royal College of Surgeons, received and answered letters dealing with the anti-vivisection movement. In 1891 Sir Victor A. H. Horsley, the pioneer in neurological surgery, writes to Sir James on his speech in 1857 before the Royal Institution in 1857 on the rhythmical beating of the heart.

Paget, Stephen (1855-1926).

Papers, 1908

London, Middlesex Co., England.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

2 items.

4-8-60

MSS. Sec. A

Paine, Thomas, 1737-1809.

Papers, 1914-1930.

3 items.

Revolutionary War political writer.
Collection consists of printed
material relating to Paine's New York
house; to the Paine Monument in New
Rochelle, N.Y.; and to the Thomas Paine
Historical Association.

Cataloged from Guide and manual

record.

*lcs

1. Paine, Thomas, 1737-1809--Homes and haunts. 2. Paine, Thomas, 1737-1809--Monuments. 3. History--Societies, etc.

Pakington, John Somerset, First Baron Hampton

Papers, 1867

London, England

XVIII-E

1 item

4-6-66

Pakington, John Somerset, First Baron Hampton.

Papers, 1867. London, England.

John Pakington, First Baron Hampton (1799-1880), was the son of William Russell. He took the name of his maternal uncle, Sir John Pakington, Eighth Baronet, upon succeeding to his estates in 1831. He served as Conservative M.P. for Droitwich (1837-1874), Secretary for War and Colonies (1852), First Lord of the Admiralty (1858 and 1866), and Secretary for War (1867-1868).

On Sept. 12, 1867, Baroness Herbert approved

the wording of the trust deed of the Herbert Memorial Fund, and she noted the removal of the Army Medical School to Netley after Lord Sidney Herbert's death and his objection to the position of the hospital.

Albums I and II, ca. 1881

Photographs

Vol. I 30 pp.

Cloth

37 x 47½ cm.

Vol. II 26 pp.

Top of Cabs. 93-94

7-28-65

Palestine Albums I and II

Views from the area now occupied by Israel, Lebanon, and Syria. There are numerous photographs by G. Sabounci and Felix Bonfils. Palgrave, Sir Reginald Francis Douce

Papers, 1878-1886

London, England

XVIII-E

2 items

4-4-68

Palgrave, Sir Reginald Francis Douce

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Palgrave, Sir Reginald Francis Douce. Papers,

1878-1886. London, England

Sir Reginald Francis Douce Palgrave (1829-1904) worked in the office of the House of Commons during 1853-1900. He was Examiner of Private Bills, 1866, Second Clerk Assistant, 1868-1870, Clerk Assistant, 1870-1886, and Clerk 1886-1900.

On Dec. 3, 1878, Sir Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer, consulted Palgrave about the procedure for getting Parliament's consent to the use of Indian revenues for the expenses of hostilities beyond the Indian On Jan. 10, 1886, Lord Randolph Churchill Secretary for India, objected to certain procedural reforms affecting the power of the Speaker.

Palliser, Hugh, Sir, 1723-1796.

Note, 1770s?.

1 item.

British Admiral.

A note on the cover of a missing letter. The note refers to the enclosed letter on the 14th from Palliser, who has given intelligence information to the British regarding a vessel that is to be purchased or detained for His Majesty's use.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged

from accession record.

* lbp

1. Great Britain--History--1760-1789.

2. Ships--Great Britain.

MICROFILM

RESTRICTED

Recon

Palma, Ricardo

Tradiciones en salsa verde, por Ricardo Palma. Lima, 1901.
[3], ii, 51 pp.

Typewritten.

The microfilm is restricted and cannot be reproduced as positive film, nor can it be copied extensively. Consult the Librarian before using it. (Over)

Palmer, Adeline (Osborne)

Papers, 1853-1935

Rippon, Jefferson Co., Va.

Cab. 43

110 items

3-16-57

GUIDE

Palmer, Adeline (Osborne). Papers, 1853-1935.
Rippon. Va. 110 items. Sketch

These papers are chiefly social and family correspondence of Mrs. Palmer who lived at "Fulton Hill, " near Richmond, Va., and at Rippon, Jefferson Co., W. Va. The letter of M. W. Hill in 1853 describes student life at the Univ. of Va. E. Partridge, a northern school teacher, writes from Ala. on Mar. 22, 1855, to the Hill family on the lower South, commenting on "unintellectual" qualities and pleasant social manners. A number of papers of Capt. G. A. Flagg of the U. S. Army Quarter master Corps in

Palmer, Adeline (Osborne) Harper's Ferry, W. Va., are dated 1865. Fanny (Walker) Yates Aglionby summarizes the life of her family at "Mt. Pleasant," on Jan. 1, 1865, showing Reconstruction labor conditions. Nephew Howard Chew Osborne receives a letter from Aunt Ada at "Fulton Hill," on V. M. I. hazing, and Decoration Day in Richmond, Va., on May 11, 1871. Mrs. Palmer's husband is with the Richmond Inquirer. Her family is in Rippon, W. Va. Hiram Hill's financial transactions give a glimpse of William Rainey Marshall, ex-governor of Minne-

sota, in Apr. of 1875. Miscellaneous letters

from Redondo Beach, Cal., in 1913, and sermon notes of Henry Osborne on John Wesley are in-

cluded.

Palmer, Archibald W.

L- 6869

Notes on Materia Medica and Therapeutics, 1881

Gulf, Chatham Co., North Carolina

136 pp.

Boards

31 x 20 cm.

4-10-64

Palmer, Archibald W. Notes on Materia Medica and Therapeutics, 1881. Gulf, Chatham Co., North Carolina.

This volume belonged to Dr. Archibald W. Palmer of Gulf, North Carolina. On the outside of the back cover the signature and date, "A. W. Palmer, June 25, 188 "appear in handwriting that is similar to that of the text. The author dated the last page of the text on June 20, 1881. Branson's North Carolina Business Directory 1890 lists Arch. W. Palmer as a physician at Gulf,

N. C. He also appears in the directories for 1869 and 1884. The name of this town appears in the volume in notations that probably date later than the text. A later member of the same family is apparently Archibald William Palmer (b. 1901, Gulf, N. C.), a graduate in pharmacy from the University of North Carolina in 1924; see Daniel Lindsey Grant, Alumni History of the University of North Carolina (2nd ed., Durham, N. C., 1924), p. 470.

Palmer titles his volume "Notes on Materia

Letters, 1836 - 1860

Columbia, South Carolina

Section A

5 items

Dec. 6, 1940

Palmer, Benjamin Morgan. Letters, 1836-1860. Columbia, South Carolina. 5 items. Sketch.

Letters from Benjamin M. Palmer (1818-1902), minister of the Southern Presbyterian Church and co-founder of the Southern Presbyterian Review, concerning ecclesiastical and literary matters. Included also is a letter from James Henley Thornwell.

Palmer, Charles

Papers, 1852-1864

Mansfield, Richland co., Ohio

Section A

12-10-51

35 items

GUIDE

A letter from R. Ward of Edgefield dist., S.C. to C. Palmer in Mansfield, Ohio states that Ward was almost lost on a ship on which Jenny Lind was also sailing. There are Civil War letters from Joseph H., H. G., and Jabez S. Palmer, who appear to have been brothers of Charles, and from A. Newman of the Army of the Cumberland. These letters tell of camp life food, delievery of the bodies of Gen. - Zollicoffer and Col. Payton, and of the advan-

tage to the Army of the Cumberland of the rise of the Cumberland River at Nashville in Dec., 1862.

MSS.

Palmer, H. [B.?]
Letter: to Charles S. Palmer, 1865.
1 item.
Union soldier.
Letter from Palmer to his father,
Charles S. Palmer of Mansfield, Ohio,
while serving with an unidentified
Union regiment at Athens, Ala.
Unprocessed collection. Cataloged
from accession record.

1. United States--History--Civil War, 1861-1865. 2. Soldiers-Correspondence--History--19th century. 3. Ohio--Mansfield.



* lbp

Palmer, John S.

War Letters. 1861-1864

Eutaw, South Carolina

Section A

5 pieces.

MAY 3 0 1941

PALMER, John S. War letters. 1861-1864 Eutaw, South Carolina 5 pieces

These are the letters of lieutenant, later, captain, John S. Palmer of the Confederate Army to his father, who was a South Carolina planter.

Young Palmer, evidently well educated, writes

of various phases of the war:

1. Mustering into service at Charleston in Sept. 1861

2. Fortifying Fort Ripley in October 1861

3. The war in general at Shelbyville, Tennessee and at Chattanooga in 1863, and at Dalton, Georgia in 1864

MSS. Sec. A

Palmer, Joseph.

Papers, 1863-1865.

4 items.

Pineville (Charleston Co.), S.C.

resident.

Collection contains three accounts and a letter from Palmer on the general situation in Miss. in 1863, with references to Generals Joseph E. Johnston and John C. Pemberton. The itemized accounts are from P.C. Gaillard of Charleston, S.C.

Cataloged from Guide and manual

record.

*lcs

MSS. Sec. A Palmer, Joseph. Papers, ...

(Card 2)

1. Gaillard, Peter Cheves, 1812-1889.
2. United States-History-Civil War,
1861-1865. 3. Johnston, Joseph E.
(Joseph Eggleston), 1807-1891. 4.
Pemberton, John Clifford, 1814-1881.
5. Mississippi-History-Civil War,
1861-1865.

19 MAR 98

38744918 NDHYme

MSS.

Palmer, Polly, fl. 1777-1784. Letters, 1777-[18--?] (bulk 1777-1784).

15 items.

Resident of Germantown, Pa-Primarily correspondence from Palmer to Elizabeth Mayhew of Boston, Mass. While it is not entirely clear from the letters, Elizabeth was probably the daughter Johnathan Mayhew, a prominent Congregational minister. These highly personal letters chiefly pertain to the friendship between the two women. Within the correspondence there are few references to the Revolution or any other political and social events. However, in a __ letter of April 19, 1778, Palmer refers to April 19th as "a day tha t will always be 29 JUL 93 28533948 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

Nc D

MSS.

Palmer, Polly, fl. 1777-1784.

Letters, ... (Card 2) remembered as the beginning of a most unhappy war".

One unaddressed letter, signed "P", was probably written during the 1800s. It is probable that the letter was addressed to Stephen Higginson Tyng, an Episcopal cleryman, and pertains to the affairs of Episcopal churches apparently around Roxbury, Mass.

1. Friendships--Women. 2. Mayhew, Elizabeth. 3. Episcopal Church-- Massachusetts.

Papers, 1761-1764

Tarboro, Edgecombe Co., N. C.

cab. 40

7-11-58

2 volumes

Recataloged, 9-16-68

Palmer, Robert. Papers. Tarboro, Edgecombe Co.

Two account books of 1761-1763 are records from a mercantile firm at Tarborough, North carolina. The daybook has entries from october 16, 1761, to March 28, 1762. Ledger B includes accounts of 1762-1764. These two volumes apparently belonged to the same store, for the daybook has a merchandise account (pp. 26-27) in which the figure in the credit column is carried over from Ledger B (f. 1).

Robert palmer signed himself as owner of the

Palmer, Robert

daybook on April 2, 1762 (title page), and he presumably owned the business after that date and possibly before.

The volumes were formerly cataloged and attributed to a James Wallace.

Palmer, Roundell, First Earl of Selborne

Papers, 1888

Blackmoor, Hampshire, England

XVIII-E

1 item

4-4-68

Palmer, Roundell, First Earl of Selborne. Papers, 1888. Blackmoor, Hampshire, England Roundell Palmer, First Earl of Selborne (1812-1895), British statesman, served as M.P. for Plymouth (1847-1857) and for Richmond (1861-1872), Solicitor General (1861-1863), Attorney General (1863-1866), and Lord Chancellor (1872-1874 and 1880-1885). Selborne's letter of Sept. 19, 1888, to James S. Baily, secretary of the National Radical Union, was published in The Times, Sept. 19, 1888. He was unable to attend the Liberal

Unionist meeting at Nottingham on Sept. 26, but

Palmer, Roundell, First Earl of Selborne 2 he expressed strong support of their policy which he considered vital to both Britain and Ireland.

Palmer, William Kimberley

Works and Notebooks. 1934-1937

Chicopee, Mass.

Cabinet 79

3 items. 437 pages

MAY 3 0 1941

PALMER, William Kimberley Sketch. 437 pages Works and Notebooks. 3 items Chicopee, Massachusetts

William Kimberley Palmer, a writer of Chicopee, Massachusetts, is the author of the following works: Father of All, An Immortal Three, Charles Dickens, Einstein and several other volumes of poetry.

In this collection is a manuscript draft in twenty-one chapters of a story of young married

love in the west.

There are two notebooks of clippings, poems, and letters evidently collected between 1934 and 1937.

Palmer, William P.

Papers, 1847-1851

Richmond, Va.

Section A

5 items

6-16-62

William P. Palmer was a physician and editor in Richmond. He attended the University of Virginia (1838-1840) and received his medical training at the University of Pennsylvania. He was a surgeon in the Confederate Army during the Civil War.

Palmer's papers consist of five letters written to him, three of them by his father Charles Palmer who had suffered financial embarrassment in Richmond and had moved to New Orleans in 1848 The papers begin in 1847 when, on Apr. 22, a friend wrote concerning an election in Buchanan, Va. In a personal letter dated Feb. 25, 1848, a lawyer in Port Royal, Va., described Dandridge Pitts as "a fine specimen of the old Va. country gentleman. He is as hospitable as the day, as blasphemous as Satan and as jovial as Falstaff." The letters from Charles Palmer are mainly personal, but on Dec. 17, 1848, he mentioned a cholera epidemic in New Orleans that was said to have been brought there by the ship Swarton.

Papers, 1841-1907

v.p. in New Hampshire

Section A

63 items

3-7-62 Recatalogued, 1-17-68 The Palmer family resided in various towns in New Hampshire, among them being Manchester, North Haverhill, Nashua, and Oxford. The most recurrent name in this collection is that of Austin Palmer. Other members of the family include Nathaniel, George W., Henry H., Sarah, Emma A., and Alvino Palmer.

These papers consist principally of letters exchanged among the family. They discuss for the most part personal affairs and matters of

local interest. Several items, however, merit specific notice.

In a letter dated April 7, 1852, M.F. Eldridge discussed economic conditions in Dubuque, Iowa, especially with respect to land warrants.

Ezra Miller, an inventor and state senator in Wisconsin, commented in a letter of May 16, 1853, on land speculation and railroad building in his state. This letter and a second dated June 13, 1853, concern land Miller wanted to buy from his correspondent, George W. Palmer.

A letter from Nathaniel Niles, the diplomatist, concerns the proper mixture of stone and sand in good cement (Dec. 7, 1855).

There are several Civil War letters. On Jan. 16, 1865, Frank Fox of Company K, 50th Ohio Regiment acknowledged a gift sent by Ettie (Etta?) Palmer to the soldiers in Cumberland Hospital at Nashville, Tenn.

B. F. Darling wrote from Goldsboro, N.C. on Mar. 28, 1865, of the unpleasant conditions at that city. Darling served with Company A of the 9th Iowa Volunteer Infantry. Cyrus M. Roberts, Charles Jeffers, and Edwin W. Archer wrote to ask Austin Palmer to seek a bounty for them from the county of Oxford, Maine (May 15, 1865). These three men had not received a bounty when they enlisted and had not had the opportunity to re-enlist and thereby receive additional funds. They felt that they deserved some reward and solicited Palmer's support. Roberts was a sergeant with Company A of the 9th New Hampshire Volunteers.

The assassination of Abraham Lincoln is discussed in letters of May 7 and July 8, 1865.

Jefferson Davis's involvement in the murder is suggested in the second letter.

Commodity prices in New Hampshire are noted in letters dated Feb. 22, 1864, and Mar. 28 and July 23, 1869.

Matters relative to North Haverhill, N.H., are discussed in letters of Mar. 28 and April 11, 1869.

Two letters contain comments on educational institutions in New England. Highland Lake Institute at East Andover, N.H., is mentioned in a letter of June 6, 1853. Life at Williams

College was discussed on July 8, 1865.
Copperheads, or members of the Democratic Party, are mentioned in a letter dated Apr. 2, 1867.

Palmerston, Henry John Temple, Third Viscount

See Temple, Henry John, Third Viscount Palmerston

Palmes, George F.

Papers, 1811-1871

Savannah, Chatham County, Georgia

Cab. 45

11-5-33

37 items 2 vols. added, 4-5-67

Palmes, George F. Papers, 1811-1871. Savannah, Chatham County, Georgia.

The collection contains letters from Daniel Baker, a student at Hampton Sidney, 1811-1812, and from Mary Palmes from Montpelier Institute, in Georgia, 1848. There are also some letters regarding land purchases in East Florida in 1819-1820.

2 items and 2 vols. added, 4-5-67. A Day-book, 1869-1871, belonged to the firm of Palmes & Lyon, wholesale grocers and commission mer-chants in Savannah, Georgia. The volume's

owners are identified by two loose sheets found within it. These sheets are now filed with the letters. One sheet is an invoice of April 28, 1870, that corresponds to an entry of April 30 in the Daybook, p. 231. The second sheet is a bill for Palmes & Lyon on which the name of its owners are listed: George F. Palmes, William C. Lyon, and D.J. Bothwell.

Daybook pages for Feb.-April, 1851, were found within the volume and may also have belonged to Palmes. They are filed with the

papers.

Palmes & Lyon

Daybook, 1869-1871

Savannah, Chatham County, Georgia

343 pp. Leather & Boards 41 x 29 cm.

4-5-67

Part of the George F. Palmes MSS.

NSS. L: 3245

Palmetto Guard.

Minutes, 1877-1882.

1 v.

Charleston, S.C. Confederate

regiment.

Collection consists of the minutes (300p.) of the meetings of the Palmetto Guard (2nd S.C. Regiment), including copies of correspondence.

Cataloged from Guide and manual

record.

*lcs

1. Confederate States of America.

Army. South Carolina Infantry Regiment,

2nd. 2. Confederate States of America.

Army--Correspondence. 3. Charleston

(S.C.)--Histo ry--Civil War, 1861
1865.

L-3245 RECON C

Palmetto Guard

Minutes, 1877-82

Charleston, S.C.

300 pp.

Boards

29 x 23 cm.

AUG 9 '46

GUIDE

MSS. Sec. A

Panama-Pacific International Exposition (1915: San Francisco, Calif.) Typescript, 1915.

1 item.

International fair and exposition.
Collection consists of a typescript
copy of a journal concerning a trip
from Durham, N.C. to the Panama-Pacific
Exposition in 1915.

Cataloged from manual record.

*lcs

1. Panama-Pacific International Exposition (1915: San Francisco, Calif.) 2. West (U.S.)--Description and travel. 3. Genre: Typescript.

Panas, Photinos (1822-1903).

Papers, 1880.

Paris, France.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Panas, Photinos (1822-1903). Papers, 1880. Paris, France. 1 item. Sketch.

Photinos Panas, à Greek physician who practised in Paris, writes a treatment in a gynecological case. Pancoast, Joseph (1805-1882).

Papers, 1801

Philadelphia, Philadelphia Co., Pennsylvania.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Pandiello, Estela Alonso (Zamora) de

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Papers, 1829-1899

Campbell Co., Va.

Section A

7-22-57

GUIDE

21 items

Pankey Family. Papers, 1829-1899. Campbell Co., Va. 21 items. Sketch

This collection consists mostly of personal, business, and Confederate soldiers' letters. Subjects mentioned include personal and business affairs; weather; commodity prices in Va. during the Civil War; Venable & Melim [?]; C. W. Venable and the tobacco business; Confederate Army casualties and troop movements; and the 64th Regt. Va. Militia.

A Confederate soldier's letter of Apr. 12, 1862, mentions a naval engagement during the Siege of Yorktown (1862). Although the soldier

Pankey Family

is an eye witness, his account does not tell much.

A Confederate soldier's letter of June 11, 1862, mentions the Peninsula Campaign (1862). On the same sheet of paper is a letter of Nov. [?], 1900, to "Ex-Governor T. D. Richardson," accusing him of slander and meddlesomeness.

A letter of June 26, 1863, from Red House, Charlotte Co., Va., mentions 84 masons at a funeral in Hat Creek, Campbell Co., Va., and 125 Confederate Army deserters, all of the deserters allegedly from N. C.

This collection was originally a part of the Don Preston Peters Collection.

MSS. 2nd 70:E-F

Parapsychological Association.

Records, 1957-1976.

3250 items.

Parapsychology professional organization founded in 1957, Durham, N.C.

Collection consists of a general series and a publications series. The first contains materials relating to the operation of the Association, chiefly correspondence of its governing Council. Subjects include officers elections, convention planning, and relations with other parapsychological and professional organizations such as Association for the the American f Science (AAAS). The Advancement o publications series chiefly 38991372 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

MSS. 2nd 70:E-F

> Parapsychological Association. (Card 2) Records, ... consists of materials which were compiled into issues of the "Proceedings of the Parapsychological Association," and issues of its successor, "Research in Parapsychology." There are also some materials relating to the Associations other publications. This collection was compiled by William G. Roll, a founder and officer of the Association. Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record. *lcs

MSS. 2nd 70:E-F

> Parapsychological Association. Records, ... (Card 3)

1. Parapsychological Association. Proceedings of the Parapsychological Association. 3. Research in Parapsychology. 4. Parapsychology--Congresses. 5. Parapsychology--Research--Periodicals. 6. Psychical research--Congresses. 7. Professional associations--- United States. Professional associations--Management.

Parapsychology Laboratory.

Records, 1893-1984 (bulk 1930-1965).

250,000 items (340 linear ft.).

Established in 1935. Became

Institute for Parapsychology at the

Institute for Parapsychology at the Foundation for Research on the Nature of Man in 1965.

Chiefly correspondence and research files, as well as legal and financial papers, clippings, and photographs. Includes records of the laboratory primarily during its operation at Duke University, 1930-1965. Contains personal and professional papers of J.B. Rhine, L.E. Rhine, J.G. Pratt and other laboratory staff members, such as Rhea White.

There are editorial files (1942-1 959) of Dorothy Pope, Managing Edit or of the JOURNAL OF 31 AUG 90 22299969 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

Parapsychology Laboratory.

Records, ... (Card 2)
PARAPSYCHOLOGY, and papers (1957-1963)
relating to Rhea White and J.G. Pratt
as officers of the Parapsychological
Association.

Topics include extrasensory perception, psychokinesis, displacement analysis, the Psychical Research Foundation, grants for parapsychology research, mediums, spirit survival, and the teaching of parapsychology. J.B. Rhine's correspondence with major figures in parapsychology and other fields is represented in the collection. Correspondents include Hereward Carr ington, Aldous Huxley, Julian Huxley Jung, William , Joseph Jastrow, C.G. McDougall, and Henry 31 AUG 90 22299969 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Parapsychology Laboratory. Records, (Card 3) Margenau. Margaret Mead, Gardner Murphy, Oliver Leslie Reiser, Upton Sinclair, Ian Stevenson, and Warren Weaver are also represented. Card index and inventory in the repository. 1. Parapsychology--Research. Extrasensory perception. 3. Duke University. Psychology Department. Journal of Parapsychology. 5. Parapsychological Association. White, Rhea. 7. Psychokinesis. Displacement (psychology). 9. Psychical Research Foundation.

Research gran ts. 11. Pope, Dorothy. 12. Rhine, Louisa E., 1891-1983. 1 3. Mediums. 14.

31 AUG 90 22299969 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

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Parapsychology Laboratory.
                              (Card 4)
   Records, ...
 Spirits. 15. Teachers. 16. Sinclair,
 Upton, 1878-1968. 17. McDougall,
 William, 1871-1938. 18. Carrington,
 Hereward, 1880-1959. 19. Murphy,
 Gardner, 1895- 20. Reiser, Oliver
 Leslie, 1895-1974. 21. Weaver, Warren,
 1894- 22. Stevenson, Ian. 23.
 Jastrow, Joseph, 1863-1944. 24. Jung,
 C. G. (Carl Gustav), 1875-1961. 25.
 Huxley, Aldous, 1894-1963. 26. Huxley,
 Julian, 1887-1975. 27. Margenau,
 Henry, 1901- 28. Mead, Margaret,
 1901-1978. I. Rhine, J. B. (Joseph
 Banks), 1895-1980. II. Pratt, J.
 Gaither (Jose _ ph Gaither), 1910-
  1979. III. I nstitute for
 Parapsycholog y Records, 1965-1980.
31 AUG 90 22299969 NDHYme
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NeD

Parapsychology Laboratory.

Records, 1947. Addition, 3 items (.1 lin. ft.)

Restricted

Letter to J. B. Rhine from Newman I White (9/8/47), response to White from Rhine (9/12/47), and a copy of *The Reach of the Mind* (1947) by Rhine.

Gift: 10/8/93

Accessioned: 10/28/93

Acc. No.: 93-290

Pardee, Don A.

Papers, 1862-1865.

18 items.

Lieutenant Colonel, 42nd Regiment,

Chio Infantry Volunteers.

Consists of papers of Pardee during his service with the 42nd Regiment, Ohio Infantry Volunteers. Pardee served from 1861, Sept.-1864, Nov., and was granted a leave of absence during June and July of 1863, due to a chronic eye disease contracted in the line of duty. After returning to his regiment in Aug. 1863, Pardee was relieved of active duty at Baton Rouge, La. Includes: ordnance accounts, orders, officers requesting letters from favors, appoi ntment papers for Provost Marsh all and Judge of East 21 JUL 94 30803360 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Pardee, Don A.

Papers, ... (Card 2)

Baton Rouge, letter of resignation with attached surgeon's statement, and discharge certificates.

1. United States--History--Civil War, 1861-1865. 2. United States. Army-- Officers. 3. United States. Army-- Records and correspondence. 4. United States. Army. Ohio Infantry Regiment, 42nd (1861-1864).

Pardee, Henry Clay

Papers, 1853-1862

NewBern, Craven co., N. C.

Section A

11-1-51 17 items

GUIDE

Pardee, Henry Clay. Papers, 1853-1862. NewBern, Craven co., N. C. 17 items. Sketch.

Two letters to Mrs. Pardee about the death of a son and letters written by Henry Clay Pardee to his father. He was in Gen. Burnside's army when it fought the battle of Roanoke Island. He describes from on board a vessel the difficulties leading up to their landing on that island, the fighting there, and of their moving on to NewBern. He mentions the pay of privates and the high regard in which Burnside is held by his men.

2nd 54:D (95-031)

Parham, Stithe

Letters, 1779-1782.

7 items.

Methodist minister from Virginia. Seven letters to Parham from six other Methodist ministers in Virginia: Philip Gateh, Edward Dromgoole, Jesse Lee, Caleb B. Pedicord, Richard Ivy, and John Pinner. The letters discuss personal and Methodist matters and were apparently collected by Methodist historian William Wallace Bennett.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged

from accession record.

*tms

MSS. 2nd 54:D (95-031) Parham, Stith. Letters, ...

(Card 2)

1. Parham, Stith. 2. Bennett, William W. (William Wallace), 1821-1887. 3. Gatch, Philip. 4. Dromgoole, Edward, 1751-1835. 5. Lee, Jesse. 6. Pedicord, Caleb B. 7. Ivy, Richard. 8. Pinner, John. 9. Methodist church-Virginia--18th century.

30 OCT 97

37869752 NDHYme

Recon

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits

> MS. Arabe 70 Story of Zosimus

1 Reel

Positive

5-24-73

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits

MS. Arabe 71, f. 4. Story of Zosimus

Photostat and Negative

Section A

4-9-73

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits

MS. Ethiopien 146, f. 6. Story of Zosimus

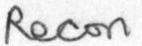
Photostat & Negative

Section A

4-9-73

MICROFILM

MANUSCRIPTS



Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits

MS. Français 375, ff. 1-346. Les Miracles de la Sainte Vierge

1 reel

Positive

10-30-70

PARIS. BIBLIOTHÈQUE NATIONALE. DÉPARTEMENT DES MANUSCRITS. MS. FRANÇAIS 375

This French manuscript is in the dialect of Picardy. For information about the manuscript, see Hilding Kjellman, La Deuxième Collection Anglo-Normande des Miracles de la Sainte Vierge et Son Original Latin Avec les Miracles Correspondants des MSS. Fr. 378 et 818 de la Bibliothèque Nationale (Paris and Uppsala, 1922).

MANUSCRIPTS

Recon

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits

MS. Français 837, ff. 1-362 v. Recueil de fabliaux, dits, contes en vers

Positive
Date of order: 11-18-69 Date received: 1-19-70
Fund: French (Ripley) Price: \$19.17 (4 reels)
1-20-70

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits. MS. Français 837

This manuscript is described in: Paris, Bibliothèque Nationale, Département des Manuscrits, Catalogue général des manuscrits français (Paris, 1868-19).

MANUSCRIPTS

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Départe-ment des Manuscrits

MS. Français 2168, ff. 1-90. Miscellaneous medieval works, especially lais of Marie de France and Aucassin et Nicolette

Positive 1 Reel Date of order: 11-18-69 Date received: 1-19-70 Fund: French (Ripley) Price: \$19.17 (4 reels) 1-20-70

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits. MS. Français 2168

This manuscript is described in: Paris, Bibliothèque Nationale, Département des Manuscrits, Catalogue général des manuscrits français (Paris, 1868-19).

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits

MS. Français 24432, ff. 241-261. Dits, fabliaux et pièces diverses (Including lais of Marie de France)

Positive
Date of order: 11-18-69 Date received: 1-19-70
Fund: French (Ripley) Price: \$19.17 (4 reels)
1-20-70

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits. MS. Français 24432

This manuscript is described in: Paris, Bibliothèque Nationale, Département des Manuscrits, Catalogue général des manuscrits français (Paris, 1868-19).

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits

MS. Nouvelle Acquisition Français 1104, ff. 1-89 v. Recueil de lais Bretons (Including lais of Marie de France).

Positive
Date of order: 11-18-69 Date received: 1-19-70
Fund: French (Ripley) Price: \$19.17 (4 reels)
1-20-70

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits. MS. Nouvelle Acquisition Français 1104

This manuscript is described in: Paris, Bibliothèque Nationale, Département des Manuscrits, Catalogue général des manuscrits français (Paris, 1868-19).

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits

Moreau Collection

Library has: (see following cards)

Reel

Gift of Professor F. A. G. Cowper

ca. 1954

Recataloged, 9-5-69

Paris. Bibliothèque Nationale. Département des Manuscrits. Moreau Collection

- Vols. (scattered folios) 70, 74-76, 78-86, 96: documents about Gautier d'Arras and his family (Vols. 66-96 cover the years 1152-1195). An introduction is filed with the film.
- Vols. 1555-1557 (complete) containing La Curne de Sainte-Palaye's <u>Table alphabétique des anciens mots français tirés du manuscrit du Roy no. 6987</u>. An introduction is filed with the film.

Paris. Convent de l'Annonciades 1-4095 Recon

Meditations Sur les Constitutions des Religieuses de l'Ordre de l'Anonciade Céleste. Divisées en trois Parties. Composées par un vertueux Ecclesiastique. 1772

Paris, France

328 pp.

Boards

16.5 x 11 cm.

MAY 24 '50

GUIDE

Pariset, Étienne (1770-1847).

Papers, 1826

n. p.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Pariset, Étienne (1770-1847). Papers, 1826. n. p. litem. Sketch.

An inquiry about Yellow Fever to Jacques Emmanuel Vavasseur.

Letters and Papers. 1840-1895.

Woodland, North Carolina

1 box. cab. 72.5b

187 pieces

MAY 4 1936

PARKER, A. J. and Benjamin J. Parker. Letters and Papers. 1840-1895. Woodland, N. C. Statement. 187 pieces

The Parker family appears to have been of Quaker origin, but the bulk of the material is of a non-religious nature. Benjamin J. Parker was apparently a cotton factor and merchant, and most of the papers are accounts concerned with his business. A. J. Parker was a minister in the Methodist church, and administrator of his brother's estate. In his denters there is some comment on religious matters. A sister, Sally Foushee apparently continued in the Quaker faith and acted as minister in that church.

Parker, Alton Brooks

Papers, 1904

New York, New York

Section A

2-14-75

1 item

Parker, Alton Brooks. Papers. New York, New York

Alton Brooks Parker (1852-1926), jurist and leader in the Democratic Party, was born in Cortland, New York. The son of John Brooks and Harriet F. (Straton) Parker, he attended Cortland schools, later receiving the LL. B. degree from Albany Law School in 1873. Parker also was granted several honorary degrees. His two marriages were first to Mary L. Schoonmaker and later to Amelia Day Campbell.

Parker was a practicing lawyer but also spent much of his career in public office. At various times he was the surrogate in Ulster County, first assistant postmaster-general, justice of the Supreme Court of New York, a member of the Court of Appeals, and chief justice of the Court of Appeals of New York, 1898-1904.

In 1904 Parker resigned as chief justice to become the Democratic presidential nominee. His other service to his party included serving as chairman of the Democratic State Committee,

Parker, Alton Brooks

delegate-at-large and New York member of the platform committee at the Democratic National Convention in 1908, as well as permanent chairman of the Democratic State Convention in New York.

The one item comprising this collection is a letter to Parker from James R. Gray, editor of The Atlanta Journal. In it he wrote favorably concerning Parker's presidential campaign and described the political climate in the South. Gray also mentioned that he was trying to

Parker, Alton Brooks

convince Thomas E. Watson to decline the presidential nomination of the Populist (People's)

Party.

Papers, 1834-1922

Bunker Hill, Bedford Co., Va.

Cab. 46

95 items and 4 vols.

6-20-61 Recatalogued, 2-21-68 Parker, Caleb D. Papers, 1834-1922. Bunker Hill, Bedford Co., Va.

Caleb D. Parker (1801-1881) was apparently a tobacco planter or merchant in Bedford Co., Va. He also served as a captain in a militia regiment from his county.

His papers consist chiefly of family correspondence and financial papers. Among the more interesting items are letters concerning a campaign for the Virginia House of Assembly (Apr. 16, 1850), students! drunkeness and poor food at Emory and Henry College and conditions

Army (Dec. 10, 1861).

A circular of 1868 advertises Sunny Side School in Bedford County. There is also Kimball F. Prince's will (May 17, 1834) and a deed (June 29, 1881).

The four small volumes include a book of military commands used by Parker in drilling his regiment of militia. The three remaining volumes are account books, one of which belonged to F. D. Brockman, a tailor of Charlottesville, Va.

Parker, Edward Sanders.

Papers, 1745-1934.

500 items.

Resident of Graham, N.C.

Consists of correspondence, legal and financial papers. One of the letters, from a soldier of the 3rd Arkansas Regiment, is written from Camp Fredericksburg, Va. on Dec. 16, 1862, and concerns the Fredericksburg Campaign. Most of the other correspondence is by women in the family, especially Parker's wife and daughters, one of whom was a teacher at Oak Ridge Institute in N.C. There is also some correspondence regarding Parker's run for political office rt of William J. Bryan and his suppo for president . The legal papers 10 MAY 95 32452507 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Parker, Edward Sanders.

Papers, ... (Card 2) contain several deeds of land purchased by Parker and his wife, and the financial papers are largely receipts for debts Parker paid. There are four photographs, possibly of the docks at Brunswick, Ga.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

rom accession

*lbp

Parker, Edward Sanders.
Papers, ...

(Card 3)

1. Bryan, William Jennings, 18601925. 2. Presidents--United States-Election--1896. 3. Women--North
Carolina--Correspondence. 4. North
Carolina--Politics and government-1865-1950. 5. United States--History-Civil War, 1861-1865. 6.
Fredericksburg (Va.)--History--Civil
War, 1861-1865.



Parker, Frank

See Ball, William Watts

6th 19:B, OC: VI:13

Parker, Gwendolyn M.

Papers, 1967-1998 and n.d.

250 items.

Parker is an author and memoirist. The papers of Gwendolyn M. Parker, which primarily document her writing career, span the years 1967-1998 with the majority of the papers dating from 1986-1997. They consist primarily of diaries, correspondence, clippings, writings, and other miscellaneous printed and manuscript materials. Parker's writings are well documented by several manuscript versions of her 1994 novel, These Same Long Bones, and her 1997 memo ir, Trespassing: My Sojourn in the e Halls of Privilege. The latter wo rk documents her 19980923 #39920242 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

6th 19: B, OC: VI:13

Parker, Gwendolyn M.

(Card 2) Papers, ... struggles as an African-American woman in a corporate environment. Parker's correspondence is chiefly professional and related to her efforts to publish her work, but a small amount of personal correspondence is held in the collection. The clippings are primarily reviews of her books or published interviews. The personal observations, story ideas, and writing exercises recorded in Parker's diaries provide some documentation of her life and artistic career, chiefly after 1986. estricted. Access is r

*dws

6th 19: B, OC: VI: 13

Parker, Gwendolyn M.

Papers, ...

1. Parker, Gwendolyn M. 2. Parker,
Gwendolyn M. These Same Long Bones. 3.
Parker, Gwendolyn M. Trespassing: My
Sojourn in the Halls of Privilege. 4.
Durham (N.C.)—Fiction. 5. AfroAmerican women novelists—20th century.
6. Businesswomen—Conduct of life. 7.
Corporate culture. 8. Race relations—
United States. 9. Afro-American
families—North Carolina—Durham. 10.
Afro-Americans—North Carolina—Durham.
11. Middle class—United States. 12.
Afro-American women executives.

Parker, John

See Rankin-Parker

Parker, John R.

Papers, 1805-1842

Boston, Suffolk Co., Mass.

Section A

53 items

3-7-62

Recataloged, 12-10-68

Parker, John R. Papers. Boston, Suffolk Co., Mass.

This collection consists of the financial and legal papers of John R. Parker of Boston, Mass. The bills and receipts contain lists of commodity prices for the years 1807 to 1842. Among the legal papers are two copies of a deposition witnessed and signed by Sir James Shaw, Lord Mayor of London. An undated acrostic praises Parker's patronage of the arts, while a poem, also undated, concerns the salutary effects of smoking tobacco.

Parker, John William (1792-1870)

Papers, 1849-1857

London, England

18-E

2-6-68

2 items

1 item added, 12-15-70

Parker, John William (1792-1870). Papers, 1849-1850. London, England

John William Parker (1792-1870) was a British publisher and printer. He established his business in London and became printer to Cambridge University in 1836. Longmans purchased the London business in 1863.

There are two letters from John Arthur Roebuck, politician, on Dec. 13, 1849, and Jan. 27, 1850. Personal matters were discussed, and in the letter of 1850 he elaborated upon work on his <u>History of the Whig Ministry of 1830 to the Passing of the Reform Bill (London, 1852)</u>,

2 vols., in which he had found an intrigue committed by the First Baron Wharncliffe and Sir Herbert Taylor. He also had agreed to defend a Nottingham paper against a libel suit from Feargus O'Connor.

l item added, 12-15-70: On Nov. 8, 1857, George Henry Lewes presented his proposal for a book on popular physiology, a project that materialized in the publication in 1859 of Physiology of Common Life.

NcD

Parker, Lee.

Scrapbook, 1916-1921.

1 item.

Employee of the British American

Tobacco Company in China.

Scrapbook containing approximately 625 pictures, most of which were taken in China by Mr. Parker. They document the places he visited and people he saw rather than his work. Some of the pictures have been reproduced in Parker's book, CHINA AND THE GOLDEN WEED. Collection also contains some notes by Parker identifying some of the people and places featured in the photographs.

Unprocessed collection.
Cataloged fro maccession record.

* lbp

10 MAY 95 32452537 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

Parker, Lee. Scrapbook,

(Card 2)

1. Parker, Lee, China and the golden weed. 2. China--Description and travel--1901-1948. 3. Genre: Photographs. 4. Genre: Scrapbooks.

10 MAY 95

32452537

NDHYme

Parker, Lizzie Nelms [?] (Smith)

Papers, 1854-1888

Bladen County, N.C.

Section A

45 items

6-14-61 Recatalogued, 8-15-68 Parker, Lizzie Nelms[?] (Smith), Papers. Bladen Co., N.C.

The papers comprising this collection are principally letters to Lizzie Nelms[?] (Smith) Parker from her brother William T. Smith. They concern Smith's activities as a Confederate soldier, a teacher at the Carolina Female College and the Anson Institute, and as a farmer in Anson County. These letters, like those from other relatives and freinds, however, refer mainly to personal or family matters. A sister, Mary Ann T. (Smith) Nelms, also appears

Parker, Lizzie Nelms[?] (Smith) 2
in the collection, as does a brother, Willie P.
Smith. Members of the Richardson family are
prominent, and two letters are addressed to
Lizzie's husband Charles. An invitation dated
March 22, 1858, concerns the funeral of Samuel
N. Smith, probably the father of the Smiths
included in these papers and the owner of the
estate discussed by William T. Smith.

The Civil War letters form the bulk of the substantive value of this collection. High prices and Union sentiment in Wilmington, N.C., are the subjects of a letter dated May 27, 1862.

Parker, Lizzie Nelms[?] (Smith) 3

The early period of Reconstruction in that city is commented on in a letter of March 15, 1867.

William T. Smith served in the 43rd Regiment of N.C. Troops, and his wartime letters contain references to his unit. Other regiments mentioned are the 4th N.C. Cavalry and the 42nd Mississippi. The siege of Petersburg was discussed on Sept. 21, 1864.

The advantages of settling in Texas were stressed on August 9, 1869, by Samuel N. Richardson, a friend or relative who had migrated there from North Carolina after the Civil

Parker, Lizzie Nelms[?] (Smith) War.

Mrs. Parker was related to William Alexander Smith whose papers constitute a large collection which is also housed in the Manuscript Department of the Perkins Library. Information on the Smith and Nelms families is contained in W. A. Smith's Family Tree Book, Genealogical and Biographical . . . (Los Angeles, 1922), a copy of which can be found in the Wilson Library at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.

MSS.

Parker, Montgomery D.

Letters and cabinet photograph, 1846-1891 (bulk 1846-1849).

25 items.

Includes four typed transcripts. Privateer (Captain's Clerk);

appointed U.S. Consul for the Cape Verde Islands in 1848. Possibly

Montgomery Davis Parker, d. 1900, who

was a U.S. Army officer in 1879.

Chiefly letters to Parker's father, Richard Green Parker, a teacher and textbook author. While letters often mention his father's writing and financial difficulties, they primarily describe a voyage on board the United States brigan tine Boxer, part of a slaving squad ron. The trip, begun in 1846, incl.

15 OCT 91 24560871 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

MSS.

Parker, Montgomery D.

Letters and cabinet photograph, ... (Card 2)

principal slave stations on the west coast of Africa, including Monrovia, Liberia; Ambrize, St. Paul de Loando, and Cabinda, Angola as well as the Congo River. The ship also docked at the Cape Verde Islands; the Canary islands; St. Antonio, Prince's Island; and the U.S. Consulate at Madeira. Parker wrote of hopes both to intercept slave ships at sea and take prize money.

He described the superior
maneuverability of steam vessels over
sailing ships , which allowed
steamboats to be more successful in
intercepting ships of slave

15 OCT 91 24560871 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

MSS. X

Parker, Montgomery D.

Letters and cabinet photograph, (Card 3) traders. A letter in 1846 describes the miserable conditions of the former slaves who were freed and transported

to Liberia by the American Colonization Society. Two letters concern Parker's commission as U.S. Consul for the Cape Verde Islands. Also includes a cabinet card photograph of the Reverend James

Jellis Page, an Episcopal minister in

Cumberland County, Virginia.



MSS.

Parker, Montgomery D. Letters and cabinet photograph, (Card 4) 1. Page, James Jellis, 1822-1898. Parker, Richard Green, 1798-1869. 3. Boxer (ship). 4. Slave-trade--Africa. 5. Privateering--Africa. 6. Capture at sea. 7. Prize money--Africa. 8. Voyages and travels. 9. Madeira--Description and travel. 10. United States--Diplomatic and consular service. 11. American Colonization Society. 12. Afro-Americans--Colonization--Africa. 13. Sailing ships. 14. Steamboats. 15. Ships--Maneuverability. 16. Angola-nd travel. I. Cabinet Description a

15 OCT 91 24560871 NDHYme

photographs.

Parker, M.S.

F-1424 Recon

Ledger, 1869-1880

Richmond County, North Carolina

110 pp.

Boards

37 x 15 cm.

4-8-38

Recatalogued, 1-17-66

Parker, M.S. Ledger, 1869-1880. Richmond County, North Carolina

This ledger belonged to a saddler and harness maker whose accounts date from 1869 to 1880, mostly after 1872. M.S. Parker was the saddler, according to the following evidence: a bill of 1881, addressed to him (filed in an envelope attached to the inside back cover); accounts for two different persons who boarded with Parker (pp. 80-81); and the record of a legal case in which he was involved (p. 88).

Parker lived in Richmond County, according

to the following evidence: accounts for goods sent for sale on commission to A.M. McAuley and to Capel and Parsons, both merchants in the county according to business directories; and accounts in the ledger for a number of the farmers who are recorded as residents of Little's Mills and Mangum by Chataigne's North Carolina State Directory and Gazetteer 1883-84, p. 534. Parker also sold goods through D.C. McAuley, merchant of Mt. Gilead, across the county line in Montgomery County.

FILM

Manuscript

GUIDE

Recon

Parker, Nathan

Diary of Nathan Parker, Bedford Springs, Ky. 1861-1862

Civil War soldier's diary.

Original in possession of Mrs. George Newby, Rocky, Mount, N. C. Permission to micro film granted 3-31-51. (see Gift File) Parker, Oliver. Deed and bond, 1825. 2 items. Resident of Richmond, NY. Bond, and deed of Parker to Anna Parker. Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record.

1. Parker, Anna. 2. Deeds--New York (State). 3. Richmond (N.Y.) -- History.

* lbp

Parker, Willard (1800-1884).

Papers, 1866

New York, N. Y.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Parkes, Sir Harry Smith

Papers, 1853-1872

London, England

XVIII-E

12-13-67

3 items

3 items added, 2-9-68

Parkes, Sir Harry Smith. Papers, 1853-1872. London, England

Sir Harry Smith Parkes (1828-1885), British diplomat, had a distinguished career in the Far East. He was minister to Japan during 1865-1883.

His letters of June 3 and August 13, 1872, concern arrangements for a tour of Bradford and other manufacturing cities by the Iwakura embassy from Japan. One letter was

Parkes, Sir Harry Smith

addressed to a Mr. Law, and both may have been. There is a program from a banquet at Bradford in honor of the embassy on October 25. It was autographed by Iwakura.

3 items added, 2-9-68: Two letters of 1853 and 1860 were addressed to William Lockhart (1811-1896), British medical missionary. Parkes took charge of the Canton consulate in 1853 during the absence of the consul and vice consul. On May 25 he commented on his work, the appointments of the consuls, the rebellion at Nanking and the situation at Canton, and

Peter Parker, American diplomat. Britain was at war with China in 1860, and her troops entered Peking on Oct. 13. On Oct. 14 Parkes wrote about the success at Peking and the recent imprisonment suffered by himself and his entourage.

On Sept. 23, 1872, Parkes commiserated with a Mr. Cooke whose sister was ill.

MSS.

Parkes, William.

Letters and account book, 1843-1888.

52 items.

Includes letters written by several persons including several from Parkes to his brother Thomas Parkes, both of Laurenceburg, Laurence County, Tenn. Letters pertain to the Parkes's involvement in cotton, textiles, and lumber businesses. Also includes letters addressed to attorney David Campbell of Franklin and Nashville, Tenn. Campbell answered business questions and offered legal advice regarding the Parkes's business. Account book titled Parkes, Perkins, 1853 include entries and Co. 1849pertaining to machinery, slave expenses, and printing detailed in 27 JUN 95 32714263 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

MSS.

Parkes, William.

Letters and account book, ...

(Card 2)

a separate factory report.

1. Campbell, David. 2. Cotton
weaving-Tennessee. 3. Textile
industry-Tennessee. 4. Lumber tradeTennessee. 5. Slave labor-CostsTennessee. 6. Machinery-Costs.

Papers, 1864-1896

Chattanooga, Hamilton co., Tenn.

Section A

11-1-51 8 items

GUIDE

Parkhurst, John Gibson. Papers, 1864-1896. Chattanooga, Hamilton co., Tenn. 8 items. Sketch.

John Gibson Parkhurst of New York and Michigar was in 1861 lieut. col. of the 9th Mich. Infantry. In July of 1862 he was taken prisoner at Murfreesboro, Tenn., but was released in Dec. of that year. He was made a col. in 1863, and after the war was breveted brig. gen. of U.S. vols.

By Mar., 1864 he had been appointed provost marshal general of the Army of the Cumberland

Parkhurst, John Gibson. Sketch. and stationed at Chattanooga. Two of the letters of this collection are from Mrs. James K. Polk concerning her desire to send a trunk of ladies' clothes to her brother in Griffin, Ga. There are two letters from Mrs. Aaron V. Brown, a Unionist sympathizer, of "Melrose," near Nashville to Col. Parkhurst and his wife. In writing to the Col. she states why she and her daughters should not be within the Southern lines. She says that she has entertained Federal officers, housed, fed, and clothed several Union refugees, and made an appeal for aid for

Parkhurst, John Gibson. Sketch. 3
the thousands of refugees in Nashville, most of
them families of Federal soldiers. The letter
to Mrs. Parkhurst is an invitation to lunch.

Parkman, Francis

This collection consisted of letters from Parkman to Charles Colcock Jones, Jr. and has been transferred to the collection bearing Jones's name.

Papers, 1870-1890

Martinsburg, Berkeley Co., W. Va.

6-21-46

(See also bound vol. cards)

2 vols.

9 vols. added, 10-1-62

Parks, Alexander, Jr. Papers. Martinsburg, Berkeley Co., W. Va.

Alexander Parks, Jr. was born on April 22, 1847, in Baltimore, Md. In 1868, he moved to Martinsburg, W. Va., where he engaged in the grain, milling, and fertilizer business. Parks married Mary Ella Nadenbousch, daughter of John Q. A. Nadenbousch, land owner and miller of Martinsburg. Biographical sketches of Parks appear in the following sources: George W. Atkinson and Alvaro F. Gibbens, Prominent Men of West Virginia (Wheeling, W. Va., 1890),

Parks, Alexander, Jr. pp. 944-945; and James Morton Callahan, History of West Virginia, Old and New, and West Virginia Biography (Chicago and New York, 1923), II, 633-634. Some personal and business papers of Parks are in the John Q. A. Nadenbousch Papers in this department.

The first volume is a memorandum book kept while Parks was Worshipful Master of his lodge of Freemasons in 1875. The second is a receipt book with a few entries that concern a local Presbyterian church.

9 vols. added, 10-1-62: Volumes apparently containing records from the Martinsburg Flouring Mills, 1878-1890, which Parks had remodeled in 1877. He also constructed the Shenandoah Fertilizer Mills. The contents of these volumes are appropriate for a flour mill, and the ledger has a capital account for Parks that begins in 1878. Among these volumes are the ledger (1878-1890), four daybooks (1878-1885), and four sales books (1870-1888). The sales book for 1878 to 1881 contains records that antedate Parks's ownership of the

mills. Pages preceding page 178 of this volume constitute a sales book for a mill owned by Henry S. Hannis and Company of Philadelphia. This mill is located at Hannisville in Berkeley County, W. Va. A notation on the title page indicates that Parks was a book-keeper for the mill. The records extend from 1870 to 1872.

Hannis and Company operated distilleries. Included in the John Q. A. Nadenbousch Papers is a Report of the Hannis Distilling Co., May, 1872. In this report, there are

Daybook, 1878-1881

Martinsburg, Berkeley County, West Virginia 528 pp. Calf and Boards 29 x 41 cm.

F- 6652

Daybook, 1881-1882

Martinsburg, Berkeley County, West Virginia
530 pp. Calf and Boards 39 x 30 cm.

Daybook, 1883-1884

Martinsburg, Berkeley County, West Virginia
530 pp. Calf and Boards 28 x 38 cm.

Daybook, 1884-1885

Martinsburg, Berkeley County, West Virginia 528 pp. Calf and Boards 29 x 40 cm.

F- 6651

Ledger, 1878-1890

Martinsburg, Berkeley County, West Virginia
505 pp. Calf and Boards 28 x 39 cm.

Memoranda on Masonic Rites for Lodge no. 44, 1875-76.

Martinsburg, W. Va.

12 pp. Paper

17 x 10 cm.

See John Q.A. Nadenbousch papers and lound volume for further material on Alexander Parks, Jr.

GUIDE

Receipt Book, 1882-1883.

Martinsburg, W. Va.

48 pp.

Paper.

7 x 15 cm.

JUN 21 46
GUIDE

See John Q.A. Nadenbousch papers and 1 bound volume for further material on Alexander Parks, Jr. Sales Book, 1870-1881

678 pp. Calf and Boards

19 x 43 cm.

10-1-62

(Pages preceding page 178 are for Henry S. Hannis and Co.)

Parks, Alexander, Jr.

Sales Book, 1883-1884

Martinsburg, Berkeley County, West Virginia 530 pp. Calf and Boards 24 x 36 cm.

10-1-1962

Parks, Alexander, Jr.

Sales Book, 1885-1887

Martinsburg, Berkeley County, West Virginia 426 pp. Calf and Boards 24 x 36 cm.

10-1-1962

Sales Book, 1887-1888

Martinsburg, Berkeley County, West Virginia
434 pp. Calf and Boards 24 x 35\frac{1}{2} cm.

10-1-1962

Parks, Edward Eugene. Papers, 1847-1900.

6 items.

Resident of Dellaplane, Wilkes County, N.C.

Consists of two ledgers, one voter registration book, and three miscellaneous items.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record. * lbp

1. Voter registration--North Carolina--19th century. 2. Wilkes County (N.C.)--Politics and government.

Parks, Ella Howerton (Whitted)

Papers, 1977

Durham, Durham County, North Carolina

Section A

1 item

8-20-84

Parks, Ella Howerton (Whitted). Papers. Durham, Durham Co., N.C.

This collection is a reminiscence (23 pp.) entitled "Remembering" of what Durham, N.C., was like from about 1900 to 1918 by Mrs. Parks, a long-time resident of the city.

Mrs. Parks calls it "The Meanderings of an Old Lady," however, the time period she recalls is when she was a young girl. She speaks of specific people, commercial establishments, recreational facilities, and municipal buildings

Parks, Ella Howerton (Whitted)

and recalls various streets and communities in Durham. She tells of how the Civil War affected Durham's economy and how she remembers seeing men maimed by the War. She fondly remembers men tipping their hats to both women and young girls and said Dr. William Few was the "prince of all hat doffers." A brief description is given of Trinity College. A more detailed view is given of how the tobacco industry affected the lives of Durham's residents.

Parks, Enos T.

Papers, 1840-1855

Tunkhannock, Wyoming Co., Pa.

Section A

8 items

3-7-62

Parks, Enos T. Papers, 1840-1855. Tunkhannock, Pa.

The first three letters are by Enos' brother Joel of Barton, N. Y., who wishes to devote full time to portrait painting and the taking of daguerreotypes. He mentions some portraits he has already painted, but he was not found listed in reference books in this library on American painters. His letters, like those of his sisters Lydia and Janette of Bainbridge, Pa., mention various other relatives and acquaintance, including some who have died and some who have married.

Shelf location:

Cab. 69

Parks, Mary C., fl. 1827. Journals, 1827-1878. 4 items.

Journals (1827-July-1832 Jan. 20) in the form of diary entries and extracts from letters, written principally while the author was travelling with family and friends in France, Switzerland, and Germany between July and October, 1827. The bulk of the entries are written from Paris and include an account of a meeting with a group of Osage Indians that were visiting there. Other entries describe the local landscape, history, folklore, and customs of the various places visited. There are numerous colo r and pencil drawings that illustra te the text. Also includes one letter (1878 Oct. 10) 25 MAR 87 15363868 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

Parks, Mary C., fl. 1827.

Journals, 1827-1878. ... (Card 2)

and a clipping.

Card index in repository.

1. France--Description and travel.
2. Paris (France)--Description.
3. Switzerland--Description and travel.
4. Osage Indians. 5. Genre: Diaries-Women.

25 MAR 87 15363868 NDHYme

Parks, Zeb T.

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Parliamentary Directory Questionnaire Responses, 1829-1837

England

34-C

150 items

5-11-70

Part of the William B. Hamilton Collection

Parliamentary Directory Questionnaire Responses, 1829-1837. England

These manuscripts are autograph letters from members of the British House of Commons. They were apparently written in response to inquiries from the compilers of a register or directory. The register was mentioned, but not identified, in two of the letters: Jan. 3, 1833, and an undated one from St. John-Mildmay. Its identity remains obscure. Several firms published directories during this period. The name of the addressee has been removed from all

Parliamentary Directory Questionnaire Responses, 1829-1837

except four manuscripts, and these four all have different addressees: May 23, 1831, to Mr. Leicester; March 23, 1832, to R. S. Cotton [?], Esq., of West Park, Newbury; Feb. 21, from Archdale to Mr. Gordon; and an undated letter from Capt. Mathew to Mr. Galton or Gatton.

Many of the letters list only the dates at which the writers were elected from various constituencies. However, some of the letters contain information about events and circumstances of particular electoral contests in

Parmelee, Samuel Spencer and Uriah N. Parmelee

Letters and papers, 1845 (1860-1865) 1911

Guilford, Connecticut and Macon, Ga.

(See also bound vol. cards) and 2 vols.

GUIDE See also CCF-Parmelee, Ural N.

Parmelee, Samuel Spencer and Uriah N.
Letters and Papers. Guilford, Conn. and
Macon, Ga. 1845 (1860-1865) 1911 ca.
404 items and 2 bound Mss. diaries. (Typescript copies also).

Letters and papers of U. N. Parmelee (1841-1865) and of his brother, S. S. Parmelee (1843-19?) centering largely on the Civil War letters of U. N. Parmelee to his brother and parents in Guilford, Conn. U. N. Parmelee (class of 1863, Yale) enlisted in the 6th New York Cavalry, known * In 6th until March, 1864.

Parmelee, Samuel Spencer and Uriah N. as Ira Harris' Light Horse. He remained in the Cavalry throughout the war, rising to the rank of captain, Co. I, First Connecticut Cavalry.* He saw active service in the Peninsula Campaign, during which he became orderly to General John C. Caldwell, at Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellotsville, Gettysburg, Bristoe Station, the Wilderness, in the Richmond campaign of 1864 and in Sheridan's Valley and Richmond raids, before his death at the Battle of Five Forks April 1, 1865. From his letters and diaries an almost complete account of his * Joined 1st in March, 1864.

Parmelee: Samuel Spencer and Uriah N. 3 activities during the war can be obtained. Letters are long and full of details on battles, skimishes, camp life, morale, politics, rumors, etc. Family letters of inquiry on Uriah's death, official and private answers and letters of condolence.

Letters of S. S. Parmelee, a dealer in carriages, wagons, and leather goods in Macon, Ga., after the war, dealing with rental from property in Guilford, the death of his father U. N. Parmelee, Sr. (1888) the settlement of the estate, the recovery

Parmelee. Samuel Spencer and Uriah N. 4 in 1892 of Uriah's diary lost near Berry-ville, Va. (1864), and the location of Uriah's grave in the Petersburg National Cemetery (1911).

Correspondents include Uriah N. Parmelee, Sr. (1811-1888), their uncle Henry R. Spencer; their aunt Martha (Mrs. Henry R. Spencer); their cousins, Henry W. Spencer and Hannah Foote; and Captain Charles Griswold. Typescript copies of letters and diaries. Parmelee, Samuel Spencer and Uriah N.

Parmelee, Uriah N.

Diary, 1864

Guilford, Conn. (Civil War Action in Virginia)

265 pp.

Leather 12 mo.

GUIDE

SEP 20'48

In Parmelee Coll.

Cab. 34 80

Parmelee, Samuel Spencer and Uriah N.

Parmelee, Uriah N.

Diary Jan. - Mar., 1865.

Guilford, Conn. (Civil War action in Virginia)

53 pp.

Leather 12 mo.

GUIDE

In Parmelee Coll.

SEP 20'49

Cab. 24 80

Parnell, Alvin T. d. 1986. Photographs, ca. 1900-1961.

352 items.

Photographer; resident of Durham,

Negatives (297) and photographic prints (55) of buildings, events, and people in Durham from the early to midtwentieth century. Subjects include Trinity College reunion (ca. 1921) and the 1928 Duke University May Queen Beryl Jones with her attendant Marie Tyler.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record.

*pj



Parnell, Alvin T. d. 1986. Photographs, ...

(Card 2)

1. Durham (N.C.) -- History. 2. Photographers, Southern. 3. Documentary photography -- United States. 4. Documentary photography -- North Carolina. 5. North Carolina. 6. Genre: Photographs.

Parrish, Dillwyn, 1809-1886.

Letter: To Edward Stabler, Jr., 1864

Nov. 15.

1 item.

Clerk of Philadelphia Yearly Meeting, 1865-1872.

Primarily concerns the condition of orphans in St. Mary's Co., Md. during the Civil War and charitable support for these orphans. From indications within the letter, it seems that Parrish was involved with the Society of Friends war relief efforts, especially as they were related to orphanages. Testimonies of the plight of the children as well as mention of the governmen to confiscation of plantations in St. Mary's Co. are included.

29 JUL 93 28534415 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

X

Parrish, Dillwyn, 1809-1886. Letter: ... (Card 2)

1. Society of Friends--Charities. 2. United States--History--Civil War, 1861-1865--Charities. 3. Orphans--Maryland. 4. Saint Mary's County (Md.).

NcD 29 JUL 93 28534415 NDHYme

Parrish, Edward James 88 Papers, 1894-1926

"Lochmoor," Durham, Durham Co., N. C., and Tokyo, Japan

XIX-D; Vault (See 190 items and 11 also bound volume cards) vols.

5 items added, 6-1-71

SEE SHELF LIST

10-11-44 Recataloged, 1-19-71 Parrish, Edward James

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Parrish, Edward James.

Papers, late 1800s. -- Addition, 2 items. Japan. Nikko, Kyoto, Yokahama, and Tokyo Shelf location: 19-D

Edward James Parrish was a tobacconist in Japan, 1894-1900. -- Two volumes containing together 114 colored photographs of Japan.

Transfer Accessioned 4-4-87 Parrish, Edward James. Papers, 1894-1926. Durham, N. C.

Business and personal correspondence and other papers of Edward James Parrish (1846-1920), and of his wife, Rosa (Bryan) Parrish.

Some of the earliest papers concern the Murai Brothers Company, Ltd., a cigarette manufacturing company of Tokyo of which Parrish was first vice-president. This company also had interests in mines, farms, oil fields, and banks.

Parrish written during a stay at Hot Springs,

Ark., the remaining unbound papers are largely

*Son of Doctor(name, not title)Claiborne

Parrish.

bills for purchases made by Mrs. Parrish, and letters from Jones Fuller, her attorney, concerning the collection of Colonel Parrish's insurance policies following his death in 1920.

Among the undated material are Mrs. Parrish's reminiscences and impressions of her life in

Japan.

The volumes consist of letterpress books, a memorandum book, and a Bible of Colonel Parrish, a postal card album of Mrs. Parrish, and two albums of Kichibei Murai.

See also in this file bound volume cards under "Parrish, Edward James"; "Parrish, Rosa

(Bryan)"; and "Murai."

The Bible of Colonel Parrish is in the Vault. It contains no family records.

5 items added 6-1-71, are photographs of Edward James and Rosa (Bryan) Parrish taken during the six years, ca. 1900-1906, that Mr. Parrish represented the American Tobacco Company in Japan.

Parrish, Edward James

Kichibei, Murai

XIX-D

Album I, 1898-1900

Tokyo, Japan

3-17-41

Recataloged, 1-19-71

Photographs of banks, mines, oil fields, farms, and tobacco factories in which Murai had an interest.

Kichibei, Murai

XIX-D 66

Album II, 1900 [?]

Tokyo, Japan

3-17-41
Recataloged, 1-19-71
Photographs of residences of Kichibei Murai

Letterpress Book

Jan. 17 to Sept. 25, 1900

Durham, N. C., & Tokko, Japan

479 pp. Cloth 25 x 31 cm.

Letterpress Book

Oct. 4, 1900 to Aug. 27, 1901

Durham, N. C., & Tokyo, Japan

498 pp. Cloth 25 1-4 x 31 1-4 cm.

Letterpress Book

Aug. 28, 1901 to Aug. 4, 1902

Durham, N. C., & Tokyo, Japan

498 pp. Cloth 25 x 33 1-4 cm.

Letterpress Book

June 24, 1902 to Oct. 18, 1904

Durham, N. C., & Tokyo, Japan

210 pp. Cloth 24 x 30 1-2 cm.

Notebook on Tobacco Trade with China and Japan, 1894-1900

Tokyo, Japan

39 pp.

Leather

22 x 14 cm.

10-11-44

XIX-D

Recataloged, 1-19-71

Letterpress Book

Aug. 11, 1902 to Dec. 16, 1903

Durham, N. C., & Tokyo, Japan

499 pp. Cloth 24 1-2 x 34 cm.

Letterpress Book

Sept. 26 to Dec. 2, 1904

Durham, N. C., & Tokyo, Japan

127 pp. Cloth 25 x 30 3-4 cm.

XIX-D

Postal Card Album

Durham, N. C.

47 pp.

Boards

22 x 38 cm.

9-23-37
Part of the Edward James Parrish Papers.

Ireland, England, France, New Zealand, and the United States during the early part of the twentieth century.

Parrish, John H.

Ledger, 1871-1886

Talladega, Talladega Co., Ala.

192 pp. Boards

32 x 19 1-2 cm.

Personal and professional accounts of a physician.

8-20-58

GUIDE

Parrish, Joseph (1779-1840)

Papers, 1817

Philadelphia, Philadelphia Co., Pennsylvania.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Parrish, Joseph, Jr. (1818-1891)

Papers, 1888

Burlington, Burlington Co., New Jersey.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Parrish, Joseph, Jr. (1818-1891). Papers, 1888. Burlington, N. J. litem. Sketch.

Joseph Parrish, Jr. (1818-1891), was a Philadelphia surgeon interested in the treatment of alcoholics. In his letter to Judge J. T. Mitchell of Philadelphia, he refers to a pamphlet on the jurisprudence of this subject, as well as making a reference to the "rather new dogma of disease" as applied to alcoholism and to the International Congress on Inebrity.

MSS. 2nd 54,

Box 1

Parrish, W.K.

Correspondence, 1890-1906 and n.d.

5 items.

Rougement (Durham Co.), N.C.

resident.

Collection contains three letters from Julian Shakespeare Carr to Parrish, one from Carr to Maggie McCutchin, and an undated valentine from Carr, addressee unknown. In one letter to Parrish, Carr requests political support from Parrish, and discusses N.C. politics, in particular race relations and white supremacy. Another letter discusses at length the tobacco trust formed by J. B. Duke ther tobacco and several o

manufacturers 20 MAR 98

38754385 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS. 2nd 54, Box 1

Parrish, W.K.

Correspondence, ... (Card 2)

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged

from accession record.

*lcs

1. Carr, Julian Skakespeare. 2.

Duke, James Buchanan, 1856-1925. 3.

Valentines--North Carolina. 4. Tobacco industry--North Carolina. 5. Trusts,

Industrial. 6. White supremacy movements--North Carolina--History. 7.

Race relations--United States--History. 8. North Carolina--Politics and government--1865-1950. 9. Rougement (N.C.)--History. I. Carr, Julian Shakespeare.

SHELF LOCATION:

Sect. A

Parrish, N. C. b. ca. 1825.

Diary, 1848.

1 item (122 p.).

Clerk in general store and also an employee at an iron furnace, Sailor's

Rest, Montgomery County, Tenn.

Contains brief entries about daily activities, mostly at a general store and an iron furnace at Sailor's Rest and its vicinity. Includes frequent references to general trade conditions, local citizens, the weather, local churches and preachers and Parrish's associates, Isaac D. West owner of the furnace, Burrell Corban, and Q.C. Atkison. References also to shipping on the Tennes see River, trade patterns of the store and the furnace and M ethodist camp

19 MAY 88 17974853 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Parrish, N. C. b. ca. 1825. Diary, 1848. ... (Card 2) meetings.

1. Iron industry and trade--Tennessee 2. General stores -- Tennessee 3. Campmeetings--Tennessee 4. Methodist Episcopal Church, South--Tennessee 5. Tennessee--Commerce 6. Montgomery county (Tenn.) -- Commerce 7. Montgomery County (Tenn.) -- Church history 8. Tennessee River -- History 9. West, Isaac D. b. ca. 1829 10. Corban, Burrell b. 1811 11. Atkinson, Q.C.

Papers, 1831-1929

Portsmouth, Rockingham Co., N. H.

6 - B

433 items & 2 volumes

5-1-72

Parrott, Enoch Greenleafe. Papers. Portsmouth, Rockingham Co., N. H.

Enoch Greenleafe Parrott was born Nov. 27, 1815, in Portsmouth, N. H., the son of Susan (Parker) and Enoch Greenleafe Parrott. He was appointed midshipman Dec. 10, 1831, and lieutenant Sept. 8, 1841. In the years prior to the Civil War, he served in squadrons off the coasts of Brazil and Africa, in the Pacific, and in the Mediterranean. During the Mexican War, he took part in Frémont's march from Los

Angeles to Monterrey. He also served on the coastal survey and at the naval observatory in Washington, D. C. In 1858 he commanded the U. S. S. Despatch, which was on special duty on the Florida coast.

Parrot was promoted to commander in April, 1861, and his ship, U. S. S. Perry, captured the first Southern privateer of the war. As commander of the U. S. S. Augusta, he took part in the Battle of Port Royal, S. C., the blockade of Charleston, S. C., and the capture

of several blockade-runners. Later ships that he commanded were the U. S. S. Canonicus and the U. S. S. Monadnock. Following the war, Parrott served as commander of the receiving ship at Boston and Portsmouth, commandant of the naval yards in Portsmouth and Mare Island, and finally as commander of the Asiatic Squadron until his retirement in April, 1874. He was promoted to the rank of captain, July 25, 1866, commodore, April 22, 1870, and rear admiral, Nov. 8, 1873. After his retirement,

he returned to his home in Portsmouth where he died after a paralytic stroke on May 10, 1879. Additional biographical information can be found in the Dictionary of American Biography.

Considering the active career of Parrott, the collection is remarkably barren of any real substance. About a third of the letters are written to his sister, Susan Parker (Parrott) Spalding, her husband, Lyman Dyer Spalding, and their numerous offspring. Although these letters contain some descriptions of places like

England and Tunisia, and some comments on politics and Parrott's naval experiences, they were written sporadically from 1851 to 1873 and contain mostly family news and information about Portsmouth friends. The other major portion of the correspondence consists of letters to and from naval officials, crew members, and the Navy Department in Washington, D. C. They are almost entirely official and routine letters such as orders, and they cover the period from 1851 to 1874. Parrott kept drafts of his official corIn the early 1850's, Parrott was involved in a naval investigation, and much of the material centers around this. He felt that his commanding officer, Joshua Ratoon Sands, had given him an unduly harsh punishment for a negligible offense, so he protested to the Navy Department. The naval board found in Parrott's favor and censured Sands for his "irrascible and quick temper" (1852, May 26).

In 1858, Parrott commanded the U. S. S. Despatch which was on special duty along the Florida coast. Word had been received that an attempt would be made to land slaves from Africa somewhere along the Southeastern coast. The shipment of slaves never materialized, but Parrott's ship and several others were kept busy trying to find it.

In 1874, while serving as commander of the Asiatic Squadron, Parrott suffered a physical and nervous breakdown which necessitated his

retirement. The collection contains the doce tor's reports, ordered by Parrott, and his orders to return home.

The collection also contains financial papers (1828-1890), legal papers (1851-1880), lists of officers from various ships that Parrott served on, extracts from logs, ships' plans, obituaries, and two small notebooks, one containing poetry written by Parrott's brother, James B. Parrott.

See also in the Manuscript Department the

Parrott, Enoch Greenleafe, 1815-1879. Papers, 1805-1935.

116 items.

Naval officer (Lieutenant) of Portsmouth, N.H.

Collection consists of business and personal correspondence. Included are invitations to several social functions including balls at Buckingham Palace, and letters from Parrott's sister, Blizabeth, to him and his brother James. The business correspondence includes orders from the Navy Department to Parrott to intercept slave trade smugglers along the Texas coast, orders about other naval matters including des ertion and scandal IO in 1868, letters aboard the OH relative to n aval operations that 11 MAY 95 32458481 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Parrott, Enoch Greenleafe, 1815-1879. (Card 2) Papers, give insights into the U.S. Navy in the 1860s, and letters concerning Parrott's estate. Also included are miscellaneous bills, receipts, and financial statements of Parrott, and bankruptcy papers concerning his brother James. There are clippings concerning Senator John F. Parrott, who invented the Parrott Gun in 1816, and a battle between the two Navy ships, the brig of war PERRY, in which Parrott was the commander, and the Confederate schooner SAVANNAH in 1861. There are also three photographs of Parrott, his , and of the Parrot brother James ampshire, which was home in New H 1800. built around 1 MAY 95 32458481 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Parrott, Enoch Greenleafe, 1815-1879.
Papers, ... (Card 3)

Cataloged from accession record. Unprocessed collection.

* lbp

Addition to Enoch Greenleafe Parrott papers, 1851-1929.

1. Slave-trade--United States. 2. United States. Navy--History--19th century. 3. United States--History--Civil War, 1861-1865--Naval operations--Campaigns and battles. 4. Ohio (Ship). 5. Perry (Brig). 6. Savannah (Schooner).

Parsons, Charles

In Memoriam (from State National Bank), St. Louis, Mo.

2 pp. Leather 34 x 25 cm.

A handsomely bound volume signed by L. F. Jones, vice-president of the bank, praising Parsons' services.

7-29-58

GUIDE

Parsons, Mason

Papers, 1812(1815-1838)1890

Woodsboro, Frederick co., Maryland

Section A 12-1-51

43 items

GUIDE

Mason Parsons was a merchant, who also served for a time as postmaster, deputy sheriff, cashier in a bank, teacher, and temperance lecturer He and his brother-in-law, E. Dening of Scotland Society, Conn., were in the mercantile business together in Woodsboro and McKinstry(s Mills, Maryland, from at least 1824 to 1835, when Parsons sold his interest and took employment in a bank in Waodsboro. Later he went back into the mercantile business, but during

Parsons, Mason . Sketch.

the depression following the panic of 1837 he was forced out of business and reduced to teaching school. He was also lecturing on temperance at this time.

Parsons had at least four sisters, Phebe, Asenath, Mary, and Hannah. The latter died in 1824. There is some of Phebe's correspondence

in this collection.

Mary, daughter of Geo. and Elizabeth Shank was Parson's first wife. She died on Feb. 5, 1830. In 1833 he married Charlotte Gilbert.

By his first wife he had three children, and at least six by his second one.

For years Parsons was in ill health, and so was his sister Phebe, who lived with him.

A letter of 1830 mentions commodity prices. In Oct., 1844, Mason wrote that the Clay-Polk mania surpassed any other mania he had known and said that the Whigs had elected their guaranterial candidate in Maryland; a letter from Frederick, Md., tells of Stephen A. Douglas making a speech there.

Parsons, Mosby Monroe.

Papers, 1861-1862

Missouri

Section A

1-16-64

9 items

Parsons, Mosby Monroe. Papers, 1861-1862. Missouri.

C.S.A. General Mosby Monroe Parsons (1822-1865) was a lawyer and politician who helped raise Confederate military units in Missouri after his work with Governor Claiborne Fox Jackson failed to bring Missouri into the Confederacy. General Parsons given names have several versions, but these papers bear the designation given by the Official Records of the War of the Rebellion. He commanded the sixth division of the Missouri State Guards and served

as second to its Commander-in-Chief, Sterling Price, not receiving his (Parsons') commission as brigadier general in the C.S.A. until Nov. 5, 1862. These papers fall into the early period of his career.

Serving with the First Infantry, Fourth Division, M.S.G., was Colonel John T. Hughes who wrote two letters, Aug. 29 and Sept. 4, 1861, to the editor of the <u>Liberty</u> (Missouri) <u>Tribune</u>, Col. Robert H. Miller. These MSS. give an excellent picture of the fighting in the summer of 1861. He summarizes Confederate feeling in

Missouri towards Union tyranny and Kansas Jayhawkers. In particular he denounces Union Governor Hamilton Rowan Gamble. An unusually graphic picture of the Battle of Springfield, Aug. 10, 1861, describes rumors, casualties, and prisoners. Reference is made to Generals Sterling Price, Ben McCulloh, and Franz Sigel. The German troops referred to as Dutch are probably the First Missouri Regiment; and the "regulars," Co. B, Second U.S. Infantry, Gen. Lyon's plains veterans. General Franz Sigel commanded the German Fourth and Fifth Missouri Regiments.

Parsons, Mosby Monroe

The second letter by Hughes, Sept. 5, 1861, from Nevada, Vernon County, Missouri, describes the Confederate campaign against Fort Scott, Kansas. General Price moves against Union Generals James Henry Lane and James Montgomery. Much comment is made about the Kansas Jayhawkers. Evidently two batteries under General M. M. Parsons did most of the fighting. The Confederate forces do not cross the border into Kansas, having driven the Jayhawkers out of Missouri.

General Orders sent to General Parsons by General Earl Van Dorn commanding the Army of the

West are dated May 10 and June 17, 1862, and concern reorganization and staff work of his regiments. Commanding the Department of the West, General Pierre Gustave Toutant Beauregard praises, on June 11, 1862, the military conduct of John Bordenave Villepigue at Fort Pillow. In command of Price's Division after May 30, 1862, General Lewis Henry Little issued a circular on June 17, 1862, regarding sentry duty. All these orders concerning military organization are addressed to General Parsons.

See also the Wiswall MSS., the Gideon Pillow

SHELF

Sect. A

Parsons, Sarah B.
Diary, 1819-1859.
1 volume (171 p.).

Wife of Rev. Issac Parsons, East

Haddam, Ct.

Reflections upon family and spiritual life. Bulk of entries chronicle her childrens' birthdays, illnesses, education, and marriages. Frequently mentions progress of her husband's church, local prayer meetings and revivals, illnesses and deaths in the New England community.

1. Women -- Religious life.

2. Spiritual life--Women. 3. Mothers-Religious life. 4. New England-Religion--19t h century. 5. Genre:

Diaries--Wome n.

Parsons, Usher (1788-1868).

Papers, 1825-1840

Providence, Porvidence Co., Rhode Island.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the 13 items. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Parsons, Usher (1788-1868). Papers, 1825-1840. Providence, R. I. 13 items. Sketch.

Usher Parsons (1788-1868) physician and surgeon, was surgeon's mate in the U. S. Navy, (with Comodore Perry Lake Erie), professor of medicine and author of many medical works. His papers begin in 1819 when he was in Europe on the U. S. S. Guerrière. Baron Desgenettes writes of a visit by Parsons to the Military Hospital of Paris. By 1825 John Jeffries writes to ask about anatomical preparations for a cabinet. Dr. John C. Warren, George Hayward, and James Jackson of Boston refer to consultations made by

Dr. Parsons. He had married the sister of Oliver Wendell Holmes to whom he wrote in 1830 introducing Dr. Turner of Newport, R. I. John White Webster states in 1837 his plans for a lecture series on electro-magnetism in Providence R. I.

Dr. Parsons taught briefly at Jefferson Medical College in the early 1830's. In 1838 Thomas M. Potter reviewed the commencement of the medical department at the University of Pennsylvania with comments on Dr. William E. Horner, Dr. Blanding, and Dr. Mutter, etc.

Parsons, Usher (1788-1868)

In 1840 J. B. Whitridge writes from Charleston, S. C., on Whig politics, the Harrison campaign for the Presidency, and his family (Dr. Whitridge of R. I., his father, and Dr. West, his brother-in-law). Parsons was compiling a history of early R. I. physicians.

Other references to Parsons' publications are made by James Thacher, John Witt Randall, and Enoch Hale, John Fisher, Jeffries Wyman and Jerome Van Crowningshield Smith are also

correspondents.

Partington, Wilfred George.

Scrapbook, ca. 1799-1809

London, England

17 pages Leather and Boards 323 x 20 3 cm.

9-21-61

Partington, Wilfred George. Scrapbook, ca. 1799-1809. London, England.

Wilfred George Partington (1888-c.1955) was a British author and journalist. He collected art, books, and manuscripts, and this volume comes from his Anglo-Indian Collection.

The volume is entitled Necessaries for a Writer to India, c. 1799, and Other Documents. The table of contents and the explanatory notes which precede the historical documents are handwritten. These notes, signed by Partington, include three pages of information on the

broadside, which is also entitled Necessaries for a Writer to India. The broadside has a long list of items that a writer should obtain for his use in India. Partington assigns the date of ca. 1799 to this document and explains in his notes why he does so. He gave a second copy of the broadside to Herbert Niel Randle, Librarian of the India Office, who was to place it in that depository. Randle was librarian from 1933-1949.

There is a letter (n.d., p. 15) of William Robert Spencer (1769-1834), British poet and

wit, in which he seeks assistance in obtaining a writership for a George Bonsall. Spencer is anxious to get this post, he writes, because a valuable reversion to his children is dependent upon it. The official involved in Henry Dundas, First Viscount Melville.

Four other documents pertain to the East India Company. The earliest of these is Regulation IX of the company in 1800 which provides for the establishment of a college at Fort William in Bengal for the training of junior civil servants. This regulation (8 pp.) has

twenty-eight articles. There is a printed resolution of the company's General Court of July 6, 1809 (1 p.). In response to a hostile report from a committee of the House of Commons the directors tighten the regulations and qualifications for the appointment of future writers and cadets. A four-page document has regulations for the appointment of students at the East India College who seek to become writers. It contains a quotation from an act of Parliament that regulates writerships, a copy of a certificate which all candidates must complete, and a resoPartington, Wilfred George.

1ution of the Court of Directors on Aug. 9,1809,

that denies appointments to those who try to obtain them by corrupt means. This document is undated, but probably comes from about 1809. The third and fourth pages bear a watermark of

1805. The last item is the form of a petition for nominating students (4 pp.). This

document is undated. Pages three and four have

a watermark of 1805.

MSS. Sec. A

Partridge, Alden, 1785-1854.

Letter, 1829.

1 item.

Military educator.

Collection consists of one business letter from Horace Webster (1794-1871), professor of mathematics and natural philosophy at Geneva College (now Hobart College), Geneva, N.Y., to Partridge, discussing the college and Partridge's plan for establishing a military academy in N.C.

Cataloged from manual record.

*lcs

1. Geneva College (N.Y.) 2. Military education-North Carolina. 3. Partridge, Al den, 1785-1854. I. Webster, Hora ce, 1794-1871.

Partridge, Benjamin Waring

Papers, 1824-1945

Monticello, Jefferson Co., Fla.

Cab. 46

111 items

7-12-68

Partridge, Benjamin Waring, Papers. Monticello, Jefferson Co., Fla.

Benjamin Waring Partridge was born in 1846, the son of John Nathaniel and Eliza Lavinia (Waring) Partridge. His parents were descendants of families long resident in South Carolina, but they moved to Florida around 1831. John Nathaniel Partridge became a planter and local preacher in the Methodist church in Florida. B.W. Partridge married Mary Denham and remained in the family's adopted home at Monticello, Jefferson Co., Fla.

Partridge, Benjamin Waring. Genealogical information on the Partridge family can be found in a copy of Mary Ellen Partridge's application for membership in the United Daughters of the Confederacy (Jan. 26, 1938) and in a pamphlet by Croom Partridge, John Nathaniel Partridge and Henry Edward Partridge, John Andrew Partridge, William Waring Carroll, His Descendants who Followed Him in the Methodist Ministry (n.p., 1944). This pamphlet has been transferred for cataloguing and shelving with other printed material in the Perkins Library.

The papers comprising this collection are a miscellaneous group consisting principally of family correspondence. The letters cover three generations of life in Monticello, beginning with John Nathaniel Partridge and his wife. The first generation is also represented by papers of Andrew and Adaline Denham, parents of Benjamin's wife Mary. These older papers are mainly concerned with personal matters. A letter written in April, 1832, contains comments on politics in South Carolina and that state's attitude toward tariff legisPartridge, Benjamin Waring. 4
lation. A letter of April 24, 1857, to Andrew Denham from a friend in his native Scotland includes references to various authors as well as to friends and family whom Denham had left in Scotland.

Letters of the succeeding generation consist of correspondence exchanged among B.W. Partridge, his wife, and their family. Benjamin enlisted in the 3rd Florida Volunteers, C.S.A. Army, in 1861, and several letters from him in that year and the next recount his service with his regiment along the coast of

Partridge, Benjamin Waring. South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida. His letters of 1882 tell of his treatment and convalescence after an attack of malaria. A letter from his brother Henry Edward discussed life at Wofford College (May 6, 1868). On June 16, 1895, R.D. Rugeley wrote to tell of a convention of Confederate veterans held at Houston. He discussed the 15th Regiment of Cavalry, the second unit in which Benjamin Partridge served during the Civil War. The third generation of Partridges is rep-

resented by letters to their parents and by

Partridge, Richard (1805-1873)

Papers, 1837

London, Middlesex Co., England.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Pascalis, Pierre Antoine.

Memoire, 1821.

Paris, France.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the 1 vol. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Pascalis, Pierre Antoine. Memoire, 1821. Paris, France. 1 vol. Sketch.

Pierre Antoine Pascalis, French physician of the Faculty of Paris, and head of a commission to determine the effects of electricity in ill-nesses, writes a memoire in 1819 on medical electricity. He is nominated as an associate of the French Academy and sends the pamphlet to Baron [Larrey?] to secure his favor for his nomination.

Pascalis-Ouviere, Felix.

Papers, 1824

New York, N. Y.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Pascalis-Ouviere, Felix. Papers, 1824. New York, N. Y. 1 item. Sketch.

Felix Pascalis-Ouvière (1750-1833), French physician and epidemiologist, practiced in New York, where he wrote to Philip Hone of the financial affairs of the New York Horticultural Society in relation to the voting of stockholders.

Passfield, Sidney James Webb, First Baron

See Webb, Sidney James, First Baron Passfield Pasteur, Louis, (1822-1895).

Papers, 1877-1889

Paris, France.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the 4 items. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Pasteur, Louis (1822-1895). Papers, 1877-1889. Paris, France. 4 items. Sketch.

Louis Pasteur (1822-1895), renowned French physician, writes on March 7, 1885, that his rabies vaccination is working on animals, though he has not yet dared to vaccinate human beings. Pasteur in notes on Edouard Dumas' book (chemistry?) refers to incorrect results in Lavoisier's work.

A holo. manuscript of the proceedings of the Academy of Medicine in Paris on March 19, 1878, is corrected by Louis Pasteur. He had been at work on the solution of the problem of anthrax. On Mar. 19,

Pasteur, Louis (1822-1895)

to the Academy in an experiment on fowls his theories on anthrax. (By 1881 he had learned the whole life history of anthrax and evolved a method of protecting cattle and sheep against it).

DOSS 27: K: 1-L: 12, P:1-12, 28:B:1-4

Patinkin, Don.

Papers, 1890-1995 and n.d. (bulk

1947-1992).

ca. 90,000 items.

Noted economist and professor at

Hebrew University in Israel. Died 1995.
Correspondence, research, publishing, teaching, and subject files documenting the career of Don Patinkin at the University of Chicago, the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, and many other institutions. Extensive correspondence files include the names of many notable economists. Much of Patinkin's work relates to the career and theories of John Maynard Keynes; other areas of

value; intere st; banking;

18 NOV 97 37964104 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

DOSS 27:K:1-L:12, P:1-12, 28:B:1-4

Patinkin, Don.

Papers, ... (Card 2)
macroeconomics; equilibrium theories;
and unemployment. Many files contain
information on Patinkin's considerable
published output. Other files document
his activities on behalf of many
organizations such as the Bank of
Israel, the Econometric Society, and
the Maurice Falk Institute for Economic
Research in Israel. Includes Patinkin's
own early student notebooks while
studying at the University of Chicago
in the 1940's. There are a few
photographs of Patinkin.

Some materi als are in Hebrew, and include docum ents relating to Patinkin's in volvement in Israeli
18 NOV 97 37964104 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

NcD

DOSS 27: K: 1-L: 12, P: 1-12, 28: B: 1-4

Patinkin, Don.

Papers, ... (Card 3)
politics and economic development, as
well as course materials from classes
taught by Patinkin at Hebrew
University.

*pj Finding aid in repository.

1. Keynes, John Maynard, 1883-1946.
2. University of Chicago. School of Economics. 3. Econometric Society. 4. Bank of Israel. 5. Universitah halvrit bi-Yeru shalayim. 6. Maurice Falk Institut e for Economic Research in I srael. 7. Economics—18 NOV 97 37964104 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

DOSS 27:K:1-L:12, P:1-12, 28:B:1-4

Patinkin, Don.

Papers, ... (Card 4) Study and teaching. 8. Economists-Correspondence. 9. Economics--History -- 20th century. 10. Economics--History--Israel. 11. Keynesian economics. 12. Financial institutions -- Economic aspects. 13. Macroeconomics. 14. Money. 15. Interest and usury. 16. Value. 17. Unemployment -- Econometric models. 18. Equilibrium (Economics). 19. Israel--Economic conditions. 20. Israel--Social conditions. 21. Israel--

Politics and government.

Patmore, Coventry Kersey Dighton

Letter. 1858, Aug. 30

London, England

XVIII-E

1 item

AUG 5 '40

GUIDE

Patmore, Coventry. Letter. 1858, Aug. 30. London, England.

A. L. S. to Ticknor and Co., Boston, Mass. his publisher, acknowledging the receipt of a draft for 37 pounds, 10 shillings from the sale of the "Angel in the House".

PATMOS. MONASTERY OF SAINT JOHN THEOLOGOS

See Saint John Basilian Monastery (Patmos)

MSS.

Paton, Margaret, b. 1831.

Diary, 1849-1872.

16 v.

Wife of merchant from Montrose, Scotland.

Sixteen diaries (1849 Oct. 1 to 1872 Dec. 31) kept by Margaret Paton, beginning seven months after her marriage and continuing with little interruption for twenty-three years. She chiefly records her thoughts and moods, how she spends her days, and various events such as the marriages and deaths of persons she knows. Many entries include information about her husband's activities and to a lesser degree her re lationship with him. While sometim es recording events of national sign ificance, she 23 MAY 95 32527077 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Paton, Margaret, b. 1831.

Diary, ... (Card 2)

primarily focuses on private life and events at a local level.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record.

*pj

1. Paton, Thomas Bell. 2. Diaries—
Women authors. 3. Domestic relations—
Scotland. 4. Family—Scotland. 5.
Marriage—Scotland. 6. Women—Family
relationships. 7. Merchants, Scottish.
8. Scotland—Social life and customs—
19th century. 9. Montrose, Scotland—
History—19th century. 10. Scotland—
History—19th century. 11. Scotland—
Commerce. 12 Genre: Diaries.

Patrick, Charlotte

Papers, 1863-1875

Lenoir County, North Carolina

Section A

13 items

11-5-33

Recataloged, 11-7-86

Patrick, Charlotte. Papers, 1863-1875. Lenoir County, North Carolina. 13 items.

Miss Charlotte Patrick of Lenoir County, N.C., was the recipient of letters from Edward D. Walsh, an officer in the Confederate Army and from friends and members of her family. Walsh was an officer in the 10th Regiment, North Carolina State Troops, an artillery regiment. His letters concern his courtship of Miss Patrick and military matters. In 1863 he was stationed at Fort Holmes on Smith Island, a camp near Wilmington, and at Fort Pender. In 1866 Charlotte Patrick was a student at Louisburg Female College. On April 28 she wrote about her situation there and also noted the blacks in town and the

Patrick, Charlotte. Papers, 1863-1875. (card 2) arrival of Northern women who had come to teach them.

Patrick, Mrs. Sarah A.

Recon

Papers, 1850

West Buffalo, Scott Co., Iowa

Section A

2 items

6-2-64

10

Patrick, Mrs. Sarah A. Papers, 1850. West Buffalo, Scott Co., Iowa.

A letter of Oct. 1, 1850, is addressed to Sarah A. Patrick of Rutland, Ohio, by W. A. Townsend. It appears that Sarah may have been the intermediary between Thomas and another girl rather than the object of his affection. In addition to her name at the end of the letter there are also the initials "M. E. P." An undated letter is addressed to Mrs. Sarah A. Patrick at West Buffalo, Iowa, by a boy friend,

Patrick, Mrs. Sarah A. Jerome Ruby [?].

Patrick, Walter

Papers, 1829-1859

Steuben County, N. Y.

7-29-58 l vol. (See also bound l vol. added, 12-12-61 vol. cards)

Recon

MSS. M:5878, M:6730

Patrick, Walter.

Ledger and Record book, 1829-1859.

2 v.

Steuben Co., N.Y. resident.

Collection consists of two volumes.

A ledger (66 pp.) contains accounts for goods transported, days worked, and summonses and warrants delivered. The second volume is a record book containing notes on various lawsuits, one involving Patrick.

Cataloged from Guide and manual

record.

*lcs

1. Steuben County (N.Y.) -- History.

2. Business r ecords—New York—
History--19th century. 3. Genre:
Ledger. 4. G enre: Legal documents.

19 MAR 98 38744849 NDHYme

NcD

Ledger, 1829-1859

M-6730

Steuben County, N. Y.

66 pp.

Boards

 $16\frac{1}{2} \times 19\frac{1}{2} \text{ cm}.$

12-12-61

Record Book, 1838-1841
Steuben County, New York

M-5878

7-29-58

Patrick, William Franklin, Jr.

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Done

Patrons of Husbandry. N. C.

Raleigh Grange, No. 17

Papers, 1872-1890

Raleigh, North Carolina

Cab. 99 (See also bound vol. cards)

March 31, 1942 & 11-5-33

& 3 vols.

Patrons of Husbandry. N.C. Raleigh Grange, No.17 Papers, 1872-1890. Raleigh, N.C. 118 items

This collection contains the business papers of a local grange, Raleigh Grange, No. 17, during the period when R. B. Saunders and B. C. Manly served as secretaries of the local grange. One letter, however, the first one of the collection, was written to N. P. Jones, the secretary.

As might be surmised, the letters to the secretaries are concerned with the prices of

commodities used by farmers. The bulk of these letters come from Themas Stanley of New Bern, a dealer in grain, various fertilizer companies and manufacturers of lows. There are occasional letters from secretaries of other granges. One letter (July 31, 1875) evidently written by a secretary, came from Oliver Hudson Kelley, founder of the Grange or Patrons of Husbandry. In general, the sixty-one broadsides and circulars included in the collection are of

more interest than the letters which are largely routine. These circulars are concerned with the prices and sale of numerous products, chief among which are cook stoves, sewing machines, corn planters, cotton gins, paints, fertilizers and seeds. Of special interest in this group are: (1) a circular of the Great American Tea Company, New York, August 1874, making favorable offers to the Grange and showing a list of granges dealing with them, (2) two circulars signed by John Ott of the Southern Fertilizing

Patrons of Husbandry. N.C. Raleigh Grange. 4.

Company of Richmond, Va. (January 1875 and March 4, 1875) endeavoring to secure the patronage of the Patrons of Husbandry, (3) three circulars relating to song books, seals and regalia, and a schedule of meetings from Oliver Hudson Kelley (4) an executive circular from the Grange urging members to turn in a list of their needs to their local secretaries, and (5) a circular "To the Sisters of the Order" regarding the purchase of dry goods.

Patrons of Husbandry. N.C. Raleigh Grange

Numerous subject entries were added to the card catalog for the letters, printed material, and miscellany in this collection on Oct. 21, 1982.



Patrons of Husbandry. North Carolina. Raleigh Grange, No. 17.

Accounts. 1873-1874.

Raleigh, North Carolina



M-3252

Patrons of Husbandry. North Carolina.

A List of the Subordinate Granges of North Carolina with their Masters and Secretaries. 1875-1890.

Raleigh, North Carolina



Patrons of Husbandry. North Carolina. Raleign Grange, No. 17.

Minutes. 1873-1875.

Raleigh, North Carolina

C

Patrons of Husbandry. South Carolina Letters and Minutes. 1873-1876.

Richland County, South Carolina

1 box. cab. 72

50 pieces 4 notebooks

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY. South Carolina Cottage Grange. Letters and Minutes. 1873 - 1876. Richland County, S.C. Sketch 54 pieces

These letters and minutes refer to the organization and activities of the grange movement. As such they provide a small but important body of information regarding the attempt at agricultural organization in the postbellum period.

Patten, Jean Maury (Coyle)

Papers, 1906-1920

Washington, D. C.

Section A

15 items

10-4-68

Patten, Jean Maury (Coyle). Papers. Washington, D. C.

Jean Maury (Coyle) Patten was the wife of John Dewhurst Patten, a Washington, D. C., attorney, and a close friend of John Burroughs, the well-known naturalist and writer who lived in West Park, N. Y. For information on Mrs. Patten see Clara Barrus, The Life and Letters of John Burroughs (Boston, 1925).

This small collection consists of personal letters from Burroughs to Mrs. Patten, whose

Patten, Jean Maury (Coyle) home in Washington he often visited. Burroughs wrote about himself, his work, the health of his wife, their travels, and their home in West Park, N. Y. His vivid descriptions of the seasons and the wildlife around his home were in keeping with his interests as a naturalist. He mentioned a visit with President Theodore Roosevelt on May 13, 1906, and his friendship with Thomas Edison (Oct. 27, 1916) and Henry Ford (Nov. 10, 1919). In a letter of March 18, 1916, he expressed great satisfaction with a portrait of

himself painted by the Hungarian Princess
Elizabeth Lwoff-Parlaghy, a popular painter in
Europe and America and the wife of the court
painter of Kaiser Wilhelm II. Burroughs also
mentioned his relationships with Dr. Clara Barrus (Oct. 20, 1916, and Nov. 10, 1919), a family
friend and his literary executor, and Dr. Frank
Baker, a Washington anatomist (Feb. 17, 1906).

Patten, Mary Elizabeth

Papers, 1913-1943

Washington, D. C.

14-E 5-20-69 13 volumes

Patten, Mary Elizabeth. Papers. Washington, D. C.

Mary Elizabeth Patten, along with her two sisters, Josephine and Helen, occupied a prominent position in Washington, D. C., society for at least thirty years. The Patten home on Massachusetts Avenue was considered a "shrine for the non-political world of fashion" (Mrs. John King Van Rensselaer, The Social Ladder, pp. 267-268). The Pattens were included in most important society functions and were

acquainted with at least six Presidents of the United States.

The collection consists of twelve diaries, the first in 1913 and the last in 1943, and one scrapbook. The diary entries are primarily comments on various social functions, which were numerous, and the people who attended them. Only rarely does Miss Patten comment on topics of national concern or international affairs, and then only superficially. Her list of acquaintances, however, is impressive in

length and in prominence.

Notables commented on in the diaries include Mr. & Mrs. William Howard Taft; Mrs. Grover Cleveland and her fiancée (and later husband); Thomas Jex Preston; Elihu Root; Woodrow Wilson and Mrs. Ellen Axson Wilson; Calvin Coolidge and Mrs. Coolidge; Franklin D. Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt; Warren G. Harding and Mrs. Harding; James Middleton Cox; Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes; Charles G. Dawes; Charles A. Lindbergh; Theodore Roosevelt; Alice Roosevelt Longworth; Nicholas Longworth; Herbert Hoover;

The scrapbook contains clippings from various newspapers (articles and pictures), invitations, and a few letters. A letter of March 23, 1927, from the ambassador to Chile, William Miller Collier, describes the political situation in that country. The other letters are of a more personal nature.

Patterson, James

Recon

Papers, 1853-1864

Franklinville, Randolph Co., N. C.

Section A

14 items

6-30-61

Patterson, James. Papers, 1853-1864. Franklinville, N. C.

Chiefly family letters. A niece of James Patterson, Ellen Allred, writes from Wayne Co., Iowa, in 1855, stating that her husband and brother have homesteaded 160 acres of land each. She says that they are living in a settlement of thirteen "Carolina" families, and she mentions a number of these families and individuals within the families.

Several of the letters are from Patterson's son, J. A., who writes in desperation from a military prison in Wilmington to his wife and father. He alleges that he has been imprisoneed

unjustly for desertion and wants them to do what they can toward getting him released so that he can return to his company. By Oct. I he had been released and returned to his company at Fort Anderson, N. C., cleared of all charges against him.

Papers, 1825-1869

Hamilton, Butler Co., Ohio

Cab. 70

2-11-67

99 items and 2 vols.
19 items added, 9-13-72

Patterson, John E. Papers, 1825-1869. Hamilton, Butler Co., Ohio

John E. Patterson was the son of Andrew O. Patterson, a Presbyterian clergyman. His brother William S. Patterson died as a young man, but another brother, James R., and sisters Anna and Alice survived. He spent his youth in western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio where his father preached. After completing medical training, he tried unsuccessfully to establish a practice in Pittsburgh Sewickley, and Uniontown, Pa., and Hamilton and Cincinnati,

Ohio. He joined the Union Army and served as a medical officer on board the hospital ship Nashville which was based at Columbus, Ky.

The correspondence contained in this collection consists mainly of letters from his family to John E. Patterson. References are made to politics and government in Ohio, with uncomplimentary remarks about Clement Laird Vallandigham. A letter of Mar. 31, 1838, from William A. McDowell to Andrew O. Patterson discusses the organization of the Presbyterian Church. Other topics discussed include the

funeral of Gen. Robert Latimer McCook (Aug. 19, 1862); James Pollard Espy (June 23, 1845); and various matters pertinent to the Civil War.

Of particular interest is a small dairy kept in 1863 by Patterson whose ship was sent to Vicksburg to participate in the campaign there. It contains numerous comments on the difficulties he encountered in maintaining sanitary conditions on the crowded ship and to various other aspects of the campaing. The second volume is his diary for the years 1859 and 1860 and covers only personal matters during his

various attempts to establish a practice.

There are 37 photographs. Thirty-five are salt prints, 1858, of Miami University, Oxford, Ohio (1), its faculty members (3), and students of the Class of 1858 (31). The photograph of P. H. Cone, possibly related to the school, also belongs to this set. All these photographs are labeled, the portraits all signed by the person pictured. The prints are mounted on paper and were formerly bound in a volume. Not all faculty and students of 1858 are included. A roster of

the Class of 1858 is filed in the information folder for the photographs. The library at Miami University has two copies of the 1858 class albums. Salt prints were the first paper photographic prints. This process was used from the late 1830s until the early 1860s. James Barnes Patterson was a member of the Class of 1858. There is also an 1864 carte de visite albumen print of Patterson.

Since Patterson's parents and sister Anna settled in Hamilton where he had spent so much

of his own life, it has been designated as the location for this collection.

19 items added, 9-13-72: Correspondence of various members of the Patterson family. Letters from John E. Patterson refer to his responsibilities as a surgeon with the Union Army. One dated July 8, 1862, comments on Cyrus Hall McCormick (1809-1884) and a Presbyterian church in Chicago. Criticisms of Clement Laird Vallandigham appear in letters of October 11 and 14, 1862, and one dated only July 23.

Patterson, Mrs. Lindsay

Papers, 1795 (1810-1925) 1939

Winston-Salem, N. C.

(On October 11, 1949, this collection was combined with the papers of Samuel Finley Patterson and now go under that title.) MSS.

Patterson, Reuben F., d. 1864. Letters and envelopes, 1862-1899 (bulk 1862-1863).

6 items.

Farmer from Granville County, N.C., and Confederate soldier. Killed at Plymouth, N.C. on April 20, 1864.

NcD

Patterson, Reuben F., d. 1864.

Letters and envelopes, ... (Card 2)
Includes decorated envelopes with
poetry dating from the Civil War period
and another letter to Mrs. Elizabeth
Clarke's stepdaughter, Ella Clarke,
written by her fiancee K. R. Leavister.

Photocopies.

1. Confederate States of America.
Army. North Carolina Infantry Regiment,
8th. 2. Camp Washington (N.C.)—
History—Civil War, 1861-1865. 3.
Wilmington (N.C.)—History—Civil War,
1861-1865. 4. Sullivan's Island
(S.C.)—History—Civil War, 1861-1865.
5. Love-letters. 6. Yellow fever—
North Carolin a—Wilmington. 7.
Brothers and sisters.

Patterson, Robert (1792-1881)

Papers, 1868

Philadelphia, Philadephia Co., Pa.

Section A

1 item

11-21-70

Patterson, Robert. Papers. Philadelphia, Philadelphia Co., Pa.

Robert Patterson (1792-1881) served in the War of 1812, the Mexican War, and the Civil War. He also had interests in sugar mills in Louisiana and in numerous cotton mills in Pennsylvania.

On January 4, 1868, he wrote to a Mr. Wood-ward concerning copies of orders issued during his command in the U.S. Army during the Civil War. Woodward evidently had asked to see these

Patterson, Robert 2
orders, but Patterson informed him that they
had been turned over to Nathaniel Prentiss
Banks, his successor in the command. He noted,
however, that he would send Woodward a copy of
his book, A Narrative of the Campaign in the
Valley of the Shenandoah in 1861.

Patterson, Robert Donnell

Papers, 1951

Durham, N. C.

Section A

2 items

Genealogical history 66 the Patterson family of Orange County, N. C., 1744-1934, copied from records of Mann Cabe Patterson compiled by him and his wife Marvin Cole Patterson.

This genealogical material goes back to the first John Patterson in 1744. It includes the seven Cabe sisters and their marriages, as well as the Cabe, Barbee, Bynum, Yeargan, Rhodes, Faurette, Burroughs, and Rogers families of Orange County as they married Pattersons.

Patterson, Rufus Lenoir (1872-1943)

Papers, 1894-1898

New York, N.Y.

Section A

26 items

7/3/72

Patterson, Rufus Lenoir (1872-1943). Papers. New York, N.Y.

Rufus Lenoir Patterson was the son of Rufus Lenoir Patterson and the grandson of Samuel Finley Patterson, both of whom were prominent in North Carolina politics. Their papers are also among the collections in this department. Born in Salem, N.C., in 1872, Patterson received the bulk of his formal education there at the Moravian Boy's School and the Winston graded School. His university education was brief, one year,

Patterson, Rufus Lenoir (1872-1943 2 1887-1888, at the University of North

Carolina. His introduction to the inventing and manufacturing side of the tobacco industry came with his association with William H. Kerr who had invented a machine to manufacture bag containers for smoking tobacco. Patterson's own success began when he completed the work begun by Kerr on a machine to weigh, pack, stamp, and label smoking tobacco. He started the Automatic Packing and Labeling Co. in Durham to

Patterson, Rufus Lenoir (1872-1943) manufacture this machine. Following this in 1898, Patterson was placed in charge of all machinery for the American Tobacco Co. and later became a vice-president. His other manufacturing accomplishments were as president of the American Machine and Foundry Co., the International Cigar Machinery Co., and the Standard Tobacco Stemmer Co. In addition he was director of the Durham Duplex Razor Co., the International Corporation, and the Industrial Machinery Co. During World

War I he was chairman of the Fourth Liberty Loan Machinery, Machine Tools, and Railroad Supplies Commission. He died in 1943. His wife was the former Margaret Morehead whom he married in 1895.

This collection consists of Xerox copies of papers dealing with the early period of Patterson's career. Some of the correspondence and a copy of a legal agreement between Julian S. Carr, Patterson, and William H. Kerr show the connection of

Patterson, Rufus Lenoir 1872-1943) Patterson with Kerr and their combined efforts to produce a machine to weigh, pack, stamp, and label smoking tobacco. Other letters show Patterson's continued efforts in producing this machine and deal with such matters as patent rights. There are also letters in the collection from consulates in France, Germany, Scotland, and England telling of the tobacco industry in those countries. Additional items are two personal letters to Patterson's wife and two newspaper

Additional information on Rufus Lenoir Patterson may be found in Who's Who in America and Volume II of Ashe's History of North Carolina.

Patterson, Samuel

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Patterson, Samuel Finley

Papers, 1792 - 1939

Winston-Salem, Forsyth Co., N. C.

7-G-

10-11-49

2116 items and 26 vols.

20 items added, 2-7-50

2 items added, 11-27-51

1 item added, 8-13-51

1 item added, 9-28-53

l item added, 2-2-60

Papers, 1792-1939

Winston-Salem, Forsyth Co., N.C.

7-G

1 vol. removed, 12-13-77

Patterson, Samuel Finley. Papers, 1792 (1810-1925) 1939. Winston-Salem, N. C. 2141 items & 26 vols.

When additional papers were added to this collection on 10-10-49, it was necessary to charge its title from the "Mrs. Lindsay Patterson ap ers" to the "Samuel Finley Patterson Papers." Samuel Finley Patterson (1799-1874) was chief clerk of N. C. Senate, 1835, treasurer of N.C., 1835-37, president of Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, 1840-45, chairman of the Caldwell County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, 1845-68, member of N.C. Senate, 1846, 1848, 1864, member of the N. C. House of Commons, 1854, member of N. C. State Convention, 1866,

ATTERSON, -Samuel Finley

Indian commissioner, 1839, Brigadier and Major General of N. C. State Militia, justice of the Peace in Caldwell County, N.C., trustee of the U. of N.C., and farmer.

Mrs. Lindsay Patterson (- 19417), daughter of General William Houston Patterson (-1904) and Cornelia Hanes Graham (1838-60?) was born in Tennessee, the home of her mother's family, but spent the greater part of her unmarried life in Philadelphia, the home of the Patterson family. Born Lucy Bramlette Patterson, she married in 1888, Jesse Lindsay Patterson, grandson of

PATTERSON, - Samuel Finley Samuel Finley Patterson (1799-1874) and son of Rufus Lenoir Patterson (1830-79) and Mary Louisa (Morehead) Patterson (1830-62). She had traveled extensively in this country, Mexico, and Europe before her marriage. With literary interests and some ability herself, she made her home, "Bramlette" in Winston, a kind of center for the thin fringe of literary activity in North Carolina from 1888 until 1919 when she became interested in Serbian War Relief and national Republican politics. The greater part of Mrs. Patterson's own literary works consisted of a page in the Pro-

gressive Farmer from approximately 1904 to 1918 relative to the pleasures of country life. Mrs. Patterson was a graduateof Salem College, 1882; founder and first president of the North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs; president of the N. C. Historical Society; donor of the Patterson Memorial Cup for the best literary production by a North Carolinian; Republican nominee for Congress in 1922; and Republican NationalCommittee Woman from North Carolina.

The collection reflects the history of the family, both Lindsay Patterson's family and the Among the earliest papers of the collection are those centering around Hugh Graham and his partner, Patrick Nenny. Graham, a merchant, apparently lived at Tazewell, Claiborne Co., Tenn, but had partners at Rogersville and Cheek's Grose Roads, both in Tenn. These letters, papers, and deeds to and from Graham, his partners, and his brothers are concerned with mercantile affairs, the purchase of land warrants, and the panic of 1819. Included also are two day books of High

PATTERSON, -Samuel Finley Graham, 1833-34; 1839-51; and three day books, 1803-04; 1818-14; 1818-20, all carrying Bent Creek as the location. Possibly these records belonged to some member of the Graham family in Va.

Among the early papers are letters from Judge William Norwood (1767-1842), a first cousin of Ann Lenoir (1778-1838), who married General, Edmund Jones (1771-1839), the grandfather of Samuel Finley Patterson. Judge Norwood's letters usually contain references to family affairs but in 1811 prior to his election as judge there

PATTERSON, -Samuel Finley

are some letters relative to obtaining the judgeship. There are also letters of William James Bingham (1802-66), son-in-law of Judge William Norwood, to Samuel Finley Patterson during the Civil War relative to the education of Pattersons son Samuel Legerwood Patterson (1850-1918). There are also a few letters from Edmund Jones (1811-76), father-in-law of Samuel Finley Patterson, generally concerning family affairs. There are also letters to and from other members of the Jones family including letters from Martha Mira Jones while a student at Salem Academy in 1823

ATTERSON .- Samuel Finley and from John Jones as a student at the U. of N. C. in 1835, and as a student of law at Yale University in 1840. A number of letters are from Edmund Jones Henry and James Edward Henry of the Spartanburg area of S. C. generally relative to farming operations in that area; one letter, Sept 3, 1843, describes a temperance convention held in Spartanburg.

A few other letters are from Wm.R. Bolijack and family, one branch in Stokes county during the1840's and one in Williamston County. One letter, March 20, 1847, refers to a brother as a PATTERSON .- Samuel Finley

"negro trader." Included also is a memorandum book, 1855-59, of William R. Bolijack. The relationship to the Patterson family, if any, is not evident.

Another group of letters unrelated to the maximain collection is the set of letters from Martin W. B. Armstrong and C. D. Donoho of Caswell County, N. C. Armstrong operated a shoool in Greensboro, N.C., during the 1820's, but later lived at New Salem. His letters reflect something of his work but Donoho's letters are apparently those of a lawyer engaged in settling an affair of one of * See card 23.

Armstrong's students.

The core of the collection is to be found in the papers of Samuel Finley Patterson, beginning about 1836 and generally reflecting his public life and the activities of his children. Among his papers are letters concerning Revolutionary land claims; sale of Cherokee lands; Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road; letters from constituents, whom he represented in the N.C. legislature, regarding such matters as county boundaries; the appointment of justices of the peace, and the formation of new counties. Included also are many family

lettersespecially from his sons, Rufus Lenoir Patterson and Samuel Legerwood Patterson. The former began writing from the U. of N.C. in 1849 regarding life at the University, his marriage, his children, his cotton factory and his paper factory before and during the Civil War; and a very strong letter, May 7, 1865, condemning the past policies of Jefferson Davis and Judah P. Benjamin. Samuel L. Patterson, at the U. of N.C. in 1867, wrote of the possibility of the closing of the University by "the radicals" and of life at the University. By 1869 he was at the U. of Va. and wrote a few letters while a student there.

With the exception of a license to Jesse Lind say Patterson for practicing law, practically all of the remaining papers center around Mrs. Lindsay Patterson [Lucy Bramlette (Patterson) Patterson], the wife of Jesse Lindsay Patterson. Among these items are her diploma from Salem College, Salem, N.C., in 1882; correspondence in the 1890's regarding family history; commissions from Governors of N. C. to Mrs. Lindsay Patterson to represent the state at anniversaries and celebrations; letters of Mrs. Patterson while touring in Mexico and Europe during the 1880's; a few let ters from Jesse Lindsay Patterson to Mrs. Patterson in thelate 1880's; correspondence and papers relative to the history of Mrs. Patterson's family; letters from a number of prominent people to Mrs. Patterson around 1900 usually in response to invitations from her to speak at Salem College commencements or celebrations; correspondence relative to the winner of the Patterson Cup awarded annually for the best literary production in N.C.; correspondence regarding the location of the Daniel Boone trail; letters and papers relaPATTERSON, Samuel Finley

tive to Mrs. Patterson's service with the Kolo Serbski Sestara in caring for orphans of Serbian soldiers and a few items relating to the visit of Queen Marie to the U.S.; clippings of Mrs. Patterson's contributions to the Progressive Farmer; many typed sketches of the career of Mrs. Patterson's grandfather, General Robert Patterson and a few undated manuscripts probably by Mrs. Patterson including one account of "The Groves," the home of Willie Jones. Included also are 130 volumes of clippings containing chiefly Mrs.

PATTERSON .- Samuel Finley

Patterson's articles which appeared in the

Progressive Farmer.

Among the correspondents are C.B. Aycock, K. P.Battle, W. J. Bingham, Edward Bok, Locke Craig, Josephus Daniels, Dorothea L.Dix, John Haywood, William H. Haywood, Edwim Mims, J.C. McNeill, William Norwood, S. F. Patterson, Henry J. Stockard, C.Alphonso Smith, Z. B. Vance, and Henry Van Dyke.

1282 items and 24 vols. added 10-10-49. Several of these additional items are letters of S. F. Patterson, but many of them were written

Patterson, Samuel Finley

either by or to Rufus Lenoir Patterson and Caroline Finley Patterson, a son and granddaughter of S. F. Patterson, respectively. There are, however, letters of other relatives of the latter

Some of the subjects treated in these items are as follows: Cincinnati in 1819, death of Wm Rufus Jones, S. C. College and S. C. politics, nullifiers of S. C.; Samuel F. Patterson's impression of certain Senators and of the Senate in general; the U.S. Bank, S.C.'s support of the Van Buren admin., Sunday customs in New Haven, Conn., Whigs of N. C. And Va., Daniel

Webster's visit to Richmond in 1840, the laying out of Lenoir, N. C., Rufus Patterson's impressions of London and Paris, Wilmot Proviso, Zachary Taylor's chances for momination in 1848, Abolitionists, incorrigibility of slaves, outfitting of Civil War soldiers, refugees, Civil War prices, military affairs and Civil War leaders, behavior of General Lee at a watering place in Va. after the war, establishment of schools for Negroes, certain professors at the Univ. of Va. in the late 1860's, Good Templars of Hillsboro, N. C., emancipation of La. from radical rule,

PATTERSON, Samuel Finley

Ul S. Grant, life at the Univ. of N. C., Moravian Synod of Salem, Salem Female Academy, Mrs. Wm. Battle, and Mathew Fontaine Maury.

There are letters by Wm. H. Bower soliciting political support and two letters by Cornelia Thi Philipps Spencer; Mrs. Spencer expresses opposition to the movement afoot in 1881 among religious groups of N. C. to stop the legislature's appropriating funds for the support of the university and force it to give those funds to denominational schools of the state.

PATTERSON, Samuel Finley

The broadsides include: advertisements of the Charlotte Female Institute, O. P. Fitzgerald's Home Newspaper and Educational Journal, Hubert H. Bancroft's History of California and the Pacific States, Gaston High Schools, Dallas, N. C., the Forestry Conference to be held at Montreat, N. C. in 1915; program of performances at the "Opera House# in Winston, N. C. in 1882; and broadside put out by The Raleigh News ana nounceing the inauguration of Gov. Vance in 1877

Bulletin of St. Mary's School, Raleigh, N.C *Filed in letters.

printed speech of John K. Kuttrell delivered in the House of Representatives entitled "Who is Responsible for Chinese Immigration," outline of exercises for several days in a kindergarten school in Chapel Hill (1880), copy of the deed of trust of "The Louise Fund" established at Salem Female Academy, and eighth annual report of the Associated Charities of Wilmington, N. C. for 1902.

For biographical sketches of Samuel F., Rufus L., and Samuel L. Patterson see Ashe, S. A., Biographical History of N. C., II.

Patterson, Samuel Finley

Caroline Patterson for a contribution to the Mount Vernon Ladies Association of the Union; list of pledges by women of Caldwell co., N.C. in 1862 for construction an ironclad gunboat.

litem added 8-13-51 is a letter dated June 28, 1843, by the wife of S.F. Patterson to her father, Gen. Edmund Jones, about Patterson's plan to resign as president of the Raleigh and Gaston R.R. if the stockholders reduce his salary and the regret that she and

Patterson, Samuel Finley their friends in Raleigh would experience if they had to leave that town.

1 item added 9-28-53. This is a letter from David L. Swain to Patterson, then in New York. The letter concerns the shipping of grave stones to be erected in memory of Wm. Adams, a late member of the N. C. House of Commons, and other minor matters.

1 item_added 2-2-60: Letter of May 12, 1880, to MissoPatterson by the Rev. J. T. Zorn, principal of Salem Academy (now Salem College)

in Salem, N. C. He proposes that she teach in

the academy.

William A. Bolijack's Account Book, 18551869, contains primarily accounts from a sawmill
and from trading in barrels of slaked, unslaked,
and picked lime. It is not clear whether he was
merely trading lime or was also producing it.
His name appears on the covers of the volume,
and the papers include some Bolijack family
items, especially a document of Sept. 14, 1842,
in which John W. Smith allowed Bolijack use of a

Patterson, Samuel Finley 24

patented sawmill at Bolijack's mill on Town Fork

of the Dan River in Stokes County. Other commodities also appear.

1 vol. transferred to Rare Books, 12-13-77. An 1839 edition of Enoch Noyes' An Analytical Guide to the Art of Penmanship used and signed

by Rufus L. Patterson.

Patterson, William

Papers, 1791-1819

Baltimore, Maryland

Section A

12-19-57

l item

2 items added, 4-17-61

3 items added, 8-23-67

Patterson, William. Papers, 1791-1819.
Baltimore, Maryland

William Patterson (1752-1835) was one of the great merchant princes of Baltimore. His daughter Betsy married Jerome Bonaparte.

The letter of 1794 deals with a personal debt and the settlement of an estate, presumably

in Maryland.

2 items added, 4-17-61: One item contains five receipts for money given in 1791 by Patterson as president of the Bank of Maryland; the second item is a petition to Secretary of the Navy William Jones from a gunner who claimed

he was unduly arrested on charges of misconduct on a privateer schooner which saw action during the War of 1812 (ca. 1813 or 1814). Patterson was one of many who endorsed the petition.

3 items added, 8-23-67; are papers of a financial nature. An agreement of 1793 reveals Patterson's speculation in Georgia land. By 1819 his brother-in-law, General Samuel Smith, was deeply indebted to the Bank of the United States as a result of the failure of Smith and Buchanan in the panic of that year. His son, John Spear Smith, assumed this debt "in con-

junction" with William Patterson and John Donnell. The great personal fortune of Samuel Smith was lost, though Patterson survived the financial storm.

Papers, 1744-1859

Cross Creek, Today Co., St. Cumberland Co.,

cab. 46

163 items

12-31-62

Patterson Family. Papers, 1744-1859. Cross Creek, Bladen Co., and Cumberland Co., N. C.

The Patterson Papers concern three generations: Duncan, Daniel, and Duncan Patterson, and their business activities as planters from 1744 in old Bladen County to 1859 at Cross Creek in Cumberland County. The names of many Scottish Highlanders are preserved in the manuscripts. Daniel Patterson married a widow, Catherine (--) Buie; and Duncan Patterson, their son, in his turn married the daughter of John Buie (probably Mary Buie). There are many references to the Buie family in the collection.

Duncan Patterson, planter, was already in Bladen Co. in 1744 when he bought land from Neil McGill. His papers contain mostly bills, receipts, and deeds till his death in 1793. He had two sons, Daniel and John, who lived at Cross Creek. The wills of Duncan Patterson, Feb. 22, 1793, Daniel Patterson, Oct. 28, 1818, and John Buie, Oct. 9, 1825, give valuable genealogical data on the two families. The slaves named in the wills are divided among family members. There are a number of land deeds for BlaPatterson Family

3

den and Cumberland counties. The names of Hector McNeill and Duncan McRae appear in the late eighteenth century. (Cross Creek and Campbelton were joined in 1778, Campbelton becoming Fayetteville, N. C., in 1783). Papers, 1809-1896

v. p. in Iredell and Alexander Counties, North Carolina

21 - H

211 items and 3 vols.

1-23-62

Patterson-Cavin Family. Papers, 1809-1896. v. p. in Iredell and Alexander Counties, N. C.

The Patterson family papers begin in 1809 with Asenath Patterson and with John and Ann Patterson of Stoney Point, Iredell County (Alexander County after 1847). This large family spread to the Spartanburg District of South Carolina, to Marengo County, Alabama, and to Athens, Tennessee, various members writing back letters on crops, health, and family events. Names included are Janet and Adonijah Patterson and their son William J., Thomson

Patterson, Ira Patterson, and Mira Patterson. Mrs. Ann Patterson's sister, Sarah Thomson, and the Duckworth family of Burke County, N. C., and Tennessee are also correspondents.

Mira (daughter of John and Ann?) married William Cavin sometime after 1837. Her brother Eleasaph (Eli) and his wife Sophia provide a second family group. These families wrote four groups of Civil War correspondence: the Virgil S. Cavin letters, the William Thomson Patterson letters, the Barbara M. (Patterson) and Robert F. Smith letters, and

Patterson-Cavin Family the S. D. Davis letters. Camp life and lack of food concern these Confederate soldiers, all of whom seem to be cousins. Virgil S. Cavin of Co. G, 38th N. C. Regiment writes from Petersburg during the siege, 1864-1865. William Thompson Patterson and his brother Franklin C. enlisted in Co. H, 56th N. C. Regiment on Oct. 10, 1862, and fought until the battle at Ware Bottom Church on May 23, 1864, where both are listed as wounded. Actually they were prisoners at Point Lookout, from where William T. Patterson writes (n. d.) of the death of Franklin

from measles and complications.

Barbara M. Patterson, a seamstress, married Rebert F. [T.?] Smith of Co. H, 55 N. C.

Regiment. Their letters are frequent. By 1865

Smith is at Salisbury, N. C.

The fourth group by S. D. Davis of the 33rd N. C. is from Forsyth County. The Davis family connection is obscure.

Other Confederate soldiers were Leonidas G. and Quentin C. Patterson of Co. G. 38th Regiment.

The Patterson and Cavin families united

The bills and receipts are notable for

many early family names.

Three small volumes include daybooks of John Patterson (ca. 1820) and John Hilary Patterson (ca. 1868-1872) and an old almanac.

On April 27, 1834, Ira Patterson comments from Marengo County, Alabama, about a political gathering at Prairieville. At a meeting on April 19 resolutions were passed against

President Jackson's banking policy. The officers at this meeting were Col. James Pickens, president, and Col. James B. Holman, secretary. General John C. Pickens formed the resolutions. Pattison, Granville Sharp (1791-1851)

Papers, 1835

Philadelphia, Philadelphia Co., Pennsylvania.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

MSS. M: 3255

Pattison, Jacob [1759-1782?]

Familiar letters during a journey through the Highlands of Scotland, 1801.

1 v.

Edinburgh medical student. Collection consists of a volume

(128p.) of Pattison's letters transcribed by James Levett. They give detailed observations of Pattison's travels in 1780.

Cataloged from Guide and manual

*lcs

1. Scotland-Description and travel--Before 1800.

Recon

M-3255

4

Familiar Letters during a Journey through the Highlands of Scotland, 1801

Scotland

128 pp.

Boards & Calf

20 x 16 cm.

AUG 22 '46

GUIDE

MSS. X

Patton, Benjamin.

Letters, 1831-1850.

3 items.

In the letter dated July 31, 1831, John de Berrin wrote of courtship between mutual friends, and the letter dated January 4, 1832, written by an unknown correspondent, concerns friendship. On April 10, 1850, Berger Tomason wrote asking for Patton's approval and assistance in immigrating to California to seek his fortune.

1. Migration, Internal -- California. 2. Courtship--United States--History--19th century. 3. Friendship.

Patton, Frances MacRae (Gray)

Papers, 1942-1970

Durham, Durham Co., N. C.

21 EF

2-10-71

38 items and 1 volume 235 items added, 7-4-74

Patton, Frances MacRae (Gray). Papers. Durham, Durham Co., N. C.

Frances MacRae (Gray) Patton wrote a number of short stories, magazine articles, and other works. She is particularly noted for her novel, Good Morning, Miss Dove. She was educated at Duke University and at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill where she was the first female to be admitted. As the wife of Lewis Patton, professor of English at Duke, Mrs. Patton has made her home in Durham for a number of years. A biographical sketch appears in Current

Biography (1955).

Among her papers is a typescript of Good Morning, Miss Dove with revisions handwritten by the author. A copy of the adaptation of the novel for a motion picture is also in the collection. Clippings of articles by and about Mrs. Patton have been added by members of the Manuscript Department's staff. One of these clippings concerns the death of Jessie Rehder, a professor at the University of North Carolina. Mrs. Patton and other literary figures wrote short reminiscences of Miss Rehder. A letter to MatPatton, Frances MacRae (Gray)

tie U. Russell, Curator of Manuscripts at Duke, written by Mrs. Patton concerns her contribution to this article (March 15, 1967).

Several of the earlier items are ration books and certificates issued to the Patton family in

1942 during World War II.

235 items added, 7-4-74: Clippings concerning Mrs. Patton and reviews of her books, A Piece of Luck, The Finer Things of Life, and Good Morning, Miss Dove.

Patton, Frances MacRae Gray. Taped recording, 1966.

1 item.

Author of Durham, N.C.

Tape recording of Mrs. Patton speaking at a Duke University Library meeting called "Lunch and Listen" on July 6, 1966.

Cataloged from accession record.

Unprocessed collection.

* lbp

Addition to Frances MacRae Gray Patton papers, 1942-1970.

1. Authors, American-North Carolina.
2. Women authors, American-North
Carolina.

MSS. Sec. A

Patton, Sue Snowdon. Papers, 1857-1876.

22 items.

Wilkes-Barre (Luzerne Co.), Pa. resident.

Collection contains letters mainly of a personal nature from Patton's husband, J. Desha Patton, and a school friend, Libbie Foster Fiske. Topics include a church revival and conversion; the actor James Edward Murdock; crude oil in Sunbury, Pao; and martial law during the Civil War and men evading the draft.

Cataloged from manual record. *lcs



MSS. Sec. A

Patton, Sue Snowdon.
Papers, ...

(Card 2)

1. Murdock, James Edward. 2. United States-History-Civil War, 1861-1865--Draft resisters. 3. Martial law-Pennsylvania. 4. Pennsylvania-Religious life and customs. 5. Sunbury (Pa.)--History. I. Patton, J. Desha.

SHELF

Patton family.

Papers, 1828-1960.

100 items.

LOCATIONS Correspondence, financial records, SEE SHELF LIST photographs, and miscellaneous papers, concerning three generations of the Patton family of Alamance Co., N.C. Correspondence is chiefly that of Alexander "Sandy" and William Patton, members of North Carolina's 57th Infantry Regiment, Company I, when they were in Richmond, Petersburg, and Fredericksburg (1862), and Winchester, Va. (1864), where Alexander was taken prisoner in July. Some later correspondence relates to family members' effo rts to gain membership in the Daught ers of the American Revolution. F inancial records 28 MAY 87 15742784 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD NcD

Papers, 1828-1960. ... (Card 2) include 10 building contractors' time books (1895-1912) kept by Samuel Woods Patton, nephew of Alexander and William, and two ledgers (1886-1918), that contain building industry and agricultural accounting records. Also a school math notebook (1828), DAR membership applications, and material relating to the Rogers family.

Patton family.
Papers, 1828-1960. ... (Card 3)

1. Confederate States of America.
Army. North Carolina Regiment, 57th.
Company I. 2. Virginia--History--Civil
War, 1861-1865. 3. Construction
industry--North Carolina--Alamance
County--Accounting. 4. Agriculture-North Carolina--Alamance County-Accounting. 5. Daughters of the
American Revolution. 6. Rogers family.
7. School notebooks. I. Place: North
Carolina--Alamance County.

Diary, 1865-66

Belvidere, Warren County, N. J.

120 pp.

Leather 7 x 15 cms.

4-28-55

Section A GUIDE

Paul, Charles Rooman. Diary. 1865-66. Belvidere, Warren Co., N. J. Sketch

Charles Rodman Paul, Belvidere, Warren Co., N. J., volunteered in the 7th N. J. Infantry, was made a sergeant on 28 Aug., 1861, and was transferred to CO.B, 15th N. J., as 2 lt. on 25 Aug., 1862. Here he joined a group of friends from his own county. On 27 July, 1863 he became 1 lt.; on 19 Aug., 1864, he became brevet-major in the volunteers for gallantry in the campaign before Richmond, and particularly in the engagements at Winchester, Fisher's Hill, and Cedar Creek in the Shenandoah Valley.

Paul, Charles Rouman. Diary. 1865-66. 2 For gallantry and meritorious service before Petersburg, Va., he became a lieut. col. on 2 April, 1865. He was transferred to the 2nd N. J. volunteers 22 June, 1865, and honorably mustered out of the service 11 July, 1865, at Trenton, N. J. He joined the U. S. Army as 2 lt. and 1 lt. of 16th Infantry, 23, Feb. 1865, transferred to the 25th Infantry 21 Sept., 1866 and to the 18th Infantry in 1869. He was finally made lt. col. of 20th Infantry in 1900 and died 8 Nov., 1901. Civil War record is from A. A. Haines, History of the 15th N.J. Volunteers, pp.10-330; other records, from

Paul, Charles Rodman. Diary. 1865-66. 563
F. B. Heitman, Historical Record of U.S. Army,
I. 7761

This brief undetailed diary opens with the siege of Petersburg and the actions at Hatcher's Run and Fort Fisher. With Petersburg evacuated, the 15th N. J. made the forced march to Appomatox Court House, saw Lee's surrender, and marched down to Danville, Va. Brief descriptions of the countryside are given. The regiment was assigned guard duty along the Richmond and Danville R.R. and was stationed at Sutherland's Station. Finally it marched in review through Petersburg, Richmond, and Washington. On June

Paul, Charles Rodman. Diary. 1865-66

23, 1865, the 15th is mustered out. Col. Paul transferred to the 2nd Regt., VII Corps, Army of the Potomac and was mustered out at Trenton, N. J., on 11 July, 1865. The diary concludes with brief social notices.

Paulding, James Kirke

Papers, 1837-1839

Washington, D. C.; and Hyde Park, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

Section A

12-14-60

1 item

1 item added, 10-2-84

Paulding, James Kirke. Papers, 1839. Washing-ton, D. C.; and Hyde Park, Dutchess Co., 1 item. Sketch.

James Kirke Paulding (1778-1860) was an author and U. S. Navy official who served as Secretary of the Navy (1838-1841).

This collection consists of one routine business letter of Dec. 27, 1839, to Paulding from Deward Stanly (1810-1872), U. S. Representative from N. C.

litem added, 10-2-84: The undated one page letter, ca. 1837, was written by Paulding to

John Payne Todd, Dolly Madison's son. The subject of the letter was Paulding's comment on and approval of written drafts which were preliminary to Todd's task of publishing the papers of President James Madison. The enclosed drafts mentioned in the first sentence of the letter, and noted on the address page, are not included in the collection. In the letter, Paulding approves suggested titles and said that "great care" should be taken to omit damaging disclosures which might affect the

reputations of prominent persons in the Revolution and tarnish national honor. He said if Mrs. Madison would approve it, and if the work was published in the city he is writing from, he would "correct the proofs" and see that any passages that would create enemies be "omitted."

Pauncefote, Julian, First Baron Pauncefote

Papers, 1887-1901

London, England

18-E

3 items

6-15-71

Pauncefote, Julian, First Baron Pauncefote. Papers. London, England

Julian Pauncefote, First Baron Pauncefote (1828-1902), diplomat, was the British envoy to the United States from 1889 to 1902. His letter of Jan. 13, 1901, to Townsend includes a reference to Anglo-American relations. Two personal letters of Jan. 17, 1887, and Nov. 26, 1896, are addressed to Murray and to Lionel Brough, the actor, respectively.

Paw Paw Lumber Company

Ledger, 1903-1907

Paw Paw, Pike County, Kentucky

1 volume

5-12-71

Paw Paw Lumber Company. Ledger: 1903-1907. Paw Paw, Pike County, Kentucky

The Paw Paw Lumber Company was located in the village of that name in Pike County in extreme eastern Kentucky. The Ledger, 1903-1907, records accounts for the company's lumber and mercantile operations. MSS. M: 3256

Paxson, B.H.

Weight book, 1859.

1 v.

District of Columbia resident.

Collection consists of a volume of accounts listing weights of cattle.

Cataloged from Guide and manual record.

*lcs

1. District of Columbia -- History. 2. Cattle -- History.

Treasure Room

Paxson, B. H.

Weight book. 1859 Georgetown, D. C.

NOV > 1933

Recon

C

Payne, Alban Smith

Papers, 1888

Markham, Fauquier Co., Virginia.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Payne, Alban Smith. Papers, 1888, Markham, Virginia. 1 item. Sketch.

Alban Smith Payne, Virginia physician, lineal descendant of Col. Payne who knocked down George Washington, was born shortly before 1818. He struck Willie Patterson in Richmond, Va. in 1852 because Patterson_attacked aged Dr. Usher Parsons. Dr. Payne cl'immed he had supplied Louis Pasteur with "his thunder". (See Turf, Field, and Farm, May 21, 1886. Accounts of the Patterson-Payne affair are in Turf, Field and Farm, Dec. 31, 1880 and in the Detroit Free Press, n. d.; L. D. Sale, author). Dr. Payne

also notes his publications on small-pox, vaccination, and a remedy for rattlesnake poisin. Nicholas Spicer is presumably Alban S. Payne's pen-name. Willie Patterson was probably a prizefighter of the day. Payne, John Howard

Papers, 1836.

New York, N. Y.

Section A

GUIDE

l item l item added 11-11-59 Payne, John Howard. Papers, 1836. New York, N. Y. 2 items Sketch.

A. L. S. to John Ross, the famous Cherokee leader, announcing that Payne will meet him in Philadelphia within a few days. 8 July, 1836, New York.

l item added ll-ll-59. An I. O. U. to James Morris, dated May 30, 1835, Carnesville, Ga., and signed "John H. Payne," who is presumably John Howard Payne (1791-1852). This item was originally a part of the F. O. Burruss Collection in this Dept.

GUIDE

Payne, John Howard, 1791-1852. Papers, 1934.

1 item.

American dramatist, poet, and actor. Facsimile of the signed, holograph manuscript of John Howard Payne's "Home, Sweet Home!" The facsimile was printed either by or for Thomas F. Madigan to accompany a Christmas greeting for 1934.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged

from accession record.

*pj

1. Payne, John Howard, 1791-1852 Home, Sweet Home. 2. Madigan, Thomas F. 3. American poetry--19th century. tes--Social life and 4. United Sta ory--19th century. customs--Hist

Payne, John Willett

Papers, 1789

London, England

XVIII-E

3-17-69

7 items

John Willett Payne (1752-1803), British naval officer, served during the American Revolution and the wars with France until 1798. He was appointed a rear admiral in 1799. He was private secretary and a personal friend of the Prince of Wales whose claim to the regency he ardently supported in 1788-1789.

Seven letters of February-March, 1789, from Dublin chronicled the passage in the Irish Parliament of an address in which it invited the Prince of Wales to assume the regency. The

Payne, John Willett

effects of the King's recovery were also reported. These confidential letters were written by William Ogilvie who represented Ballyshannon Borough in the Irish House of Commons. Ogilvie belonged to the opposition to the Marquis of Buckingham, the Lord Lieutenant, and he commented on political maneuvering.

Payne, Matthew Mountjoy Captain. Letter, 1820.

1 item.

Letter to Captain Payne at Amelia
Island, Fla., Sept. 5, 1820, from
General James Bankhead, Fort Johnson,
Charleston, S.C. harbor. The letter
concerns the arrival of a French vessel
at Fernandina (Beach), Fla., and the
introduction of slaves, possibly
illegally, on Amelia Island by
merchants from Savannah, Ga.
Unprocessed collection. Cataloged

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record.

*pj



Payne, Matthew Mountjoy Captain.

Letter, ... (Card 2)

1. Bankhead, James General. 2. Slavery--Florida. 3. Southern states--History--1775-1865. 4. Slave-trade--Georgia--Savannah. 5. Amelia Island (Fla.)--History.

MSS. Rm. 001 (93-003)

Payne, Peggy.

Papers, 1969-1990.

1500 items.

Author and Duke University graduate. Collection consists chiefly of drafts of various writings, including PURE IN HEART, REVELATION, THE HIDE OF THE LION, ELECTRIC YELLOW, and others; correspondence, clippings, printed material (including copies of magazines containing other writings by Payne); and some other items.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged

from accession record.

*lcs

Rm. 001 (93-003)

Payne, Peggy.

(Card 2)

1. Payne, Peggy. 2. American literature—20th century. 3. Authors, American—North Carolina. 4. Women authors, American—North Carolina. 5. Payne, Peggy. Pure in heart. 6. Payne, Peggy. Revelation. 7. Payne, Peggy. The hide of the lion. 8. Payne, Peggy. Electric yellow. 9. Authors, American—Correspondence.

Payne, Peggy.

Papers, ca. 1969-1990: 1500 items.

Author, alumna of Duke University -- Chiefly drafts of various writings, including Pure in Heart, Relevation, The Hide of the Lion, Electric Yellow, and others; correspondence, clippings, printed material (including copies of magazines containing othe writings by Payne); and other papers.

Gift: 2/5/93

Accessioned: 4/16/93

Acc. No.: 93-003

Papers, 1929-1976 (primarily 1929-1946)

Willingboro, Burlington Co., New Jersey

SEE SHELF LIST

164 items & 11 vols.

Box 329 of Labor Archives &

8-31-76

Payton, Boyd Ellsworth Papers. Willingboro, Burlington Co., New Jersey

Boyd Ellsworth Payton (b. 1908), labor leader, was born in Dobbin, West Virginia, the son of a lumberman. He graduated from high school in Oakland, Maryland, in 1926, and subsequently took night classes in business subjects. In 1932, he married Katherine Harvey, and they have two children.

Payton's labor union career spanned

twenty-two years, during which he served as a local union president, Southern Director and International Vice President of the Textile Workers Union of America, as well as President of the Virginia, Maryland, and District of Columbia Industrial Union Councils. Since 1964, he has been employed by the U.S. Department of Labor in several capacities; he has worked in the Neighborhood Youth Corps, the Bureau of Work and Training program, and the

Manpower Administration. Currently Payton is the Deputy Regional Administrator for the Employment and Training Administration, headquartered in Philadelphia.

Active in related labor organizations and civic groups, Payton has served in various capacities with such bodies as the

Southern School for Workers, the War Labor Board, the Salvation Army, the Religion and Labor Foundation of America, and the North Carolina Human Relations Council. He presently is a member of the Pennsylvania Prison Society and serves on the Executive Committee of the Commission on Correctional Facilities and Services of the American Bar Association. Payton is the author of Celanese Employees Benefit Club Plan as well as Scapegoat, detailing his prison experiences resulting from involvement in the 1959 strike in Henderson, North Carolina. For more detailed biographical information, see Who's

Who in Labor (New York: The Dryden Press, 1946) and a biographical sketch at the beginning of the collection.

The material in this collection is a miscellaneous group of items given by Payton. There are two scrapbooks of clippings. The 1929 volume contains cuttings from various newspapers, particularly the Charlotte Observer and the Baltimore Sun, concerning the southern textile strike in that year. The 1946 scrapbook contains information on the Danville (Virginia) Citizens' Committee, a group organized to fight inflation and high prices in Danville.

In the folder, "Southern Clippings, Summer of 1930,"

are clippings mounted on paper and divided into a variety of categories, mostly relating to the American Federation of Labor (AFL). Some of the topics are AFL publicity, South Carolina Federation of Labor Convention, United Textile Workers of America Convention, communists, and the Bessemer City Strike. Another folder is comprised of items on the poll tax in the South. The group of miscellaneous pamphlets and leaflets relate to labor unions, the South, and strikes.

Since this collection has not been cataloged in detail, only general subject entries have been made for it.

Payton, Boyd E., 1908-Papers, 1945-1977.

1655 items.

Labor leader in Willingboro

(Burlington Co.), N.J.

Papers concerning the career of Payton, who was an International Vice President of the Textile Workers Union of America. The papers concern three major aspects of his career: the Harriet-Henderson Cotton Mills strike (1958-1961); his incarceration in prison and writing of the book, SCAPEGOAT; and finally his experiences after being released from jail. Included are genealogy, correspondence, legal papers, addresses and writings, cli ppings, radio scripts, pictures, and a draft of SCAPEGOAT, 11 MAY 95 32458484 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Payton, Boyd E., 1908-

Papers, ... (Card 2) entitled PREJUDICE + POLITICS = PRISON.

Cataloged from accession record.

Unprocessed collection.

Addition to Boyd E. Payton papers,

1929-1946.

*lbp

Additional Payton papers are at the University of North Carolina at Charlotte, where a finding aid is available.

Payton, Boyd E., 1908-

(Card 3)

1. Payton, Boyd E., 1908Scapegoat. 2. Textile Workers Union of America. 3. Harriet-Henderson Cotton Mills (Henderson, N.C.). 4. Textile Workers' Strike, Henderson, N.C., 1958-1961. 5. Strikes and lockouts—Textile industry—North Carolina. 6. Textile industry—North Carolina.

2

Peabody, Mary Ann

Papers, 1840-1892 Dinwiddie Co. Petersburg, Va.

Section A MAY 13 '49 GUIDE

14 items 1 item added

APR 26 '51 trans. From misc. file 3-7-52

Peabody, Mary Ann. Papers, 1840-1892.
Petersburg, Va. le items. Sketch.

Letters from Mary Ann Peabody to her uncle, Dr. Nathaniel Peabody, inquiring about her cousins, Elizabeth Palmer, Sophia, and Mary Tyler Peabody, and other relatives and friends. Her cousin Elizabeth Palmer Peabody became famous for introducing the kindergarden system into American education. Sophia Peabody became the wife of Nathaniel Hawthorne, and her sister Mary Tyler married HoraceeMann. In her letters to her uncle

she also reports the death of her only sister, Mrs. Leavenworth, who left four children. advises him not to get too excited about slavery, and expresses the wish that the people of Mass. would see slavery as it is before criticizing it.

Letter from Sophia Peabody Hawthorne -it is largely devoted to very favorable characterizations of her three children, Julian, Rose and Una. She expresses regret that they are about to sell the "Wayside." In a letter The ability of George Parsons Lathrop is praised in a letter from a Cousin Nathaniel, but Julian Hawthorne is referred to as one who needs to improve both his thought and style.

In another letter the poor state of Elizabeth Palmer Peabody's physical and mental health is described, and the death of

Una Hawthorne is reported.

Newspaper clippings regarding the death of George Parsons Lathrop and celebrations in honor of Elizabeth Palmer Peabody.

l item added 4-26-51. This is a letter written by L. F. Davidson from Charlotte, N.C. in 1848 to Mary Ann Peabody in Petersburg. He describes the inconveniences he experienced in traveling by stagecoach from Petersburg to Charlotte.

1 item trans from misc. file on 3-7-52. This is a letter from Eliz abeth Palmer Peabody

MAY 13 '49

Peabody, Mary Ann (5)
to a Mr. Sanborn. She says she believes she can be instrumental in saving the life of one Stevens.

MSS. Sec. A

Peace, Berta. Letters, 1857-1867. 3 items. Brunswick Co., Va. resident. Collection contains the family correspondence of the Peace family. Cataloged from manual record. *lcs

1. Peace family. 2. Brunswick County (Va.) -- History.

Peace, C. C.

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Peacock, Sir Barnes

Papers, 1848-1890

London, England

XVIII-E

41 items

12-10-68

Peacock, Sir Barnes. Papers. London, England

Sir Barnes Peacock (1810-1890), British judge, became a barrister of the Inner Temple in 1836 and joined the home circuit. His reputation was assured by his participation in the defence of Daniel O'Connell. Appointment as Queen's Counsel was in 1850. Two years later he became the legal member of the Supreme Council of the Viceroy of India. He later served as Chief Justice at Calcutta, 1859-1870, and as a member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, 1872-1890.

Peacock, Sir Barnes

Nineteen letters, 1856-1862, from Earl Canning, Governor General of India, concern various civil and military matters. There is some Peacock family correspondence, 1877-1883, and a few items pertaining to Sir Barnes's work on the Privy Council.

The last two pages of a letter of 1848 were postmarked at Penang Island on July 5. The writer's initials, "C. R.," appear in a corner of the outside address. He commented about Penang, Singapore, his salary, and work on the

Peacock, Sir Barnes

circuit. The writer was apparently Sir Christopher Rawlinson, Recorder of Prince of Wales Island (Penang), Singapore, and Malacca.

Notes on paper watermarked 1850 concerned the status of the Maharani of the Punjab, 1846-1849.

Lord Chancellor Cottenham informed Peacock of his appointment as Queen's Counsel on February 27, 1850.

Governor General Canning's letters of 1856 included comment about: the temporary

replacement of Sir James Outram, the resident in Oudh, by Coverley Jackson; cases against Col. Thompson (May 25) and Lieut. Gahagan (June 9); the suspension of Act XXXI of 1855 on emigration; the case of a contractor who overcharged the Maharaja of Jaipur for a road (Sept. 14); and emigration to Grenada and St. Lucia (Aug. 21).

Peacock's letter (20 pp.) of June 17, 1857, to W. Fanning was a report on the mutiny and rebellion throughout northern India. He insisted on the necessity of censorship of the press (pp. 19-20).

Peacock, Sir Barnes

In 1858 Canning discussed: a legislative matter in Bombay and the situation at Lucknow and Rohilkhand (Feb. 7); the disposition of the King of Delhi, the transfer of civil servants from Bombay to the North West Provinces, one of Peacock's sons, and the situation in Oudh (Oct. 28).

In 1859 Canning wrote about: appointing Peacock as vice president of the Legislative Council (May 9); Peacock's temporary management of the Home Department, other vacancies, and

naval defense of India (June 18); and the mutiny of the 5th European Regiment at Berhampore

(June 22).

James Wilson, financial member of the Council of India, complimented Peacock's explanation of the income tax and of the pertinent legislative powers (June 25, 1860).

Canning congratulated Peacock for his work on

Peacock, Sir Barnes

the Penal Code Bill (Oct. 7, 1860).

Hugh Rose, Commander-in Chief in India, wrote on April 6, 1861, about the cases of two mutineers of the 5th Bengal European Regiment.

There is a certified copy of the death and burial certificate of Elizabeth Mary Peacock, the wife of Sir Barnes Peacock (March 29, 1865).

The circumstances of the appointment of Peacock's son as second in command of the Body Guard were explained on March 4, 1862.

Letters of Sir Barnes Peacock and Emily

Peacock, 1877-1883, concern her marriage to his son, Frank, and the latter's financial situation.

An exchange of letters between Peacock and Lord Selborne on May 24-25, 1882, involved proposed legislation on the Court of Appeal in Britain. Peacock's pension arrangements were also discussed.

Peacock was unable to work on the Judicial Committee (letter of George Wheeler, Oct. 13, 1888).

There is a printed first proof of a judgment

Peacock, Sir Barnes

delivered by Peacock for the Judicial Committee on the appeal of Raja Hurro Nath Roy Chowdhry Bahadoor vs. Rundhir Singh and others (Nov. 20, 1890).

MSS. M: 3219

Peacock, Dred, 1864-1934. Notebook and letter, 1844-1939-

2 items.

High Point (Guilford Co.), N.C.

resident.

Collection consists of a list of newspaper and magazine articles, 1844-1873, on N.C. history, compiled by Peacock and others, possibly including Charles Lee Raper. Accompanying the volume is a letter, 1939, from Peacock's son, John R. Peacock, to J.P. Breedlove, commenting on the authorship.

Cataloged from Guide and manual

record.



MSS. M: 3219

Peacock, Dred, 1864-1934. Notebook and letter, ...

(Card 2)

1. North Carolina--History--19th century. 2. North Carolina--History--Sources--Bibliography 3. Peacock, Dred, 1864-1934. 4. Peacock family.

19 MAR 98

38744880

NDHYme

NcD

Peacock, Edwin Davis, 1910-1989.
Papers, 1915-1989 and n.d.

Co-owner (with John Ziegler) of the Book Basement in Charleston, S.C. Letters (some copies) to Edwin Peacock and John Ziegler, chiefly regarding their friend, author Carson McCullers. Many letters are from translators and biographers of McCullers (Virginia Carr, Jacques Tournier, and Robert Duparc). Includes letters from both Carson and Reeves McCullers to Peacock and Zeigler as well as copies of the McCullers letters to each other while Reeves served in the armed for _ ces in France during World War II. Some letters were written by Ca rson McCullers to 23 JAN 92 25149516 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Peacock, Edwin Davis, 1910-1989.

Papers, ... (Card 2)

Peacock during her stays at Yaddo.

Contains playbills of McCullers' plays,
reviews of her books and plays, and
other printed material concerning her
as well as 56 photographs of the
McCullers, their family, and their
friends.

1. Carr, Virginia Spencer. 2.

1. Carr, Virginia Spencer. 2.

McCullers, Carson, 1917-1967. 3.

Tournier, Jacques. 4. Duparc, Robert
Fouques. 5. Women authors, American—
Georgia. 6. Women authors—Relations
with men. 7. Authors, American—
Correspondence. 8. Yaddo (Sarasota
Springs, N.Y.). 9. McCullers,
Reeves, 1913- 1953.

Peacock, Edwin Davis, 1910-1989

Papers, 1967-1991, n.d. Addition, 20 items (.1 lin. ft.)

Bookstore owner, friend of Carson McCullers --Essay on Carson McCullers by John Ziegler's niece; letters from Virginia Carr to Peacock and Ziegler; clippings; photographs.

Gift: 4/91

Accessioned: 8/9/93

Acc. No.: 93-124

Peake, James B.

Papers, 1832-1846

Twyman's Store, Spottsylvania Co., Va.

Section A

5 items

6-9-72

Peake, James B. Papers. Twyman's Store, Spottsylvania Co., Va.

James B. Peake was a merchant. He is listed in Elliott & Nye's Virginia Directory and Business Register for 1852 (Richmond, 1852), p. 170.

Two letters are from an aunt who was a school-teacher. In 1838 she was employed in the family of Mrs. Dangerfield of "Bellefield" near Fredericksburg. The aunt's letter of Aug. 26, 1846, is her explanation of a male teacher's disciplining of Peake's children, actions that

Peake, James B

brought charges of impropriety.

Gideon Davis of Georgetown discussed prices for his plows and noted satisfaction at the continuation of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal (Jan. 8, 1832).

W. B. Peake of Fredericksburg reported (Mar. 2, 1843) on business conditions and family matters.

G. R. Peake wrote on Feb. 26, 1843, from Richmond about his business affairs.

Pean, Jules Émile.

Papers, 1893

Paris, France.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Papers, 1792-1919

Hoover Hill, Randolph Co., North Carolina

XIV-B

360 items

4-4-67

Pearce, John Hillard. Papers, 1792-1919. Hoover Hill, Randolph Co., N.C.

The John Hillard Pearce Papers center in Randolph Co., where Tilman Pearce (b. 1789) and his wife Polly or Mary L. (Jarrett) Pearce lived for many years. A few of the papers, particularly two genealogy charts, refer to Tilman Pearce. His son, John Hillard Pearce (b. 1824) was probably a farmer. The family were interested in flour mills. Not only was there a Pearce's Mill in Randolph Co; two sons

of Tilman Pearce, William B. and James Winbern Pearce, went to Indiana, acquired farms, and also were involved in flour and grist milling. Many members of this Pearce or Pierce family lived in Tabernacle Township in the nineteenth century, and their names are to be found in these papers.

James Winbern Pearce wrote to his father, Tilman, and his brother, John Hillard, in the 1860's from Westfield, Indiana. A few family letters reveal some of this group in Emporia, Kansas. Evidently the son of John Hillard

Pearce, Ceward F. Pearce of Fullers, N.C., has a few twentieth century papers in the collection.

The center of interest in the Pearce MSS. is in the legal papers. Land deeds for Randolph Co. holdings begin in 1792. John Hillard Pearce became clerk of the Board of Trustees of Tabernacle Township in Sept., 1869, and so served until at least 1877. His papers show how the roads were maintained and mention a few inconsequential school appointments.

The printed materials contain a broadside dated July 11, 1825, printed by John B. Troy of

Pearce, John W.

Papers, 1862-1867

Tennessee (?)

Section A

8-1-83

1 volume

John W. Pearce was a surveyor, perhaps a civil engineer. His manuscript volume (125 pp.) has two parts: Level Book No. 1, 1862, and 1st Tennessee Book, 1866-1867.

Level Book No. 1, 1862, was begun on March 7, 1862. It records all or part of an experimental survey for a railroad line connecting the Richmond & Danville and North Carolina railroads. The proposed new railroad was surveyed from Barksdale Station on the Richmond

and Danville in Halifax County, Virginia, southward to Company Shops (now Burlington) on the North Carolina Rail Road in Alamance County. The route ran through Caswell and Alamance counties in North Carolina. The great interest in such a connection was probably due to the gap in the railroad system between Greensboro and Danville. The Confederacy mounted a major effort to close this gap which was done by 1864. The survey was only begun, however, in the spring of 1862. The construction of this

railroad was probably why the line surveyed by Pearce was never built. The construction of the connection between Greensboro and Danville is discussed in Robert C. Black III's The Railroads of the Confederacy.

Level Book No. 1 consists of pencilled survey figures that run throughout the volume. It is not clear whether this volume contains the whole survey or just the first part of it.

Superimposed upon the survey records throughout the volume is the "1st Tennessee

Book" which presumably was also kept by Pearce. These records are written in ink. They consist of the names of subscribers to the Christian Observer, a Presbyterian newspaper published in Louisville, Kentucky. This newspaper was one of some repute, it having been published since 1813. The entries are arranged by localities in many counties throughout Tennessee and consist mostly of the names of the subscribers with occasional numbers and other notations. The subscribers include many

clergymen and other persons of prominence.

Information about Pearce is confined to this volume. Perhaps he was the Capt. John W. Pearce of the Confederate Niter and Mining Service who was stationed at Jonesborough, Tennessee, in September, 1864 (War of the Rebellion, Series IV, Vol. 3, p. 702).

Pearse, Arthur Sperry

See Duke University Archives

Pearse, Thomas, 18167-1885.

Letters and essays, 1828-1857 and

29 items.

Anglican minister; chaplain to Susan, Baroness North.

11 letters to Pearse from various correspondents during the 1840's and 1850's mention religious and political figures of the period. Correspondents include George Valentine Cox and Lord North. 18 school themes (3 written between 1828 and 1830) concern religious topics.

1. Church of England--Clergy. 2. Church of England--History--19th century. 3. Education--England--History--19th century.

MSS.

Pearson, Conrad Odell.

Papers, 1979.

1 item.

Afro-American attorney; on law faculty at North Carolina Central University, Durham, N.C.; assistant attorney general for N.C.

Brochure containing brief biographical sketch on Conrad O. Pearson, and two cassette recordings of the 1979 NAACP dinner held in the Durham Civic Center in honor of Pearson. Pearson initiated the first legal suit in the South, in 1933, against a state university for racial discrimination.

Unprocessed collection.
Cataloged fro maccession record.
*pj

06 JUN 95 32604659 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

Pearson, Conrad Odell.
Papers, ...

(Card 2)

1. Pearson, Conrad Odell. 2. Universities and colleges, Black--North Carolina. 3. Lawyers, Afro-American-Biography. 4. Civil rights--North Carolina--History. 5. Durham (N.C.)-- History.

NDHYme

NcD 06 JUN 95 32604659

Pearson, Mrs. E. A.

Papers, 1845

Talladega, Talladega County, Alabama

Section A

1 item

10-30-81

Pearson, Mrs. E. A., Papers. Talladega, Talladega County, Alabama

E. A. Pearson was a physician in Talladega, Alabama. He is noted in E. Grace Jemison's Historic Tales of Talladega (p. 301) where it is stated that Pearson's wife was a sister of Alabama Chief Justice Samuel Farrow Rice.

A letter of Feb. 7 (or 4), 1845, is addressed to Mrs. Pearson by Dr. Paul Hamilton Lewis of Mobile who signs himself as her brother. Consequently, Mrs. Pearson's sur-

name should likely have been Lewis, assuming Lewis used the terms brother and sister meaning blood relations. Chief Justice Rice married Amanda Pearson (Dictionary of Alabama Biography), so perhaps she was the sister of Dr. E. A. Pearson whose wife was a Lewis. In any case, the writer, who signs only "Hamilton," is definitely Dr. Lewis, because he refers to an article of his that will appear in the next issue of The New-Orleans Medical Journal. His long article on yellow fever in

Mobile has been found in the January and March issues of 1845. He was the author of The Medical History of Alabama (1847) and other publications. His letter also concerned: his feelings of bereavement since the death of his wife; his work; his children; the Pearsons; and Mrs. Samuel Farrow Rice.

Pearson, Josephine Anderson Recon

Papers, 1886-1938

Nashville, Tenn.

Cab. 59 GUIDE 1947 - 174 items added

11 items added 9-22-51

PEARSON, Josephine A.

Letters and Papers, 1886-1938. Nashville,

Tennessee.

192 items.

Sketch

Letters, papers, clippings, photographs, pamphlets, etc. of Josephine A. Pearson, daughter of Philip Anderson Pearson (b. 1838), a Methodist minister. This collection is of little of no value and contains little beyond clippings and information in regard to

PEARSON, Josephine A. Sketch (2)
Josephine A. Pearson who taught in various
denominational colleges and figured in various civic movements. Much of the material
is connected with events at Monteagle, Tenn.,
where Josephine A. Pearson usually spent her
summers.

Accompanying this collection is a small trunk, itself a heirloom of the Pearson family, which contains a few heirlooms of the Pearson family. These items, pictures,

PEARSON, Josephine A. Sketch 3
pamphlets, clippings, etc. are kept together
because the collection is a gift.

Among the MSS. items are the following letters: W.C. Brock (2); A.B. Fall (1); R.P. Hobson (1); T.N. Ivey (1); J.H. Kirkland(1), all of a more or less perfunctory nature.

Il items added 9-22-51. These consist of genealogical data on Mary Howell Bunton and the Roscoe and Pearson families, and coats of arms of those families.

Pearson, Sir Richard

Papers, 1773

London, England

XVIII-E

1 item

8-13-64

Pearson, Sir Richard. Papers, 1773. London, England

Sir Richard Pearson (1731-1806), captain in the navy, was the commander of the Serapis when it was defeated on September 23, 1779, by John Paul Jones and the Bonhomme Richard.

One of Pearson's prior commands was the sloop Speedwell. The manuscript is his appointment of June 26, 1773, as commander of the Speedwell by the Admiralty.

Pearson, Richmond Mumford

Papers, 1862-1921.

Yadkinville, Yadkin co., N. C.

Cab. 92

12-8-51

(Entered in the National Union
Catalog of Manuscripts as
CUIDE Richard Mumford Pearson Papers)
6-19-62

1 vol. added, 5-18-70

1

Richmond Mumford Pearson (1805-1878) was born at Richmond Hill in Rowan County, N. C., son of Col. Richmond Pearson. He attended the Univ. of N. C., and was admitted to the bar in 1826. After a successful practice of law for nine years and serving in the legislature from 1829 to 1832 he was elevated to the Superior Court bench in 1836. In 1848 he was elected by the legislature as an associate justice of the Supreme Courtern. In 1858 he was chosen chief justice of that court in which capacity he served until his

Pearson, Richmond Mumford. Sketch. death in 1878.

His first wife was Margaret Williams of Tenn. by whom he had ten children, and his second wife was Mrs. Mary Bynum.

A number of these papers are petitions from men who desired to be exempted from conscription. They claimed exemption on the grounds of being skilled tradesmen and militiamen and of having furnished substitutes.

There is a letter of Sept. 15, 1863, from Gen. Robert F. Hoke to Pearson; testimony that John Spears was arrested for harboring his sons Pearson, Richmond Mumford. Sketch.

who were deserters and for expressing Union sentiments; declaration of the number of male slaves held by various people; papers relating to the arrest of M. L. Cranfield, who was accused of aiding deserters and "recusant conscripts"; and election returns from the Confederate army for N. C. state officials and officers of Yadkin County.

38 items added, 6-19-62. Mainly legal papers relating to Pearson's work as chief justice of N. C. Some 1864 grand jury present-

ments are for harboring deserters and conscripts from the Confederate Army, for harboring a witness from the state, and for some very improper talk to a company of slaves.

A letter of Jan. 25, 1921, says that some Negroes at Norlina, N. C., rioted. A mob, presumably white, lynched two men, presumably

Negro.

There are two undated lists of Negroes, one of them of men to work on Confederate fortifications.

l vol. added, 5-18-70: This law notebook (190 pp.) was apparently kept by a student at the law school of Chief Justice Pearson at Richmond Hill in the 1870's. A major part of the notes (pp. 23-190) were taken on Pearson's lectures which primarily concerned property law (see table of contents, pp. 5-6).

The exact identity of the student is somewhat unclear. The names of R. A. Johnson and P. B. Johnston appear in the volume along with the dates of 1874 and 1877 and the place names Pearson, William Gaston. Papers, 1913-1976.

Durham, N.C. African-American businessman, educator, philanthropist,

and civic leader.

Scrapbook of clippings and printed material which reflects the business accomplishments and life of William Pearson, who founded the North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Co., the Mechanics and Farmers Bank, the Durham Drug Co., and other businesses in Durham, N.C., primarily in banking, credit, and insurance.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accessio n record.

*pj

Pearson, William Gaston-Papers, ...

(Card 2)

1. Pearson, William Gaston. 2. North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company—History. 3. Mechanics and Farmers Bank—Durham (N.C.) 4. Durham Drug Co.—Durham (N.C.) 5. Afro-Americans—Economic relations. 6. Businessmen, African—American—Biography. 7. Durham (N.C.)—History. 8. Afro-Americans—Economic conditions—North Carolina. 9. Afro-Americans—North Carolina. Social conditions. 10. Genre: Scrapbooks.

22 MAY 95 32520396

2520396 NDHYme

Pearson family.

Papers, 1798-1963.

127 items.

Residents of Asheville, N.C. Chiefly correspondence concerning the lives and careers of Richmond Pearson, U. S. Minister to Persia (1902-1907), and Thomas Pearson, his son, who was either in diplomatic service or possibly banking. One letter written by Richmond Pearson to Dr. J. L. Potter, head of the American Mission in Teheran, accuses Potter of slander against Richmond. Others relate to the

murder of a missionary in Persia, the Reverend B. W. Labaree, and the indemnity of \$50,000 demanded of Persia by the U.S. government for

his death. The correspondence

22 MAY 95 32520353 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

Pearson family.

Papers, ... (Card 2) relating to Thomas Pearson concerns his life in the U. S. Army in the U. S. and France in World War I and its aftermath. Other topics concern personal matters and life in Persia and Haiti. Correspondents include Pearson, his wife, and his friend Vincent Sheean, whose letters contain references to prominent people, including Thomas Wolfe. Collection also includes a two printed programs of official events in Haiti.

* pj

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accessio n record.

Pearson family. Papers, ...

(Card 3)

1. Pearson, Richmond. 2. Pearson,
Thomas. 3. Sheean, Vincent, 1899—
4. Potter, D. L. 5. Labaree, B.
W. Reverend. 6. Wolfe, Thomas, 1900—
1938. 7. United States. Army. American
Expeditionary Forces. 8. United States
Army--Officer s--Correspondence. 9.
Soldiers--Cor respondence. 10.
World War, 19 14-1918--United
22 MAY 95 32520353 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Pearson family. Papers, ... (Card 4) States. 11. World War, 1914-1918--France. 12. Europe--History--1918-1945. 13. United States-Diplomatic and consular service -- Iran. 14. United States--Foreign relations--Iran. 15. United States--Foreign relations--Haiti. 16. Iran--Foreign relations--United States. 17. United States --Claims vs. Iran. 18. Iran-Description and travel. 19. Haiti -- Description and travel. 20. Diplomacy--History--20th century. I. Sheean, Vincent, 1899-II. Pearson, Richmond. Pearson, Thomas.

Pease, Henry

Papers, 1858

Darlington, Durham, England

XVIII-E

1 item

3-13-68

Pease, Henry. Papers, 1858. Darlington, Durham, England

Henry Pease (1807-1881), British railway projector, served as M. P. for South Durham, 1857-1865.

On Nov. 2, 1858, Samuel Morley wrote in behalf of the Parliamentary Reform Committee's plans for increased political activity.

6th 21:A (98-0292)

Pease, Henry, 1807-Papers 1840-1897.

3 items.

British railway projector and member

of a prominent Quaker family.

Diary and printed materials. The collection of papers includes Henry Pease's diary from the year 1840; a published biography, "Henry Pease: A Short Story of His Life," written by his widow, Mary H. Pease, in 1897; a small pamphlet containing the eulogy that was read at Pease's funeral in 1881.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accessio n records.

6th 21:A (98-0292)

Pease, Henry, 1807-Papers ...

(Card 2)

1. Pease, Henry, 1807- 2. Railroads--Great Britain--History. I. Pease, Mary H.

SHELF LOCATION:

Sect. A

Peck, Allen L. Correspondence, 1862-1863. 12 items.

Union soldier.

Chiefly letters (1862, Aug. 25-1863, June 14), some on pictorial stationery, from Peck, who was with Co. E, 20th Infantry Regiment of the Connecticut Volunteers, to his wife in Southington, Connecticut. They primarily describe his journey from Connecticut to Virginia and his regiment's participation in the defense of Harper's Ferry from Oct. to Dec. 1862. Also includes a letter from his wife and another from his cousin.

Peck, Allen L. Correspondence, 1862-1863. ... (Card 2)

1. United States. Army. Connecticut Infantry Regiment, 20th (1862-1865). Company E. 2. Virginia--History--Civil War, 1861-1865. 3. Harper's Ferry (W. Va.)--History--Civil War, 1861-1865.

05 AUG 87

16390559 NDHYme

PECK, Elijah Wolsey

Done

Letters and papers, 1851-1879
Tuscaloosa, Alabama

Section A

27 items

JUL 12 '46

GUIDF

Miscellaneous letters and papers of Elijah Wolsey Peck, chief justice of the Alabama supreme court and president of the Ala. consitutional convention in 1868. Several letters are about court records of his cases; others are from the Headquarters of the 3rd Military District regarding election returns. One letter protests the certification of the election of John B. Callis as a U.S. representative from the 5th Alabama district. Included are several family letters from his son, David, who was a patient in the Washington Home, Chicago, 1879.

SHELF LOCATION:

Sect. A

Peck, Francis, 1811-1888.

Letters, 1831.

3 items.

Clergyman.

Three ALS (1831, Apr. 21, July 11, Oct 21) from Francis Peck at Brown University and the Episcopal Seminary in Alexandria, Va., to his brothers Isaac and John in Fredericksburg, Va. The letters relate chiefly to routine family and personal matters.

1. Family life--Virginia. 2. Brown University. 3. Protestant Episcopal Theological Seminary. 4. Occupation: Clergy. 5. Family life--Rhode Island.

MSS. Sec. A

Peck, Martin L.

Letters, 1869-1875.

9 items.

Rainsburg (Bedford Co.), Pa. teacher. Collection contains letters to Peck from various friends also teaching in and around Rainsburg, Pa. There is information on teachers' salaries, curriculum, living expenses, tuition, and more during this period.

Cataloged from manual record.

*lcs

1. Education -- Pennsylvania -- History --19th century. 2. Education--Pennsylvania--Curricula. 3. Teachers--History-19th century. 4. Bedford -History. County (Pa.)-

Peden & Kelly

Papers, 1835-1837

Wilkesboro, Wilkes County, N. C.

3565 l vol.

5-13-70

See also bound vol. card

Peden & Kelly. Papers. Wilkesboro, Wilkes County, N. C.

Peden & Kelly was a mercantile firm at Wilkesboro. Its Account of Produce Received, 1835-1837, has particular interest, because it records items that were purchased from local inhabitants and produced nearby - animal skins, whiskey, grain, dairy products, cloth, tallow, and many others.

The identities of the owners remain incomplete. Peden might have been William W. Peden Peden & Kelly

Account of Produce Received, 1835-1837 Wilkesboro, North Carolina

4-13-70

Pedrick, Benjamin

Papers, 1862-1864

Fulton County, N.Y.

Section A

31 items

6-17-68

Pedrick, Benjamin, Papers. Fulton County, N.Y.

William Pedrick, son of Mary A. and Benjamin Pedrick, served in Company K of the 115th New York Infantry Regiment of Volunteers. This collection contains his letters to his parents and to his brother Nelson. He refers to his infant son Francis but makes no mention of his wife.

Pedrick's letters include comments on camp life, Lincoln and the presidential election of 1864, copperheads in New York and elsewhere, ia and Florida and on the coastal islands of South Carolina. He expressed rather uncompli-

mentary remarks about the Negro. Generals

Grant and Gillmore are also mentioned.

James H. Clark published a history of Pedrick's unit, The Iron Hearted Regiment:
Being an Account of the Battles, Marches and Gallant Deeds Performed by the 115th Regiment
N.Y. Vols. (Albany, N.Y., 1865). Clark's work is devoted principally to the years 1864 and 1865. Pedrick's lerters were mainly written in

Papers, 1863-1864

New York, N. Y.

Section A

2-23-60

5 items

MSS. Sec. A

Pedrick, John C. Papers, 1863-1864. 5 items.

New York, N.Y. resident.

Collection contains Pedrick's correspondence concerning speculation in cotton by treasury and army agents, trade conditions and regulations, and the market for northern merchandise in Tenn. and the lower Miss. valley.

Cataloged from Guide.

*lcs

1. Speculation--History--19th century. 2. Trade regulations--United States 3. Tennessee--Commerce-History--19th century. 4. Mississippi River Valley- -Commerce--History-19th century.

Pedrick, John C. Papers, 1863-1864. New York, N.Y. 5 items. Sketch

John C. Pedrick Papers concern speculation in cotton at the end of the Civil War by Breasury and Army agents. Mentioned are Secretary of the Treasury S.P. Chase and his Special Supervising Agent, Wm. Proctor Mellen. Pedrick, who lived in New York City, was formerly from Somer ville, Tenn., and hoped to join the ranks of speculators in that state. His correspondence with Wm.de Zeng brought letters describing conditions on Get. 2 and Nov. 27, 1863. F.Y. Carlile also wrote from Memphis, Nov. 15, 1863,

picturing the market for northern merchandise in Tennessee and the Lower Mississippi Valley. Carlile spoke of Custom House and Treasury agents engaged in cotton speculation and noted trade conditions and regulations. William P. Mellen is again seen as controlling much of this lucrative trade. In March, 1864, Carlile reported on Memphis business conditions and depredations by U.S. troops at Somerville, Tenn.

Mentioned in the Papers are U.S. Generals Hurlbut, Steele, M.B. Buford, and J.C. Veatch. See Report of the Secretary of the Freas-

ury, 1863.

Peebles, Anna Lee See Peebles Family Peebles, Helena Stockton See Peebles Family Peebles, John F.

See Peebles Family

Peebles, Sallie Sue (Ellis)
Papers, 1874-1926

Advance, Davie Co., N.C.

14-G 478 items

6-3-71

Peebles, Sallie Sue (Ellis). Papers. Advance, Davie Co., N.C.

Sallie Sue (Ellis) Peebles was a music teacher in Advance, North Carolina, who married C.D. ("Bud") Peebles in May, 1910. She also became president of the Davie County branch of the Woman's Association for the Betterment of Public School Houses. In 1907 she won a trip to Europe as the result of a contest sponsored by the Industrial News.

The bulk of the correspondence, which begins in 1906, is from North Carolina friends and from a suitor, Thomas R. Wolfe. There is some

material on the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and on the Woman's Betterment Association. A few letters from Mrs. Lula V. (Martin) McIver, wife of Charles Duncan McIver, concern the work of the Association. Included in the collection are a number of invitations and cards, coversing the years 1905 to 1925. In the miscellany are financial papers, commencement and conference programs, and other printed material. References to the public schools and to the Woman's Association for the Betterment of Public School Houses are primarily

Papers, 1849-1908

Richmond and Petersburg, Dinwiddie Co., Va.

8-2-41 (See also bound vol. cards)

12 vols.

Peebles, Anna Lee

Diary, 1870

Richmond, Va.

180 pp.

Leather 12x8 cm.

Peebles books chiefly trifling diaries, occasional scrap book, account book and Mss. story.

[Peebles, Anma Lee]

Diary, 1873

[Richmond, Va.]

180 pp.

Leather 12x7 cm.

Diary, 1901

[Richmond, Va.]

95 pp.

Boards

30x19 cm.

Diary, 1902

[Richmond, Va.]

85 pp.

Boards

30x19 cm.

1111 8 1941

Diary, 1904

[Richmond, Va.]

96 pp.

Boards

30x19 cm.

Diary, 1905

[Richmond, Va.]

100 pp.

Boards 30x19 cm.

Diary, 1906

[Richmond, Va.]

123 pp.

Boards

30x19 cm.

1111 8 1941

Diary, 1907

[Richmond, Va.]

160 pp.

Boards

30x19 cm.

Diary, 1908

[Richmond, Va.]

135 pp.

Boards 30x19 cm.

Scrap Book, 1890

[Richmond, Va.]

20 pp.

Paper

34x21 cm.

Peebles, John F.

Account Book (Physicians) 1853-1855 Petersburg, Va.

200 pp.

Boards

31x20 cm.

Peebles, John F.

"Hoffman"; A story, 1849

Petersburg, Va.

47 pp.

Paper 26x19 cm.

MSS. See Bd. vols.

Peebles family. Papers, 1849-1908.

12 v.

Richmond and Petersburg (Dinwiddie

Co.), Va. residents.

Collection consists of John F.

Peeble's "Hoffman," an unfinished and apparently unpublished historical novel in the romantic tradition with the scene laid in Virginia just prior to the American Revolution, written in 1849; accounts of a Petersburg physician, 1853-1855; Anne Lee Peeble's diaries, 1870 and 1878; and Helena Stockton Peeble's scrapbook, 1890, and diaries, 1901 ——1908.

Cataloged f ——rom Guide.

*lcs

21 JUL 98

39522068 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS. See Bd. vols. Peebles family.

Papers, ...

(Card 2)

1. Peebles family. 2. Peebles, Ann
Lee. 3. Peebles, Helena Stockton. 4.
Virginia--History--Fiction. 5.
Nedicine--Accounting. 6. Medicine-Practice--North Carolina. 7.
Petersburg (Va.)--History. 8. Genre:
Scrapbook. 9. Genre: Diaries--Women.
I. Peebles, John F. II. Peebles, Ann
Lee.

MSS. M:6743

Peed, John, d. 1851. Commonplace book, 1841-1847.

1 v.

Sailmaker in the U.S. Navy who served on a U.S. frigate, the U.S.S.

MACEDONIAN.

Collection consists of a commonplace book (120 pp.) with drafts of copies of undated letters, personal accounts, mess accounts, diary entries, log entries, and other records. In one letter, Peed notes that his mother lives in Washington, D.C., and he may have been a resident there also. His letters are usually requests for leave or for a warrant as a sailmaker. Cataloged f rom Guide.

MSS. M:6743

Peed, John, d. 1851. Commonplace book, ...

(Card 2)

1. Peed, John, d. 1851. 2. United States. Navy--History--19th century. 3. Macedonian (Ship) 4. Sailors--United States--Correspondence. 5. United States--History, Naval--To 1900. 6. Genre: Commonplace book.



Peed, John. Commonplace Book, 1841-1847. Washington, D. C.

John Peed (d. 1851) is listed as a sailmaker in the United States Navy, April 8, 1840, in Edward W. Callahan, List of Officers of the Navy of the United States and of the Marine Corps from 1775 to 1900 (New York, 1901), p. 428. Information in this volume identifies its owner as the above John Peed. He served on a U. S. frigate that he identifies with various spellings This vessel was the U. S. S. Macedonian which is described historically in the Official Records of

the Union and Confederate Navies in the War of the Rebellion (Washington, 1921), Series II, Volume I, p. 130. See the index to this set for other references to the Macedonian.

The volume includes drafts or copies of undated letters, personal accounts, mess accounts, diary entries, log entries, and other miscellaneous records. Dates are usually 1841 or 1842, but one receipt dates as late as 1847.

In one letter Peed notes that his mother lives in Washington, D. C., and he may have been a resident there also. His letters are usually

MSS.

Peel, Arthur Wellesley Peel, 1st viscount, 1829-1912.

Diary, 1892 Jan. 1-1896 Jan. 6.

Speaker of the House of Commons in 1884, 1886, and 1892.

Entries provide account of Peel's later career as Speaker of the House of Commons. Some entries concern the controversy surrounding the Irish Question and the Home Rule Bill of 1893. Peel described encounters with notables, including Gladstone and Tennyson. Entries are brief, but provide description of late 19th century British social and political life. Include s detailed records of expenditures.

MSS.

Peel, Arthur Wellesley Peel, 1st viscount, 1829-1912. Diary, ... (Card 2)

1. Gladstone, W. E. (William Ewart), 1809-1898. 2. Tennyson, Alfred Tennyson, Baron, 1809-1892. 3. Great Britain. Parliament. House of Commons-History. 4. Irish Question. 5. Home rule (Ireland). 6. Great Britain-Politics and government-19th century. 7. Great Britain-Social life and customs-19th century. 8. Genre: Diaries.

15 JAN 93

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NDHYme

Peel, Arthur Wellesley, 1829-1912.

Diary, 1892 Jan. 1-1896 Jan. 6. 1 item (0.1 lin. ft.)

Shelf location: Bill's office

Entries from the later period of Peel's tenure as Speaker in the House of Commons during the period of the Home Rule Bill of 1893. While the entries are generally brief, they build cumulatively to describe life at the center of the social and political scene in Great Britain at the end of the 19th century. He also used the volume to record financial expenditures. (continued on next card)

Peel, Arthur Wellesley, 1829-1912. (card 2)

Purchase: 6/26/90

Accessioned: 9/25/90

Acc. No.: 90-093

Peel, Sir Robert, Second Baronet

Papers, 1816-1864

Tamworth, Staffordshire, England

XVIII- G

9-5-55

(Entered in the National Union Catalog of Manuscripts as Sir Robert Peel, Baronet Papers)

9 items

9 items added 12-16-55

3 items added 9-26-60

1 item added 5-10-58

2 items added

1 3-23-610 1 item, 7-20-61 Peel, Sir Robert, Second Baronet

Papers, 1816-1864

Tamworth, Staffordshire, England

XVIII-

9-5-55

1 item added, 9-1-62
2 items added, 4-24-64
3 items transferred to
Sir Joseph Fuller MSS.,
6-3-64
36 items added, 8-13-

2 items added, 2-16-68

Peel, Sir Robert, Second Baronet

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Peel, Sir Robert. Papers, 1816-1864. Tamworth, England.

Personal correspondence of Sir Robert Peel (1788-1850), British statesman. Among the correspondents are Lord Liverpool and John Spencer, Viscount Althorp. One undated letter with an illegible signature comments on a speech by Peel.

Added 12-16-55. Letters of Sir Robert Peel to the private secretary of the King, Sir William Knighton, concerning some important matters awaiting the attention of King George IV. The

letters are very brief. They concern: the need for the King's signature on certain military commissions (July 4, 1826); General St. John's desire for the King's sanction of a private undertaking in Brighton (Jan. 26, 1826); pardons needing the King's signature (Mar. 8, 1826); the King's sponsorship of a society established in Manchester for the promotion of the fine arts (n. d.); papers needing the King's signature, including one marked "Mill Doctor in Divinity" (Jan. 21, 1827); reports of the recorder at the Old Bailey, and the King's need to hold a council to receive these reports before permitting the Bishops of Lincoln and Oxford "to do homage" (Mar. 1, 1827); the petition of a school for financial and, which Peel advised against (July 31, 1828); a letter from Mr. Reightley (June 2, 1830).

litem added 5-10-58 (Transferred from the Misc. File): Brief letter of Peel of Feb. 17, 1826, to an unidentified person, with brief references to the death of the Knights of Windsor

and events at Harrow.

Three items added 9-26-60: Two letters by Peel on Feb. 11, 1836, and Feb. 8, 1847 [?], concern non-political subjects, the refusal to subscribe to a volume by one Byron and a minor purchase, respectively. On Aug. 8, 1828, Peel refused to offer protection to one Quinn, whose information did not seem valuable.

2 items added 3-23-61: This addition consists of two letters and three clippings. On May 23, 1843, Peel acknowledges a letter from from Sir Howard Douglass, Third Baronet, and on Aug. 1, 1850, Sir Henry Goulburn makes a refer-

ence to the settlement of Peel's estate. The clippings are attached to the letter of May 23, 1843, and include an account of Peel's fatal accident and illness, a small picture of his birthplace, and an incomplete account of the method for registering a death.

l item added, 7-20-61; Peel, Home Secretary, refuses on Sept.7, 1826, to accept his correspondent's gloomy outlook on the Irish economy, and he argues that the Emglish have generally fulfilled their obligations to aid Ireland.

M. P. for Westminster, writes on June 5, 1822, to Robert Peel, Home Secretary. Burdett notes that Peel intends to make a motion this evening for a renewal of the Alien Bill, and he asks permission to move first for a minor bill.

2 items added, 4-24-64. Lord Palmerston writes to Peel on April 6, 1828, and asks consideration of the matter that he wrote about to the Duke. On Aug. 27, 1830, Peel thanks E. Willmer of Liverpool for certain papers that he

Peel, Sir Robert, Second Baronet sent; he is probably Edward Willmer (1793-1869), the printer and newspaper owner. There are two

engravings of Peel.

36 items added, 8-13-64. Many of these items are routine personal notes. However, several letters merit comment. In either 1824 or 1825 Peel writes to Sir John Coxe Hippisley, acknowledges the pamphlet that he sent, and denies responsibility for the haste with which the government is proceeding in an unspecified matter.

On Jan. 18, 1825, Peel notifies Viscount Strangford that his wishes relative to the new title will be met. Strangford became Baron Penshurst in February.

On Feb. 1, 1830, Peel writes to James Loch, economist and member of the House of Commons. He asks Loch's advice about statistics on the increase in tonnage on the Bridgewater Canal, 1820-1824.

On Dec. 9, 1834, Peel became prime minister. A few days later on the 12th he summoned Sir Edward Knatchbull to London to confer about the

Peel, Sir Robert, Second Baronet 9
new ministry. Knatchbull became paymaster of
the forces and a privy councillor after turning
down higher office.

On Aug. 16, 1837, Peel writes to Sir James Emerson-Tennent and comments on Sir James's failure to be reelected an M. P. from Belfast. Peel also comments on the general outcome of the parliamentary election of 1837.

On Aug. 7, 1844, Peel replied to a question in the House of Commons about the advance of French authority in the region of the Gabon River in Equatorial Africa. He denied that

Peel, Sir Robert, Second Baronet there had ever been any official British occupancy of Gabon. On Aug. 19 Peel writes a letter in which he elaborates on the position that Gabon is not British territory.

2 items added, 2-16-68: Two letters were addressed to the Rev. Robert Chapman Savage, Vicar of Nuneaton. Sir Robert Peel, Second Baronet, wrote on Jan. 24, 1846, about a misfortune in the Savage family and the rule of church attendance in a school, perhaps one at Tamworth. Sir Robert Peel, Third Baronet, commented on July 29, 1861, about his appointment

Peel, Sir Robert, Second Baronet 11 as Irish Secretary and compared the situation in Ireland with what it was when his father held the office.

RECON

Peel, Sir Robert, Second Baronet

Papers, 1841-1846

London, England

Prime Minister's Correspondence. Sir Robert Peel. Royal Library, Windsor Castle. Date of order: 10-30-67. Date received: 1-2-68 Fund: General (Hamilton) Price: \$87.22 1-3-68

Peel, Sir Robert, Second Baronet. Papers, 1841-1846. London, England

The microfilm includes correspondence to and from Sir Robert Peel. The numerous correspondents include Queen Victoria, Prince Albert, Lord John Russell, and Lord Melbourne. A list of contents appears at the beginning of each reel.

2nd 87:A (98-145)

Peele, William Walter, 1881-1959.

Sermons, 1919-1956.

400 items.

Peele graduated from Trinity College in 1903, was later on the faculty there and became a trustee of Duke University. He was pastor in several N.C. Methodist churches, and from 1938 to 1952, was bishop of the Richmond area.

Collection consists of four volumes of about 400 sermons (mostly typed) and dozens of graduation speeches, tributes, and other addresses by Reverend Peele. There are handwritten notes in the margins and addresses, some with dat es. The bulk of the sermons were delivered at the 11 MAY 98 39100534 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

2nd 87:A (98-145)

Cataloged fro

11 MAY 98

Peele, William Walter, 1881-1959. Sermons, ... (Card 2) Edenton Street Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in Raleigh, N.C.; at Trinity Church in Durham, N.C.; and at First Methodist Church in Charlotte, N.C. in the 1920s. Also included are a few clippings relating to Peele; newsletters, programs and statements relating to the Methodist church; and addresses relating to Duke University (located in volume 4). The collection was donated by Sandra J. Grafton, Bishop Peele's niece, who also gathered and compiled the sermons. collection. Unprocessed

These sermo ns were donated to the

m accession record.

39 10 0534 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

NcD

2nd 87:A (98-145)

Feele, William Walter, 1881-1959.

Sermons, ... (Card 3)

Rare Book, Manuscript, and Special

Collections Library in memory of

Captain Mildred Lytch Odom Carr SC USN

RET.

*lcs

1. Peele, William Walter, 1881-1959.

2. Duke University--Alumni. 3. Duke University--Faculty. 4. Preaching--History. 5. Sermons, American-North Carolina. 6. Methodist Church-Sermons-20th century. 7. Methodist Church-Church--Clergy. 8. Methodist Church-North Carolina--History. 9. Sermons, American--Col lections. 10. Sermons, American--Col lections. 10.

Sermons, Amer ican--20th century.

11. Genre: Se rmons.

11. MAY 98 39100534 NDHYme

Peggram, Allen W

Arithmetic Books and Ciphering Books. 1834-1841. Guilford County, North Carolina.

2 vols.

[See following cards for seperate items]

NOV 5 1940

MSS. SS:42

Pegram, Allen W.
Papers, 1834-1841.

2 items.
Guilford Co., N.C. resident.
Collection contains an arithmetic
book, 1834, and ciphering book, 1841.
Cataloged from Guide.
*lcs

1. Pegram, Allen W. 2. Arithmetic-Study and teaching. 3. Arithmetic-Problems, exercises, etc. 4. Ciphers.
5. Guilford County (N.C.)--History.

Pegram, Allen W.

Arithmetic Book.

1834.

Guilford County, North Carolina

78 pp.

Paper. 33 x 20 cm.

AUG 3 0 1940

Treasure Room Peggram, Allen W

Ciphering Book, 1841

Oak Ridge, North Carolina

70 pp.

Cloth

32 x 20 cm.

OCT 3 1940

Pegram, John, 1832-1865.

Letter, 1865.

1 item.

Civil War soldier.

Civil War letter.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record.

* lbp

1. United States--Civil War, 1861-1865--Personal narratives. 2. Soldiers--Correspondence. 3. Virginia --History--Civil War, 1861-1865.

Peirce, Benjamin (1809-1880).

Papers, 1860.

Cambridge, Middlesex Co., Mass.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

Peirce, Behjamin (1809-1880). Papers, 1860. Cambridge, Mass. 1 item. Sketch.

Dr. John Spare was born in Canton, Mass., in 1816, and he graduated from Amherst in 1838. He sends his son of letter in Sept., 1860, from New Bedford, on the obscure parts of mathematical text books. In it he comments on Dr. Benjamin Peirce's Differential Calculus. A copy of his letter to his son was sent to Dr. Peirce (1809-1880), mathematician and astronomer, Harvard Professor, Librarian, and author. In 1865 Dr. Spare published, The Differential Calculus, with Unusual and Particular Analysis of its

Peirce, Benjamin (1809-1880)
Practical Application (Boston, 1865).

MSS. X

Peirce, Ellen E. Letters, 1849-1857. 52 items.

Teacher, originally from Villenova (Chautauqua Co.), N.Y., but working in Willoughy, Ohio, and Oakland, Tenn. Chiefly letters to Ellen from her father, Dr. Austin Peirce, and her brother, Dr. William Peirce, both physicians. Those from William written while he lived in Coldwater (formerly Marshall Co.; now Tate Co.), Miss., provide insight into a northerner's view of southern culture. There is also discussion of teaching in both the North and South. The letters reflect ionship with her Ellen's relat th her brother. father and wi

02 JAN 90

20836358 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

Peirce, Ellen E. Letters, ...

(Card 2)

1. Education-Southern States. 2. Education-United States-History. 3. Southern States-Public opinion. 4. Tate County (Miss.)-Social life and customs. 5. Women-Family relationships. I. Peirce, William, b. 1830.

Peirce, Ellen E. Papers. Villenova and Hamlet, Chautauqua Co., New York

The collection contains letters primarily from physicians Dr. Austin Peirce, of Villenova, N.Y., and his son, Dr. William Peirce, to Ellen "Nell" Peirce, Austin Peirce's daughter. Ellen attended and taught at the female seminary in Willoughby, Ohio, and also taught in Oakland, Fayette County, Tennessee, during the period covered by these letters. However, the exact years she was in Ohio and Tennessee are unclear.

From the collection, one learns that for at least part of 1851 she was in school at Willoughby, and that in September, 1853, she was teaching in Oakland.

While we are only able to learn about Ellen through letters in the collection, additional information about both Austin and his son are available in the <u>History of Chautaqua County</u> by A. W. Yong. It is learned from this work that both were educated for the medical field in New York. Information from the book and a dealer's

description of the collection are filed with the collection.

Mutual acquaintances, health concerns, and family matters are routine topics in the letters. Ellen received advice on a variety of topics from her father and brother. In particular, both were concerned that she would be able to obtain a teaching position appropriate to her education and experience.

In the series of letters dating from Nov. 5, 1852, William corresponds to Ellen from

Coldwater, Marshall County (now Tate County), Mississippi. William moved to Coldwater to take over the practice of an acquaintance, Dr. Koen, who was retiring because of ill health. In addition to discussing health issues and the cost of medical care in the area surrounding Coldwater, William also wrote about other social concerns of the period. Among them were: the education of whites; conditions of slaves; the comparison of social life and customs of young people in the South with those in Villenova,

N. Y.; and sectional differences between North and South. These letters offer an interesting insight by providing us with a northerner's view of southern culture. In several letters from that date from May 17, 1853, William writes to Ellen of his desire to relocate, most likely in Illinois. From information filed with the collection, we learn that he did eventually move to southern Illinois, where he became a state senator and a surgeon in the Civil War.

Peirce, John N.

Letters, 1872-1874.

5 items.

Resident of [Iowa?].

Personal letters from Robert W. Peirce to his son John. Subjects include interests in relatives and friends; agriculture concerns, including methods of planting and the effects of weather on crops; a flood; financial matters, including debts, scarcity of money, the will of a deceased relative; and illness. There is one reference to a Quarterly Meeting and friends from Iowa, possibly Quakers.

collection. Unprocessed Cataloged fro m accession record.

* lbp

32458462 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Peirce, John N. Letters, ...

(Card 2)

1. Society of Friends. 2. Quakers--Iowa. 3. Agriculture--United States-19th century. 4. Farm life---United States--19th century.

32458462 NDHYme

NcD

Pelham, Arthur Harvey Thursby-

Papers, 1883-1886

Cound, Shropshire, England

18-G

8-24-73

-> online as:

Thursby-Pelham,

Arthur Harvey

2 vols.

Pelham, Arthur Harvey Thursby-. Papers. Cound, Shropshire, England

The Rev. Arthur Harvey Thursby-Pelham (b. 1874), a clergyman of the Church of England, took his master's degree at Merton College, Oxford, became a deacon in 1899, and was ordained a priest in 1900. He was the son of the Rev. Augustus Thursby-Pelham, longtime rector of Cound Church. Information about these men is in the Clergy List and in Burke's Landed Gentry.

The two volumes are entitled "The Murray, 1883," and The Murray, 1886." They contain

manuscripts written and bound together in the form of a monthly magazine. Included are stories, poetry, drawings, cards, etc. written or compiled by children of the family and their friends. The principal authors and editors were Arthur Harvey Thursby-Pelham and his elder brother Charles Augustus Thursby-Pelham (1871-1886). Information on the latter brother is in the Charterhouse Register, 1872-1931. The volumes are primarily of interest as children's work. However, the volume for 1886 has at least two writings about the Charterhouse that

Pelham, Arthur Harvey ThursbyCharles Thursby-Pelham attended (pp. 105-108, 113-120). Among the drawings in the 1883 book, there are two skillful watercolors (pp. 331, 434), one of them being of Cound Church. The 1886 volume includes seven antique cards for Christmas and New Years'.

Pelham-Clinton, Lord Edward William

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Pelham-Clinton, Henry Pelham Fiennes, Fourth Duke of Newcastle

See Clinton, Henry Pelham Fiennes Pelham-, Fourth Duke of Newcastle

Pellet, William. Letter, 1828, Sept. 20.

1 item.

Resident of Bellefonte, Pa.

Letter from F. M. Ewen of Fredericksburg, Ohio, to Pellet.

Contained in the letter are comments about the presidential election of that

year.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record.

* lbp

1. Presidents--United States--Election--1828.



Pelletan, Jean Philippe.

Papers, 1827

Paris, France.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the litem. History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4-8-60

MSS. Sec. A

Pellico, Silvio, 1789-1854.
Papers, [18--]
2 items.

Italian patriot and author from Turin.

Collection contains a poem entitled "A Dio" by Pellico; and an engraving of a portrait of Pellico.
Cataloged from Guide.

*lcs

1. Pellico, Silvio, 1789-1854. 2. Pellico, Silvio, 1789-1854. A Dio. 3. Engraving--Specimens. 4. Authors, Italian--19th century.

Pellico, Silvio (1789-1854). Papers. Turin, Italy

Silvio Pellico (1789-1854) was an Italian patriot and the author of plays, poetry, and prose. He joined the Carbonari, and his revolutionary activities resulted in his imprisonment during 1820-1830. Le Mie Prigioni (1832), an account of his sufferings as a prisoner, aroused much sympathy, and it remains a well regarded work.

An undated, signed manuscript (1 p.) contains

Pellico, Silvio (1789-1854)

his poem "A Dio" (six stanzas, 24 lines). There is also an engraving of a portrait of Pellico.

MSS. OC:I:8

Pelly, Lewis, Sir, 1825-1892. Papers, 1875.

1 item.

Indian official and special commissioner for Baroda.

Collection consists of a detailed, watercolor plan of the Commission Hall at Baroda, India, as it was arranged for the trial of the ruler of Baroda, Nalhar Rao, Gaekwar of Baroda, done by Dr. George Edwin Seward, Surgeon-Major of the Bombay Army, Baroda Residency Surgeon and Cantonment Magistrate at Earoda. On the reverse side of the plan is Pelly's notation and signature. Cataloged from Guide.

MSS. oc:1:8

Pelly, Lewis, Sir, 1825-1892. (Card 2) Papers, ...

1. Pelly, Lewis, Sir, 1825-1892. 2. Seward, George Edwin. 3. Baroda--Kings and rulers. 4. India--History--British occupation, 1765-1947.

21 JUL 98

39522082 NDHYme

NcD

Pelly, Sir Lewis. Papers, 1875. London, England

Sir Lewis Pelly (1825-1892), Indian official, served in a variety of military and diplomatic positions in India and the Near East from 1841 until his retirement in 1877. He entered the Bombay Army in 1841, became a colonel in 1871 and a lieutenant general in 1887.

In 1874-1875 Sir Lewis was a special commissioner for Baroda at the time of the trial and deposition of its ruler, Malhar Rāo, Gaekwar of Baroda. This collection has a large water-colored plan of the Commission Hall at

Baroda as it was arranged for the trial. The plan (24 x 19 in.) is entitled, "The Commission Hall Baroda being an extension of the Cantonment Magistrates Court effected and superintended under the sanction of Sir Lewis Pelly, K. C. S. I., Governor Generals Agent, Special Commissioner and Administrator the Baroda State by G. E. S., February, 1875." The plan is detailed and has labels for the various features of the hall, including the seating arrangement of the participants in the trial.

"G. E. S.," who is included in the title, is Dr. George Edwin Seward who testified at the trial. He was Surgeon-Major, Bombay Army, Baroda Residency Surgeon and Cantonment Magistrate at Baroda; this information comes from Great Britain, Parliament, House of Commons, Sessional Papers, 1875, LVI, 758.

On the reverse side of the plan appears a notation and the signature of Sir Lewis Pelly.

The significance of the trial is discussed in The Cambridge Shorter History of India (1934

edition), p. 833, where the author stated that it "was the first attempt to constitute anything like a judicial tribunal to decide on an accusation against a ruling chief." Previously "the decisions of the Government of India had been taken in the secrecy of the political department," and the government acted "as judge and party in the same suit."

Pelot, Lalla

Papers, 1852 (1857-1887) 1956

Laurens, Laurens Co., S. C.

XIII-E

247 items

6-16-55

11-30-56 2 items added

GUIDE

Personal correspondence of the Pelot family (Laurens, S. C.) and friends, chiefly for the period 1857-1878. The most important items are: letters of James Pelot and W. H. Sullivan recording their experiences as Confederate soldiers in campaigns in northern Va. and at Edisto Island, S. C., and Kinston, N. C., respectively; letters of Mrs. J. Ward Motte (Aug.-Dec., 1870) describing events surrounding the gubernatorial elections of Oct., 1870, in the vicinity of Laurens and Newberry, S. C.; numerous, scattered references (1860-78) of an economic nature concerning S. C. and Mo., pertaining especially to the price of land, real estate, livestock, crops, and household items.

There is little of great value in the letters before 1860. Most of this early correspondence consists largely of family gossip, or relates to efforts by members of the Pelot family to obtain teaching positions. The Pelots, like the Mottes, were first of all farmers and landowners: but indications of

their participation, in a small way, in the business of education are noticeable throughout the letters. Included are: a record (1863) of tuition-free scholars taught at Cross Hill Academy, S. C.; a report card (1884) of the Newberry Female Academy, S. C.; a letter (1863) recording James Pelot's attempt to secure a position at the Citadel. Political matters prior to the Civil War receive scant attention; although an undated letter (Dec. 30) describes abolitionist activities in Laurens and Cokesbury, S. C., and one letter (Feb. 1, 1861) ex-

presses southern enthusiasm for secession. In money matters the Pelots were given to more detail, recording such items as currency exchange ratios (1860) and the value of crops (Especially corn) and the prices of land, real estate and foodstuffs at diverse periods in both S. C. and Mo. There are several lists of purchases of drygoods made in S. C. during the years after 1860. An undated letter describes the mode and cost of travel from S. C. to Waverly, Mo. A letter (Mar. 1, 1866) lists the prices of farm inplements and livestock in Waverly, Mo.

The letters of James Pelot to his family regarding his experiences in the Confed. Army (5th Regt. S. C. Vol.) are mostly of value for the period Sept. 1861-June 1862, at which later date James reported briefly on his participation in the Battle of Williamsburg. The letters pertain to the activities of Confed. and Union troops in northern Va., in the vicinity of Falls Church, Great Falls, and Alexandria. An account is given (Sept. 15, 1861) of the action taken by General Nathan G. Evans' brigade in

the battle of Bull Run. Mention is made of movements of troops in the area under Generals Longstreet, Beauregard and Evans, and of Jack-son's and Cocke's brigades. James wrote (Dec. 27, 1861) of the Battle of Dranesville, and expressed his opinion that the cause of this defeat for the South was the rash action of General J. E. B. Stuart and the cowardice and lack of discipline of his troops. The letters supply information (often camp rumor) regarding the numerical strength of opposing armies, tactics employed, and casualties; and also details of camp life - food, morale, discipline, sanitary conditions, mail service, and furloughs.

Five letters by W. H. Sullivan, a friend of one of the Pelot sisters, also supply information regarding camp life; and are good also for accounts (Mar.-June, 1862) of attempts by Confed. troops to dislodge Union forces from Edisto Island, S. C., and for Sullivan's description (Dec. 27, 1862) of the battle of Kinston, N. C. General Nathan Evans' part in this latter engagement is described and criti-

cized severely by Sullivan. By contrast, Sullivan speculates (June 29, 1862) over the meaning of General Jackson's victories at Richmond. Military discipline and its influence upon morale is also a subject of this letter.

The other letters of James Pelot, of a military bearing, make mention (Aug. 25, 1863) of details of the shelling of Charleston, S. C., and (May 2, 1864) the devastation of coastal plantations where before the Civil War rice and sea-island cotton were cultivated in abundance. In 1865, James was appointed a member of

a board for military conscription in N. C.; his bitterness over the waste involved, and his sharp comments concerning the loyalty of the citizens of Raleigh and members of the legislature of N. C. he records in a letters, Feb. 7, 1865.

The letters emanating from S. C. during the Civil War period - the most valuable of which are undated - are filled mainly with expressions of fear and disillusionment over the approach of Union troops, details of preparations made for this event, and of plans by

various of the Pelots to flee S. C. for Mo., Texas, or Brazil. A letter (Mar. 28, 1865) mentions the movement of troops under Confederate Generals Wheeler, Johnson, and Young in the vicinity of Cross Hill, S. C. Later letters herald the arrival of the "Yankees" (May, 1865) at Laurens and describe incidents of the behavior of the Union troops. There is one good account (undated) of depredations in the area by Federal troops.

For the period of Reconstruction and after the letters of Mrs. Motte (of Laurens and New-

berry, S. C.) to her son Robert in Missouri are more informative than those of the Pelots. The Motte letters cover a wide range of topics: the price of land, real estate and livestock: the behavior of the freedmen; the Union League and military occupation (letter of Dec. 26, 1867); elections (including remarks regarding Samuel Tilden, Feb. 13, 1877); the appearance of new industry (cotton mills, etc.) in Spartanburg, S. C. (July 18, 1876). Mrs. Motte reports on the riots and fighting between Negro and white during the elections of Oct., 1870,

in Laurens, S. C. Judge R. B. Carpenter and Joseph Crews (scalawag ruler in Laurens) are names which figure prominently in her letters regarding this affair. James Orr and Wade Hampton (July 27, 1867) and General Daniel Sickles (July 10, 1867) also receive mention. Several references are made of Wilmot G. De-Saussure, who handled Mrs. Motte's business affairs.

2 items added 11-30-56. These consist of a letter and a report on the Pelot family of S. C. and Ga.

Letters and Papers. 1841-1889.

Richmond, Va.

Cab. 48

171 pieces.

NOV 1941

PELOUZE, Henry Layfette. Letters and Papers. 1841-1889. Richmond. Va. 171 pieces. Sketch.

Henry Layfette Pelouze, a none too literate mechanic usually engaged in the manufacture of fonts of type, was apparently a native of Brooklyn, but he also traveled in numerous sections of the country in an effort to sell type. He spent more time in Richmond, Va. than any other place, remaining there more or less continuously from 1860 until 1883.

The letters of this collection were generally written by Henry L. Pelouze to his wife, Jane

Pelouze, Henry L. (Tuthill) Pelouze. The set also includes a number written by her brother, Winfield Hanford Tuthill and by Pelouze's sister, Harriett, apparently the wife of Harry L. Hartshorne who, in 1870, was Pelouze's partner in the Richmond Branch Foundry. Various other members of the family also wrote letters in the collection. Henry L. Pelouze also had at least two brothers Edward and William. The father was also named Edward and Henry Pelouze had at least three children to reach maturity: Frank, Jennie and Belle.

Pelouze, Henry L.

The most interesting letters from other members of the family than Henry L's were from Edward Pelouze in 1850 (August 23) while engaged in the business of making scales for weighing gold in San Francisco. The three letters from Edward, Jr. during this period give numerous and interesting details of life in San Francisco.

From 1854 until 1860 Henry L. Pelouze was generally travelling between Brooklyn and Cincinnati, Chicago and various places in the middle west before going to Richmond, Va. to settle more or less permanently in 1860. While in Richmond during the 1860's his letters

Relouze, Henry L.

frequently referred to political conditions and naturally he often expressed regret that war was coming. Pelouze left Richmond some time in 1862 and then apperently began selling merchandize to Union soldiers following movements of troops and appearing as near pay day as possible. By 1865, May 27, he was again in Richmond, having started his foundry business once more. During this period his letters contain interesting comments regarding the amount of business, the high rents and political activity in Richmond. It was during this same period that his letters were, for a time, concerned

Pelouze, Henry L. With a quarrel with his wife. Ultimately his letters, which had usually been written to his wife, almost ceased and his correspondence began to reflect his political ambitions. He entered the race for Congress but withdrew to become a candidate for postmaster in 1881. He was termed a "Ring" candidate in one letter of the collection. Pelouze was apparently unsuccessfull in his political ambitions.

Pelouze claimed to have cast type for the Richmond Examiner in April 1861 and at the same time to be expecting orders from the Whig and Enquirer. In one undated letter Pelouze made the

Pelouze, Henry L.

following remark about W.A.J. Smith, publisher of the Magnolia Weekly in Richmond: "Mr. Smith has given up the idea of Publishing the Magnolia I believe at least for Some time as he can not raise the money. he promised to make it all right with us in regard to what Expense we have been to but I don't beleave a word he says it cramp us very badly."

Almost as interesting and valuable are the numerous letters written by Winifteld Hanford Tuthill while serving in the federal army. Tuthill, considerably more literate than his brother-in-law, wrote detailed and interesting

Pelouze, Henry L. 7
letters from Fortress Monroe, Va.; Hilton Head and St. Helena's Island, S.C.; and Fort Pulaski, Ga. Tuthill died about July 4, 1864 at Anderson-ville, Ga.

The collection affords an interesting insight into the every day affairs of a northern mechanic's family during the Civil War and immediately afterwards. The letters show that the family, as was characteristic of the period, made considerable effort to get rich quick.

Moreover, these Brooklyn people were none too patriote although Pelonze's brother and brother-in-law served in the federal army, The collections

Pelouze, Henry L. collection yields less than might be expected concerning Richmond.

MSS. Sec. A

Pemberton, John C. (John Clifford), 1814-1881 •

Letter, 1862.

1 item.

Officer in the U.S. Army and later in the Confederate States of America Army. Collection consists of a photocopy of a letter from Robert Chisholm to Pemberton, complaining about soldiers stealing from Chisholm's island near Charleston, S.C. The letter was endorsed on the reverse side by Pemberton.

Cataloged from Guide.

*lcs



MSS. Sec. A

Pemberton, John C. (John Clifford), 1814-1881. Letter, ... (Card 2)

1. Pemberton, John C. (John Clifford), 1814-1881. 2. Chisholm, Robert. 3. United States. Army-Cfficers--Correspondence. 4. South Carolina--History--Civil War, 1861-1865--Destruction and pillage. 5. United States--History--Civil War, 1861-1865. I. Chisholm, Robert.

Pemberton, John Clifford. Papers, 1862. Philadelphia, Philadelphia Co., Pa. 1 item. Sketch.

John C. Pemberton (1814-1881) was a West Point graduate, U. S. Army officer, and major general in the C. S. A. Army. He commanded the Department of S. C., Georgia, and Florida and in command at the Siege of Vicksburg.

This is a photostat of a letter of Robert Chiscolm to Pemberton, complaining about soldiers' estealing from his (Chiscolm's) island, near Charleston, S. C. It is endorsed on the

reverse side by Pemberton.

Pemberton, Stephen

Papers, 1772-1839

Oriel College, Oxford, England

Part of the George Frederick Holmes Papers

Pembroke, William Herbert, Third Earl of

See Herbert, William, Third Earl of Pembroke

Pence, Charles B.

Diary, 1899

Quicksburg, Shenandoah Co., Va.

435 pp.

Leather

12 x 7 1-2 cm.

1-14-58

Diary of a part-time farmer and plasterer.

XVIII - A

MSS.

6th 9:C Pence, Charles B. Diary, 1899.

Quicksburg (Shenandoah Co.), Va. part-time farmer and plasterer. Collection consists of Pence's diary (435 pp.).

Cataloged from Guide.

*lcs

1. Pence, Charles B. 2. Plasterers-Virginia. 3. Farmers--Virginia--History--19th century. 4. Shenandoah County (Va.) -- History. 5. Genre: Diary.

21 JUL 98

39521976 NDHYme

MSS.

2nd 48:E, A, F:6168, M:6461

Pence, Jacob, Jr.

Papers, 1821-1875.

6 ltems.

Probably a Shenandoah Co., Va.

merchant.

Collection contains mercantile records, including a fragment of an account book, a ledger, and a daybook of Pence and John Bauserman. There is also a separate page from an account book, and a land deed from John Hisey and his wife, Jemima, to Jacob Pence, Jr.

Cataloged from Guide.

*lcs



MSS. 2nd 48: E, A, F:6168, M:6461 Pence, Jacob, Jr. Papers, ...

(Card 2)

1. Pence, Jacob, Jr. 2. Hisey, John. 3. Hisey, Jemima. 4. Business records--Virginia--Shenandoah County. 5. Merchants--Records. 6. Merchants--Virginia. 7. Deeds. 8. Shenandoah County (Va.) -- Commerce. 9. Genre: Account books.

Pence, Jacob, Jr. Papers, 1821-1875. Shenan-doah Co., Va. 2 items and 4 vols. Sketch

The items consist of a land deed from John Hisey and his wife Jemima to Jacob Pence, Jr., all of Shenandoah Co., and a page from an account book. The vols., one of which is only a fragment and is filed with the loose papers, are all mercantile records.

Pence, Jacob, Jr.

Ledger, 1841-1850

Shenandoah Co., Va.

264pp. Boards 39 x 15 1-4 cm.

9-22-54

Pence, Jacob, Jr. and John Bauserman M-6461

Daybook, Part I, 1854-1860 Daybook, PartII, 1853-1859

166 pp. Boards 20 1-3 x 16 cm.

9-22-54

Diary, 1896

Quicksburg, Shenandoah Co., Va.

240 pp.

Leather 15 x 7 1-2 cm.

1-12-58

A school girl's diary.

XVIII - A

MSS. 6th 9:C Pence, Nettie. Diary, 1896.

1 v.

Quicksburg (Shenandoah Co.), Va.

schoolgirl.

Collection consists of Nettie Pence's

diary (240 pp.).

Cataloged from Guide.

*lcs

1. Pence, Nettie. 2. Shenandoah County (Va.)--History. 3. Women--Diaries. 4. Genre: Diary.

L- 5826 REGN

Ledger, 1881-1892

Edenburg, Shenandoah Co., Va.

216 pp.

Boards

31 x 19 cm.

7-21-58

GUIDE

MSS. L:5826

Pence, Perry.

Ledger, 1881-1892.

1 v.

Edinburg (Shenandoah Co.), Va.

resident.

Collection contains a volume (216 pp.) of business records of a small farm including accounts of debits and credits for hired help, milling, threshing, transportation of goods, blacksmith work, and service on roads. Cataloged from Guide.

*lcs

1. Pence, Perry. 2. Business records--Virginia--Shenandoah County.
3. Farmers--Virginia--History--19th century. 4. Shenandoah County (Va.)--Histor y. 5. Genre: Ledger.

Pendell, John R.

Papers, 1817-1906

Worcester, Mass., and v. p. in N. Y.

23 - A

1527 items

2-2-59

GUIDE

Pendell, John R. Papers, 1817-1906. Worcester, Mass., and v. p. in N. Y. 1527 items.

This collection consists almost exclusively of private, personal letters passing between the members of several successive generations of related families. During the first generation the families of F. D. Ingersoll and Jeduthan Stevens, residing mostly in New England, are the principal correspondents.

On April 3, 1862 John R. Pendell married Mary Jane Stevens, who was a schoolteacher at East Brookfield, Mass. They became the parents of at least seven children: Carrie, Jennie, Lina, Charles D., George G., Leeman, and Lyman.

Pendell, John R.

Little is known of the adult lives of the child-

ren. Leeman resided in Douglas, Arizona. Charles D. was a printer in Binghamton, N. Y. Ly-

man was editor and publisher of the Aroostook Republican, a newspaper in Caribou, Maine.

Financially, Pendell was never a success. After teaching for a time, he entered the Baptist ministry. Later he worked as a book seller for about twenty years, and then became an insurance salesman. To his wife he frequently complains of his debts, taxes, and small income. Over the years the family lived in a number of places, including Worcester, Mass., and South Worthington

Pendell, John R.

and Rochester, N. Y.

On May 5, 1861, James Pendell writes to his brother John R. that he wanted to enlist in the Union Army but was rejected because of deafness.

An orthodox minister, Pendell, in most of his letters, is primarily interested in expounding and promulgating his conception of Biblical piety. He constantly urges the younger members of the family to acquire a better education than he had received and helps them in this regard.

There are discussions of the presidential elections of 1884 and 1888. Pendell is a staund advocate of temperance ce and votes the Prohibition

Pendell, John R.

ticket. His sons, while approving the temperance crusade, do not think that by electing the Prohibition candidate an effective panacea for all the evils of intemperance will be achieved. But they also seem to have very little use for the other major parties. For them the Democratic party is completely "taboo, " as having had Rebels and traitors as its leaders, while many of the supporters of the Republican party are hypocrites praying and preaching dry on Sunday and then voting wet on the following Tuesday.

Pendleton, Alexander R.

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Pendleton, Dudley Digges

Letters. 1861-1865.

Jefferson County, [West] Virginia

Cab. 45.

85 pieces

Sept. 21, 1935

Dudley D. Pendleton belonged to the Caroline county branch of the Virginia Pendletons being a great great nephew of Edmund Pendleton of Revolutionary fame. His father lived in Jefferson county, Virginia (now West irginia) where Dudley D. was born. The Pendleton family was almost untraceably connected with the Nelsons and Pages.

Dudley D. Pendleton was a well educated man(probably attending Washington College in Lexington, Va.). In 1859 he began

teaching mathematics and Latin in Washington College. Evidently he enlisted in the Confeders ate army at the outbreak of the war. He served for a time with the Rockbridge company but in May 1862 he became Acting Adjutant General to his uncle, William Nelson Pendleton (Brig. Gen.), and seemed to have retained the position until the war ended. Pendleton was a man of culture whose main interests were books and horses. The letters were written chiefly to his mother, Mrss. Hugh

Pendleton, Dudley D. Historical Sketch 3

Nelson Pendleton, and his brother, Robert; they are regular but somewhat scanty in 1865. There are many references to William Nelson Pendleton's sermons to the soldiers.

Helen Boteler, daughter of Alexander Robinson Roteler of Jefferson county Va. (now West Virginia).

Pendleton, Madison and William James

DONE

Letters and Papers. 1775-1932

Louisa County, Virginia

4 boxes. cab. 72

1768 pieces Mar.19,1937- 38 * adde

Jan. 18, 1937.

(Entered in the National Union Catalog of Manuscripts as Madison Pendleton Papers)

PENDLETON, Madison & William Historical Sketch Letters and Papers. 1775-1932. 1768 pieces Louisa County, Va. (218 Civil War)

There is hardly a central character to this collection; it is composed of the papers of Wm. The Pendleton, Dr. Madison Pendleton, David Bullock, William Barrets Pendleton, William B.B. Walker and Frederick H. Pendleton and a few connected with D.B. Harris. The Harris, Pendletom and Barrets families were connected by marriage.

William Barret was the well-known Richmond manufacturer of tobacco. Dr. Madison Pendleton married the niece of Wm. Barret, and of that union there were at least seven children: Wm.B., Sallie, Charles K., Philip, Sue, Elizabeth, and Edmund S. Another of D.B. Harris' sisters, Juliana, married Alexander Buchanan Barret, a well-known tobacco dealer of Kentucky and a brother of Wm. Barrett. William J. Pendleton married Catherine Harris, the sister of D.B. Harris and of this first mar-

riage there were three children: Frederick H., Alice W., who married Walter Overton, and Julian who married Wm. B. Pendleton. William J. Pendleton's second wife was Zelica P. (Bonham); there were no children of this marriage.

The collection consists of family letters and accounts. There are many references to tobacco both before and after the Civil War. There are also some military papers.

See also the D. B. Harris collection.

Pendleton, Madison & William Sketch (\$)

During at least the later 1860s there were serious difficulties between Dr. Pendleton and his second wife that resulted at least in a separation. Various persons testified that she was an alcoholic.

Pendleton, Nathaniel

Papers, 1781-1782

Hyde Park, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

Section A

3 items

7-29-66

MSS. Sec. A

Pendleton, Nathaniel. Papers, 1781-1782.

3 items.

Farmer, jurist, and Revolutionary officer.

Collection contains Pendleton's papers including orders to troops in Georgia written by Pendleton as aidede-camp for Gen. Nathaniel Greene, and a letter from Joseph Clay to Pendleton concerning supplies for the Goergia troops and the seizure of British cargo ships.

Cataloged from Guide.

*lcs

MSS. Sec. A

Pendleton, Nathaniel.

(Card 2)

1. Pendleton, Nathaniel. 2. United States. Continental Army--Officers. 3. United States. Continental Army-- History. 4. United States. Continental Army--Supplies and stores. 5. United States--History--Revolution, 1775-1783. I. Clay, Joseph, 1741-1804.

Pendleton, Nathaniel. Papers, 1781-1782. Hyde Park, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

Nathaniel Pendleton was born in Culpeper Co., Va. in 1756 and later removed to New York where he became a judge in Dutchess Co. He died on his farm at Hyde Park.

The three items in this collection were written during Pendleton's service in the Revolutionary Army in which he had attained the rank of major on Nathanael Greene's staff in the southern department. Letters of

Nov. 6, 1781, and May 31, 1782, were written by Pendleton as aide-de-camp for Greene. They contain orders to troops in Georgia. In a letter dated Nov. 9, 1781, Joseph Clay wrote Pendleton concerning supplies for the Georgia troops and the siezure of British cargo ships.

The first two letters were originally a part of the Revolutionary Collection; the third letter was transferred from the Joseph Clay

Papers.

MSS.

Pendleton, William Henry K.

Papers, 1808-1927.

455 items.

Episcopal priest in Spartanburg, S.C. Collection consists mostly of letters addressed to Pendleton by his mother, Henrietta Pendleton (Mrs. W. H.) of Bedford County, Va., and Elizabeth Forrer Chapman before and after she became his wife. Correspondence is mostly about personal interests, family, and friends. There is a letter from Gen. George W. C. Lee stating that he will pay for the improvement on a particular church. A letter by Newton D. Baker, whom the Rev. Pendleton had Mt. Welcome High taught at the School in Cul peper County, is very revealing abo ut the influence of a 32452516 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD 10 MAY 95

NcD

MSS.

Pendleton, William Henry K.

Papers, ... (Card 2)

friend on Baker's development.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged

from accession record.

* lbp

1. Lee, George Washington Custis, 1832-1913. 2. Baker, Newton D. (Newton Diehl), 1871-1937. 3. Episcopal church. 4. Courtship.

PENDLETON, William Nelson

Letters and papers. May 1861-June, 1862

Lexington, Virginia

3 boxes. cab. 35 172 pieces

JUL 1 0 19401 " added

GUIDE item added 11-10-52.

Pendleton, William Nelson Letters and Lexington, Va. Papers May, 1861- June 1862 Historical Sketch (1)

William Nelson Pendleton, famous as an Episcopal minister and as Robert E. Lee's chief of artillery, was inextricably connected with the Pages and Nelson's of Va. His father, Edmund Pendleton, Jr. (nephew of Edmund Pendleton of Revolutionary fame), married first Jane Byrd Page by whom he had one daughter. After her early

Pendleton, William Nelson Historical(2)

Letters and Papers Sketch

death he married Lucy Nelson by whom he

death he married Lucy Nelson by whom he had eight children to reach maturity.
William Nelson Pendleton (b. Dec. 26, 1809) was the fifth child of this union.

The education of the future general, William Nelson Pendleton, was begun by his elder brother, Hugh, and was continued at West Point which institution he entered in 1826. He was graduated fifth in his class June 4,1830.

On July 5, 1831 he married Anzolette Page who was a grand daughetr of Governor John Page of Rosewell, distinguished in the Revolutionary era. It seems that six children were born of this union: Susan, Lucy, Robin, Alexander Swift, Sandie and Mary.

William Nelson Pendleton began army duty September 1830 at Fort Moultrie, S. C. Later, a short interval was spent at Pendleton, William Nelson Sketch (4)
Augusta, Ga. before he was ordered to West
Point where he was assistant professor of
mathematics during 1831. He next served at
Fort Hamilton, N. Y. during 1832.

In 1832 he resigned his commission and became professor of mathematics and natural scienceat Bristol College in Penn. where he remained until 1837 when Bristol College ceased operations. Thereupon Pendleton went to Newark College in Deleware as professor of mathematics, though at

Pendleton, William Nelson Sketch (5)
that time he almost declined the offer
having previously decided to become an
Episcopal minister in Va. While at Newark
College he preached at two small churches
near the village. Bishop Meade of the Va.
Episcopal Church started an Episcopal
high school near Alexandria, Va. in 1839.

At the Bishop's request Pendleton became headmaster of the school; he remained so until 1844 when he opened a private school in Baltimore and served as rector of two

Pendleton, William Nelson Sketch (6) nearby churches.

In the autumn of 1847 he became regular rector of All Saint's Church in Frederick, Md. Six years later he became rector of Grace Church in Lexington, Va. Two years after that he became agent for the American Sunday School Union in addition to his rectorship in Lexington. For two and one years he travelled in order to present the Sunday School Union to the Episcopal Church.

Pendleton, William Nelson Sketch (7)

At the outbreak of the Civil War Pendleton took charge of the Rockbridge as captain, later becoming colonel . By July of 1861 in view of his superior military training he was made Chief of Artillery to General Robert E. Lee as Brigadier General. He remained Lee's Chief of Artillery for the duration of the war. His military career was so distinguished that he was admired at home and abroad. He frequently preached to the soldiers on Sundays; his

The first box contains a list of all papers

in this collection.

This collection contains: Pendleton's commission as captain of artillery of the 5th Regt. of Artillery of Va. Militia, May 1, 1861;

information throughout about the Rockbridge Artillery - its members, supplies, orders, etc.; information throughout on various phases of ordnance and artillery; report of Col. K. Harper to Gen. T. J. Jackson on the role of 5th Va Inf. Regt. in a skirmish near Martinsburg, Va.; Pendleton's appointment as captain of Corps of Artillery, & his promotion to Col, July 15, 1861; inventory of artillery corps of Beauregard, July 21, 1861; sketch of battlefield at Manassas as well as lists of captured artillery and equipment, July 21, 1861; letter of J. E.

Johnston discussing ordnance; report of Capt. Alburtis' Battery; request for new rifles for 10th Regt. of Va. Vols., Aug. 10, 1861; letter from Pendleton concerning the need for a fit man to run the ordnance department in Richmond; an A.N.S. of W.L. Cabell stating he receives orders only from Gen. Johnston, Aug. 13; routing special and general orders throughout; telegram of Joseph E. Johnston concerning guns at Fort Johnston, N.C.; references to J.R. Anderson & Co.'s foundery in Richmond, Aug. 19-20, 1861; reference to Richmond Home Artillery (4th

Pendleton. William Nelson Regt. of Artillery); letter to J. Davis complaining of lack of officers of Rockbridge Artillery; petition to Gov. Letcher for a surgeon for Rockbridge Artillery; report on the Jeff Davis Artillery; circular of Oct. 24, 1861 to T. J. Jackson concerning the monthly report for his brigade; regimental and company roster for 2nd Regt. of Va. Vols; report of acting surgeon of Fendleton's Corps of Artillery, Nov. 25, 1861; order of Nov. 29 for Pelham and his battery to serve as horse artillery under J.E. B. Stuart; cicrular of Dec. 14, 1861 repeating

Pendleton, William Nelson orders concerning firing of guns in camp; General Order No. 92, appointing Robert G. Cole chief of commissary of Dept. of N. Va.; positions of artillery and works as well as ordnance stores at Centreville, Va., 1861; report of H. P. Jones's Battery of Artillery 1861; etter of John Eubanks concerning his company of artillery, Jan. 7, 1862; letter of E.P. Alexander concerning arrangements with Gorgas for making some brass guns; letter of Johnston to Pendleton concerning published information and asking that the author be

Pendleton, William Nelson arrested; order of March 5, 1862 placing the Reserve Artillery Corps of Pendleton with the 1st Div., Army of Potomae, under Gen. G.W. Smith; circular of March 18, 1862 from Gen.G.W. Smith regarding placement of guards for protection as well as to keep discipline and prevent desertions; letter of R.E. Lee concerning the condition of Pendleton's Artillery, March 19, 1862; memorandum for arrest of deserters; report on the range of the Whitworth gun, April 2, 1862 letter of April 10 from "ongstreet, enclosing his commission as brigadier general; list of

Pendleton, William Nelson troops in Anderson, McLaw, Pickett, Hood, and Ransom's divisions, May, 1862; letters of May 5 and 6 referring to the fighting at Williamsburg; order of May 18 detailing Capt. Fauntleroy of C.S.A. Navy as acting Asst. Adjt. Gen. on Johnston's staff; order forming Sumter's Artillery -- 11th Ga. Battalion, May 23, 1862; statement of artillery defences at Richmond, May 25, 1862; General Order No. 58, announcing Jackson's victorious Valley campaign of 1862; letter from Pendleton to Johnston advising an attack at Chickahominy; report of

Pendleton, William Nelson Col. Cabell's Artillery Under Gen. Magruder, June, 1862; telegram of Feb. 29, 1864 regarding enemy movements in Va.; memorandum of a conference between Pendleton and Johnston, April 16, 1864 concerning possible operations of the Army of Tenn. and an estimate of enemy strength in the area; letter of Pendelton to Jefferson Davis, April 23, 1864; list of staff officers (Cooke, Dandridge, et al) who served under Pendleton, 1861-65; and a claim of Hugh N. Pendleton against the U.S. Army.

l item added 11-10-52. Circular letter from Pendleton, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Lee Memorial Assn., soliciting contributions to a fund for erecting a tomb for Gen. Lee.

Pendleton family.

Papers, 1833-1898.

351 items.

Residents of Orwell, (Bradford

County,) Pa.

Personal and business correspondence of the Pendleton family, primarily between Alice and her brothers, Harrison H. (Harri), and E. C. (Ed) Pendleton. Harri was on the faculty of a normal school in Friendship, Allegany Co., N.Y. in 1865, and was later associated with Gould & Fischer, dealers in pianos and organs. Ed, during the 1870s, worked in Athens, Bradford Co., Pa., selling organs, a band, and teaching playing with Most of the letters band music. concern socia levents, mutual 06 JUN 95 32604624 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Pendleton family.

Papers, ... (Card 2) friends and relatives, music, singing and dancing, as well as various kinds of daily business. Collection includes several letters from Iowa written during the Civil War while Harri was recovering from a wound in a U.S. Army hospital. A group of letters written around 1885 reveal a troubled romantic affair between a woman and Oliver P. Sibley, involving Sibley's connection (probably business) with whiskey and a conflict with her father.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged

from accession record.

*lbp

Pendleton family. Papers, ...

(Card 3)

1. Sibley, Oliver P. 2. Pendleton, E. C. 3. Pendleton, Alice. 4. Pendleton, Harrison H. 5. United States. Army-History-Civil War, 1861-1865. 6. Courtship-United States-History-19th century. 7. Soldiers-Iowa-Correspondence. 8. United States-History-Civil War, 1861-1865-Personal narratives. 9. Music teachers-United States-Correspondence. 10. Music and society. 11. Music-United States-19th century-History and criticism.

X

Penelope, Julia, 1941-Papers, 1966-1994. 25,000 items.

Lesbian feminist author and activist. Collections consists primarily of manuscripts of Penelope's published works including FOR LESBIANS ONLY, LESBIAN CULTURE, SEXUAL PRACTICE/ TEXTUAL THEORY, and THE COMING OUT STORIES as well as numerous other published and unpublished book-length manuscripts, articles, essays and papers delivered. Also included are extensive research files on the history of lesbian culture and Penelope's personal and professional ce with lesbian and corresponden feminist write ers, activists, publishers, a nd friends. 01 MAR 96 34300313 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

Penelope, Julia, 1941Papers, ... (Card 2)
Unprocessed collection. Cataloged
from accession record.
Restricted.
*tms
Finding aids: Box list available in

repository.

Penelope, Julia, 1941-Papers, ...

(Card 3)

1. Penelope, Julia For lesbians only.
2. Penelope, Julia Lesbian culture.
3. Penelope, Julia Sexual practice/
textual theory. 4. Penelope, Julia The
Coming out stories. 5. Lesbianism—
History. 6. Lesbians' writings,
American. 7. Coming out (Sexual
orientation)—United States. 8.
Lesbians—United States—Political
activity. 9. American literature—
Women authors. 10. American
literature—20th century. 11.
Lesbians—United States—Biography.

Penn, Abraham, Sr.

Papers, 1775-1813

Martinsville, Henry Co., Va.

17-F

7-29-60

8 items

RECON

-> online as:

Penn, Abram,

1743-1801

6th 12: C Penn, Abram, 1743-1801.

Papers, 1775-1813.

8 items.

Tobacco planter and manufacturer, and Virginia legislator. Formerly known as Abraham Penn, Sr.

Collection contains Penn's family correspondence and land indentures.

Cataloged from Guide.

*lcs

1. Penn, Abram, 1743-1801. 2. Penn family. 3. Legislators--Virginia--Correspondence. 4. Genre: Indentures.



Penn, Abraham, Sr. Papers, 1775-1813. Martinsville, Henry Co., Va.

Col. Abraham Penn, Sr. (1743-1801) was a cousin of John Penn (1740 or 1741-1787 or 1788), of N. C., signer of the Declaration of Independence, some of whose papers are in this dept. Col. Penn was a delegate from Henry Co. to the Va. Gen. Assembly in 1777, 1779, 1787-1788, 1788, and 1789.

F. B. Heitman, <u>Historical Register of the Officers of the Continental Army During the</u>
War of the Revolution (Rev. ed., 1914), p. 435,

col. Abraham Penn, Sr. seems to have been a planter. The Penn family seems to have been engaged largely with tobacco, in both its agricultural and industrial aspects.

This collection consists of personal letters and Va. land indentures, mostly relating to the Penn family.

A fragmentary letter of 1775 by a William Penn mentions an unidentified battle, a Col. Taylor, and a Mr. Tucker. This William Penn may be a brother of Col. Abraham Penn, Sr.

There is a letter of May 15, 1783 from Col. Gabriel Penn (1741-1798) to his brother, Col. Abraham Penn, Sr., discussing personal affairs; their brothers, Phillip and George; and Drury Tucker. Gabriel Penn was a delegate to the Va. Convention of 1776 and a delegate from Amherst Co., Va., to the Va. Gen. Assembly in 1776, 1777, and 1778. See Alexander Brown, The Cabells and

Their Kin (1895), p. 295. Gabriel Penn (1741-1798), says Brown, was a cousin of John Penn, the signer.

The last item is a fragmentary letter from New Orleans, dated Apr. 12, 1813. It may pertain to relatives of Alexander Gordon Penn, U. S. Representative from La. (1850-1853). He was born in Va. and went to La. in 1821. See also Green W. Penn MSS.

See N. C.: Rebuilding an Ancient Common-wealth (1928), III, 232; and IV, 575; S. A. Ashe, Biographical History of N. C., VIII, 414-

Penn, Abraham, Sr.

-425; and V. G. and L. G. Pedigo, History of
Patrick and Henry Counties, Va., pp. 219-225;
J. P. A. Hill, A History of Henry County, Va.
(1925); and William M. Clemens, The Penn Family
of Va. (1915).

See also the Jones Fuller, Edwin Wiley Fuller and William George Thomas MSS.; the John Penn; the Abraham Penn Staples, Sr. (1793-1856) MSS.; and the Green W. Penn MSS., all in this department.

Penn, Green W.

NUCMC

DONE

Papers, 1764-1894

Patrick and Henry Cos., Va.

Cab. 54

180 items

11-5-33

Recatalogued, 8-3-60

Penn, Green W. Papers, 1764-1894. Patrick and Henry Cos., Va.

Mainly letters about personal and business affairs relating to various members of the Penn family in Patrick and Henry counties, Va., and those who travelled in, or moved to, N. C., Ky., Tenn., La., and elsewhere. Although this collection was named after Green W. Penn, he is no more prominently mentioned in it than are some of the others.

Land deeds from Amherst, Patrick, and Henry counties, Va., are numerous, as are the Civil

War letters. Many Penns were devoted to the tobacco industry, in its agricultural, commercial, and industrial aspects.

Several members of the Penn family served in the Va. Gen. Assembly. Col. Abraham [or Abram?] Penn, Sr.'s service is discussed in his own collection, in this department. His brother, Col. Gabriel Penn (1741-1798) was a delegate from Amherst Co. in 1776, 1777, and 1778; and also was a delegate from the same county to the Va. Convention of 1776.

The Gabriel Penn was a delegate to the As-

sembly from Patrick County in 1795 and 1796. Col. George Penn (1770- ?) was also a delegate from Patrick County to the Va. Gen. Assembly and later Va. State Senator. He took a leading part in the discussion and adoption of the Va. Resolutions of 1798 and those of 1799-1800. He was a son of Colonel Abraham [or Abram ?] Penn, as Gabriel Penn may have been. Alexander Gordon Penn, U. S. Representative from La. (1850-1853), was a son of George Penn. In 1817 George Penn moved to Ky., whence he wrote letters to his brother, Capt. Thomas G. Penn

(b. 1781) of the Penn's store community, sometimes called "Pennville," in Patrick County, close to the Henry County line. From 1817 to 1821 George Penn wrote from Ky. and Tenn.; and from 1824 to 1826 he wrote from La., in which he had permanantly settled.

Greensville Penn (1779-0) was another son of Col. Abraham Penn, Sr., was a delegate from Patrick County to the Va. Gen. Assembly. He married Miss Anna Leath, of Manchester, Va., who bore him one son, Gabriel Penn (1814-). Greensville Penn's second wife was Miss Martha

Read, of Bedford, Va., who bore him several children.

Edmund Penn (1789-___) was a delegate from Amherst County to the Va. Gen. Assembly and he married Miss Pelly Ferris and moved to Ky.

Two other Penns who figure in the collection are Clark and John Edmund Penn.

See also the following MSS., all in this dept.: Jones Fuller and Edwin Wiley Fuller and William George Thomas; Abraham [or Abram?] Penn, Sr.; John Penn; and Abraham Penn Staples.

A legal document of Sept. 13, 1792 deals with the Pegram and Sturdivant families, and others.

George Penn's letters (1817-1826), mentioned above, describe Hopkinsville, Ky., and other places in Ky., and La.

Gabriel Penn writes on Nov. 5, 1817 to his brother Capt. Thomas Penn (1781-) from Winchester, Tenn., discussing his travels in Tenn. and Muscle Sheals, Ala., and Gen Andrew Jackson.

George Penn writes on Nov. 24, 1818, that his daughter, Lucinda Penn, had married Dr. Robert Caldwell. George Penn discusses the death

crime, and yellow fever, all in La.

A letter of June 5, 1838 mentions the Patrick Henry Academy, somewhere in Henry County, Va.

Capt. Thomas G. Penn (1781-) writes on April 14, 1842 to his son, George W. Penn who is attending Washington College (now Washington and Lee U.), in Lexington, Va. The Capt. discusses commodity prices in Va., and Va. politics. A

letter of Apr. 14, 1842, states that two slaves were sentenced by the last court to hang for nearly murdering their overseer. This letter also discusses commodity prices and politics in Va.

Patrick Henry Aylett, (ca. 1825-1870) writes on Oct. 27, 1842 to George W. Penn from Washington College. There had been some religious revivals in Lexington with preaching to the whites one night and to the blacks the next.

C. D. Smith, presumably a Methodist preacher, writes on Aug. 6, 1844, about conflicts within



American Methodism, church doctrine, abolitionist sentiment, and constitutional questions. He
mentions the case of Bishop James Osgood Andrew
in the General Conference of the Methodist
Episcopal Church in 1844. The defeat of the
Whig candidate, Gen. Winfield Scott, in the
presidential election of 1852 is discussed in
a letter of Nov. or Dec. of that year.

A letter of July 11, 1853 narrates the story

of a drowning.

Some letters discuss the courts in Va., e. g. that of June, 1854 [?].

A A letter of Nov. 11, 1858 says that a slave is to be hanged for killing a man.

The sale of a slave in Va. is mentioned in

a receipt of Apr. 30, 1860.

Thomas G. Penn writes from Talladega, Ala., on Jan. 31, 1861, that the people there are not politically excited; that they do not think that matters can be satisfactorily adjusted; that they are quietly preparing for resistance, should it become necessary; and that not more than one in a hundred of them desires the preservation of the Union.

A letter of Apr. 24 from Patrick County, Va., says that everybody now is nearly secessionist, and that all can see what is coming on them.

George W. Penn writes on July 21, 1861, about the First Battle of Manassas and mentions several C. S. units. Four men in John Penn's Co. contracted measles and appropriated a Deaf and

Dumb Asylum for hospital purposes

Thomas Green Penn, of the 42nd Regt. of Va., writes on Aug. 2, 1861 and again on the 10th. C. S. Gen. R. E. Lee visited the 42nd's camp on the 10th and talked to its commander, Col. J. R.

Burks. The Regt. still has much sickness, mostly measles.

Thomas Green Penn on Oct. 1, 1861 discusses in detail the prelude to the Battle of Green-brier, W. Va., on the 3rd. Gens. Henry Alexander Wise and John Buchanan Floyd are mentioned, as is the morale of the Confederate troops. The commander of the 3rd Va. Regt., Penn said, rode into the enemy camp while drunk and was killed. The ememy sent a flag of truce to Gen. Lee and proposed to suspend the war till spring and go into winter quarters. Gen. Lee replied

not otherwise.

A letter of Oct. 25, 1861, mentions C. S. Gen. R. E. Lee and U. S. Gen. William Starke Rosecrans.

Some of the best Civil War letters in this collection are by a Miss Bella, who was a cousin of Mrs. Martha (Penn) Zentmeyer and a niece of Mrs. Mary Penn, better known as Aunt Polly.

Miss Bella writes to her Cousin Martha on

Nov. 24, 1861, consoling her upon the death of her brother, John Penn. She mentions her engagement to the Rev. B. H. Johnson, a Methodist preacher.

Thomas Green Penn on May 16, 1862 mentions C. S. Gen. "Stonewall" Jackson and Christopher Yancy Thomas, U. S. Representative from Va.

Mrs. Johnson writes on June 3 that Federal troops hold the railroad to or near Hanover Junction, Va., thereby disrupting the C. S. mail service. Federal troops also have landed at the lower end of Johnson's pastoral circuit,

rendering it unsafe for him to remain, "for as you know Southern Methodist preachers are the special object of their vengeance." See letter of Aug. 19. "Stonewall" Jackson is mentioned, as is Thomas Lafayette Rosser.

Thomas Green Penn, on June 8, 1862, discusses the death of Turner Ashby and the fighting in the Peninsula Campaign. Other subjects, include "Stonewall" Jackson, a former Confederate prisoner of War, some notions about strategy.

Writing with captured pen and paper on the 27th, Penn discusses further fighting, this time

Penn, Green W. at Gaines Mill.

A certificate of July 20 shows that Penn, a member of the 42nd Regt. of Va. Inf. Vols., having furnished a substitute, has been discharged.

On June 29, 1864, are mentioned C. S. Gens. R. E. Lee and Fitzhugh Lee; Confederate refugees; U. S. Army depredations; a Negro woman who allegedly caused some trouble and went off with the Federal troops; and C. S. President Jefferson Davis.

A receipt of July 19, 1864, is for a slave sold to Thomas Green Penn.

Penn writes on Oct. 27 that he has been assigned to the 10th Regt. of Va. Cav. C. S. Gen. James Lawson Kemper is mentioned.

There is a letter of Oct. 27 by William A.

Penn, of the 24th Regt. of Va. Inf.

Joseph G. Penn, of the 10th Regt. of Va.

Cav., praises his arm of the service on the 29th as tha most egalitarian.

The siege of Petersburg is well discussed in various letters of 1864-1865.

A letter of Dec. 28, 1864, discusses the depradations of U. S. Gen. W. T. Sherman and the

Confederate refugees fleeing his troops, and on Jan. 2, 1865 is mentioned a rumor about C. S. Gen. John Bell Hood.

The Tatum family is discussed on Dec. 29, 1864.

Thomas Green Penn, on Jan. 4, 1865, tells more about life in his camp near Belfield, Va. The soldiers there had built a large town for a camp, laid off in streets.

A letter of Jan. 11 mentions one rumor about a Confederate deserter; and another (false) about President Jefferson Davis' having gone to Eng. Davis is criticized on the 16th.

A letter of Feb. 1 states that a man in Americus, Ga. had been arrested and imprisoned for publishing a reconstructionist article. He was charged with writing treasonable sentiments, thereby aiding and comforting the enemy. Sherman's depredations are also mentioned.

Thomas Green Penn writed from near Petersburg, Va., on Feb. 19 about the possible disposition of a slave boy, the 2nd Regt. of Miss., C. S. Gen. R. E. Lee, the Siege of Petersburg, Sherman's March through the South, and Confederate Army supplies and morale.

On the same day William A. Penn writes from the trenches of the 24th Regt. of Va. Inf., discussing Gen. H. F. Lee, a Confederate soldier scheduled to be shot for desertion, and several deserters from the 24th Regt., and one from another regt.

Some of the later Civil War letters express pessimism about the outcome, e.g., that of Feb. 19, 1865 by P. L. Young, which says that the C. S. Peace Commissioners did nothing.

On Mar. 2, 1865 Thomas Green Penn says that

his Regt. has been seeking some deserters, but has caught only six. Rumors have it that desertions are numerous. Pickett's Division, C. S. Gen. W. H. F. Lee, horses, spring plowing, and slaves are discussed. Penn is writing from the home of a wealthy old gentleman, Francis F. Jones, a former Va. State Senator, who has been generous in supplying the Confederate troops.

Joseph G. Penn writes on the 25th from a prison camp at Point Lookout, Md. that prisoners are comfortably quartered and amply fed. Thomas Green Penn has not entirely recovered from

jaundice.

A letter of Mar. 30, 1869 [?] from New Orleans complains of President U. S. Grant's treatment of Louisianians.

John Paris Childress writes from New Orleans on July 6, about the political situation, denouncing the Radical Republican Party, the Negro Republicans, the Custom House Republicans, the Negroes, and the bad economic conditions, La. Gov. Henry Clay Warmoth and his clique, Democratic presidential candidate Horace Greeley, and President U. S. Grant. He praises the Democrats and the Reformers.

There is a good letter of Nov. 18, 1874, from New Orleans about the political life in that turbulent city, particularly "the great insurrection of the Democrats." Our correspondent denounces the Republican Gov. of La., William Pitt Kellogg, as a usurper. The riot consisted of fighting between the White League (anti-Kellogg) and the Metropolitan Police (pro-Kellogg). But Kellogg was restored to power without opposition on Sept. 17 by Federal troops.

On Sept. 25, 1875, Negro teachers in La. are mentioned, along with the Galveston, Tex., storm, and the White League in La.

A letter of April 5, 1877, discusses Father Abram Joseph Ryan (1838-1886); Hayes' election, La. Gov. Francis Tillou Nicholls, and the writer's brother, Judge John Paris Childress. Childress is also mentioned in a letter of April 15.

Fannie A. C. [Childress?] has an undated original poem called "The Greatest-Victory of the War 'The Handkerchief Battle.'" It is a satire on Gen. Nathaniel Prentiss Banks and the U. S. Army.

Perhaps the chief value of this collection

lies in the light shed upon the following families: Childress, Hairston, Kennerly, Penn, Reamey, Redd, Rives, Saunders, Shelton, Staples, Stovall, Sublett, Waller, Wingfield, and Zentmeyer.

See the following collections, all in this department: Jones Fuller, Edwin Wiley Fuller, and William George Thomas; John Penn; Abraham [or Abram?] Penn, Sr. Papers. See also The Penn Family of Va. (1915), by William M. Clemens.

Penn, John

Papers, 1776-1920

Granville Co., N. C.

Section A

4 items

7-12-34 Recatalogued 8-1-60 MSS. Sec. A

Penn, John, 1740 or 1-1788. Papers, 1776-1920.

4 items.

Signer of the Declaration of Independence for North Carolina.

Collection contains a copy of a letter to Penn from John Adams concerning the establishment of a new government in case the colonies should declare themselves independent; a copy of Penn's will from the original in the office of the clerk of superior court of Granville Co.; a sketch of Penn's life by John Taylor; and a letter

written to T.M. Pittman regarding John

Penn from D.W. Taylor, who was

m Penn. descended fro rom Guide. Cataloged f

*lcs

MSS. Sec. A

Penn, John, 1740 or 1-1788.
Papers, ...

(Card 2)

1. Penn, John, 1740 or 1-1788. 2. United States. Declaration of Independence-Signers. 3. Wills-North Carolina-Granville County. I. Taylor, D.W. II. Taylor, John. III. Adams, John, 1735-1826.



Penn, John. Papers, 1776-1920. Granville Co., N. C.

Four items, typed copies, pertain to John Penn, signer of the Declaration of Independence and delegate in the Continental Congress from N. C. (1775-1780).

The first copy contains an extract of a letter of ca. Jan. 1776 from John Adams to John Penn. An anonymous note at the head of this letter states that the letter was printed in John Taylor of Caroline's An Inquiry into

Penn, John

the Principles and Policy of the Government of the U.S. (1814). (In 1783 Taylor married Lucy Penn, daughter of John Penn). The Colonies, says Adams, can now elect their own choice in government.

There are two copies of Penn's will, dated Mar. 1, 1784. Mentioned are his son William, his daughter Lucy (Penn) Taylor, and his son-in-law, Col. Taylor, of "Hazlewood" plantation, in Caroline Co., Va.

The next item, an extract, is a letter of

Apr. 28, 1920, to Pittman by D. W. Taylor, a great-grandson of John Taylor of Caroline. Taylor discusses in detail the genealogy of the Taylor and Penn families.

The last item is a biographical sketch of John Penn by Col. Taylor.

MSS. 2 nd 65

John H. Penn family.
Photo albums, ca. 1947-1961.
3 items.

African-American family living in various places in the southern U.S.

Photo albums documenting African-American life in the South during the period of segregation. Includes informal snapshots, formal portraits, and school pictures of family members and friends. Portrayed are church, college, and military activities, as well as daily living routines such as hanging up the laundry and children playing. Also included are views of landscapes and buildings in Africanunities. Geographic American comm nted include Va., areas represe N.C., W.Va. (especially Mayberry 18 NOV 97 37954523 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

MSS. 2nd 65

John H. Penn family.

Photo albums, ... (Card 2)

and Bluefield), and Ga. (especially

Columbus and Fort Benning).

*pj

1. Afro-Americans—Southern States—Social life and customs. 2. Afro-Americans—Social conditions. 3. Afro-Americans—Southern States—Economic 18 NOV 97 37954523 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

NcD

MSS.

John H. Penn family. Photo albums, ... (Card 3) conditions. 4. Afro-American families -- Southern States. 5. Afro-Americans--Segregation. 6. Southern States--Race relations. 7. Virginia--Social conditions. 8. West Virginia -- Social conditions. 9. North Carolina -- Social conditions. 10. Georgia -- Social conditions. 11. Mayberry (W. Va.)--Description and travel -- Views. 12. Bluefield (W. Va.) -- Description and travel -- Views. 13. Fort Benning (Ga.) -- Description and travel -- Views. 14. Columbus (Ga.) -- Description and travel -- Views. 15. Genre: Photograph albums.

MSS. Sec. A

Penniman, S.M. Letters, 1827-1830. 12 items.

New York merchant.

Collection contains personal letters from Penniman to Mary Ann Tyler Peabody and her mother and sister, commenting on his connection with the Sunday school movement in New York.

Cataloged from Guide.

*Lcs

2. Sunday schools 1. Penniman, S.M. -- New York (State)



Penniman, S.M. Letters 1827-1830 New York City Sketch 12 pieces

These letters, whitten by a young New York merchant, are addressed chiefly to Mary Ann Tyle r Peabody, who became the wife of Horace Mann. One of Two are addressed to her mother (Elizabeth (Palmer) Peabody) and her sister of the same mame. Mary Ann, a member of a famous family was well educated and in later life became identified with the Transcendental movement. At various periods she taught school and during her life wrote extensively, including a life of Horac

Penniman, S.M. Letters 1827-1830

Mann.

These letters are entirely personal, being typical of such as might pass betwiin a young man and girl of that period. Penniman was with extremely religious, and was closely identified with the Munday School movement in New York. He expressed great joy at the "conversion" of various members of the Peabody family. On the whole However, the letters deal in trivialities and derive their importance from the persons to whom they are addressed.

Pennsylvania

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION RECORDS.

Pennsylvania. Philadelphia. City Commissioners

County and City Commissioners' Election

Returns, 1843-1858

Cab. 47

52 items

6-27-70

Pennsylvania. Philadelphia. City Commissioners. Returns. 1843-1858

Copies of selected pages from the County and City Commissioners' Election Returns, 1820-1858, cover presidential, congressional, county, and municipal elections in the city and county of Philadelphia during 1843-1858. These copies are from the Department of Records, 160 City Hall, Philadelphia.

Penny, Thomas.

Letters, 1837-1838.

3 items.

Resident of Quincy, Fla.

Two contemporary copies of letters from Penny to David Henshaw, President of the East Florida Railroad Company; and an original letter from Henshaw, then in Boston, Mass., concerning Penny's grievances and claims against the company.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged

from accession record.

*pj

1. Henshaw, David, \$ d 1791-1852. 2. East Florida Railroad Company. 3. Railroads--Fl orida. 4. Florida--History. I. Henshaw, David, \$ d 1791-1852.

22 MAY 95 32520309 NDHYme

Pennybacker, Benjamin

Journal. 1812-1815.

Pine Forge, Va.

NOV 5 1933



People's Mutual Benevolent Association. Records, 1902-1907.

44 items.

Mutual life insurance company with headquarters in Raleigh, N.C.

Records of the People's Mutual Benevolent Association's Iredell

County, N.C. division.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record.

*pj

1. Insurance, life--North Carolina.
2. People's Mutual Benevolent
Association of North Carolina (Raleigh,
N.C.). 3. Business records--North
Carolina. 4. Iredell County (N.C.)--

History.